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The CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST

for RETAILER - WHOLESALER - MANUFACTURER

Established 1859

28 Essex Street, Strand, London, W.C.2

Registered as a Newspaper

No. 3087
VOL. CXXX

APRIL 8, 1939

Annual Subscription (with
Diary) 20/- Single Copies 9d.

BURGOYNE'S UNIVERSAL FRUIT SALINE

Free from sugar
giving a brisk effervescence

1/- Per dozen **8/-**
P.A.T.A.
1/9 " " **14/-**

Prices applicable only in the United Kingdom

PROFIT-WITH BONUS-OVER 50%

Bonus Offer

With every order for
3 dozen we will supply one
dozen 6d. 'trial' size bottles.

Display stands, streamers and
show-stands with all orders,
and with orders for 1 gross—in-
cluding not less than 3 dozen
1/9—1 gross of 6d. size free.

**BURGOYNE'S
UNIVERSAL
FRUIT SALINE**

NATURES
REMEDY
HEALTH GIVING
& REFRESHING



BURGOYNE BURBIDGES & CO. LTD

LONDON E.6.

EST. 1741.

HARLENE SHELVES SOON EMPTY



The Finest Selling Hair
Beauty Preparations !

HARLENE Shelves Soon Empty. That is because although the name "HARLENE" has been famous for over fifty years, its popularity with the Public continues to grow and GROW ! Stock the range of HARLENE Lines and let our bold and consistent advertising reflect in increased profits for you !

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HAIR
GROWER
& TONIC**

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HARLENE WAVE-SETTING LOTION
ASTOL HAIR COLOUR RESTORER
HARLENE CAMOMILE GOLDEN HAIR WASH
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HARLENE GOLDEN WAVE-SET
HARLENE HAIR CREAM
HARLENE ^{Soapless} _{Brushless} SHAVING CREAM
HARLENE SCALP OINTMENT



**SEND
YOUR
ORDER
TO-DAY**

EDWARDS HARLENE LTD.

20/26 Lamb's Conduit Street, London, W.C.1

**PRODUCTS OF THE
GLAXO LABORATORIES**

**Is it as
steady as
Ostermilk
progress?**

OSTERMILK
can turn
the scales
in YOUR
favour

Baby thinks it's fun being weighed. But mother says it's just a miracle, the way his weight goes up, week by week, *the right number of ounces.* That's the balanced goodness of Ostermilk, doing for baby what mother's own milk would have done, if she could have fed him herself. First she gave him Ostermilk No. 1, the gentle milk for a very young digestion. Later she changed smoothly to the full cream milk of Ostermilk No. 2. So baby teethes naturally, sleeps sweetly, plays happily; and his back, thanks to Ostermilk's *extra vitamin D*, is as straight as his white little teeth are strong. 'So much goodness,' says mother, 'and all for so very little money.'

OSTERMILK is only 2/-
for a tin making six pints of milk food

OSTERMILK DEPT., GLAXO LABORATORIES, LTD., GREENFORD, MIDDXX

OSTERMILK BABY BOOK
A book you can trust
for wise advice on
all aspects of baby care
176 pages. Send $1\frac{1}{2}$ d
stamp for your copy



No. 1.—(yellow tin) baby's first food.
No. 2.—(blue tin) from three to four months onwards.

Ostermilk, at 2/- a tin, makes the widest appeal to one of your steadiest markets—the mothers of your district. With Ostermilk you can secure most of the baby-food trade, plus the accessory sales which Ostermilk custom brings. In Ostermilk, proteins, fat and sugar are balanced to encourage steady natural progress. The addition of vitamin D

and iron means that Ostermilk is independent of the seasons, thus having a decisive advantage over even the best liquid milk. The steady increase in sales proves that the sincerity of the Ostermilk advertising in the National Press is earning the confidence of every class of customer and of all who are concerned with infant feeding.

GLAXO LABORATORIES LTD., GREENFORD, MIDDLESEX. BYR_{on} 3434

A REMINDER

GLUCODIN is now the proper name for **GLUCOSE-D**



BEST NEWS FOR DOGS—and for you chemists

—since dog products were first made. That's ADMIN, Cooper's new food supplement, which makes up everything that's missing from any dog's diet in the way of minerals and vitamins. It replaces Cooper's Vitamin Ration.

ADMIN is packed in 6d. cartons, 1/6 cartons

(as illustrated above, actual size) — a week's supply and a month's for the average dog—and 7/6 tins (seven times the 1/6 quantity). Trade terms—less 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % and less 5% cash monthly on the cartons, and less 25% and less 5% on the 7/6 tins.

COOPER, McDOUGALL & ROBERTSON LIMITED, BERKHAMSTED, HERTS

THOUSANDS OF DOCTORS *help you to sell* "LUCOZADE"



Doctors, hospital authorities and nurses everywhere, have shown themselves to be deeply interested in "Lucozade". For this refreshing tonic drink marks a real step forward in the oral administration of Glucose. It can be assimilated by the weakest digestion as it causes no strain on the stomach. *Invalids have existed on "Lucozade" for 10 days without solid food!* This therapeutic excellence has won for "Lucozade" the solid support of the medical profession and big sales are resulting on doctors' recommendations alone. But "Lucozade" has great possibilities for doing a big turnover on these *popular* selling points too. Consider these

SIX STAR SELLING POINTS

- ★ *For Exhaustion, Weakness, Lassitude.* "Lucozade" increases the Glycogen content of the liver and thus provides unlimited stores of reserve energy.
- ★ *For Sickness, Nausea, etc.* Invaluable in all cases of travel sickness, vomiting in children due to acidosis and pregnancy sickness.
- ★ *Fights Infection.* "Lucozade" increases the ratio of phagocytes in the blood, and thus helps to resist infectious germs.
- ★ *For Convalescents.* Increases energy and vital force without throwing any strain on the stomach.
- ★ *For Athletes.* "Lucozade" is a wonderful source of reserve energy and is a fine restorative after strenuous sports.
- ★ Consistent propaganda among doctors and nurses and active press publicity will help you to big and profitable sales of "Lucozade." STOCK UP NOW!

PRICES:

Write or 'phone for particulars of best terms.
'Phone EALING 6616.

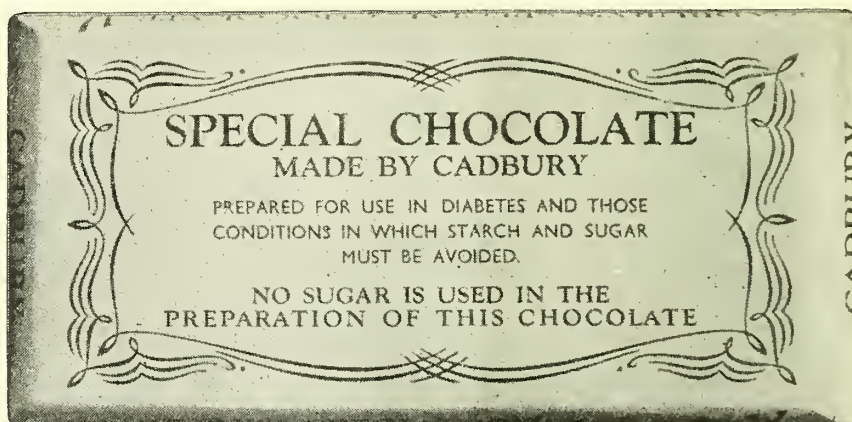
"LUCOZADE" WILL BE BACKED BY INTENSIVE MEDICAL PROPAGANDA

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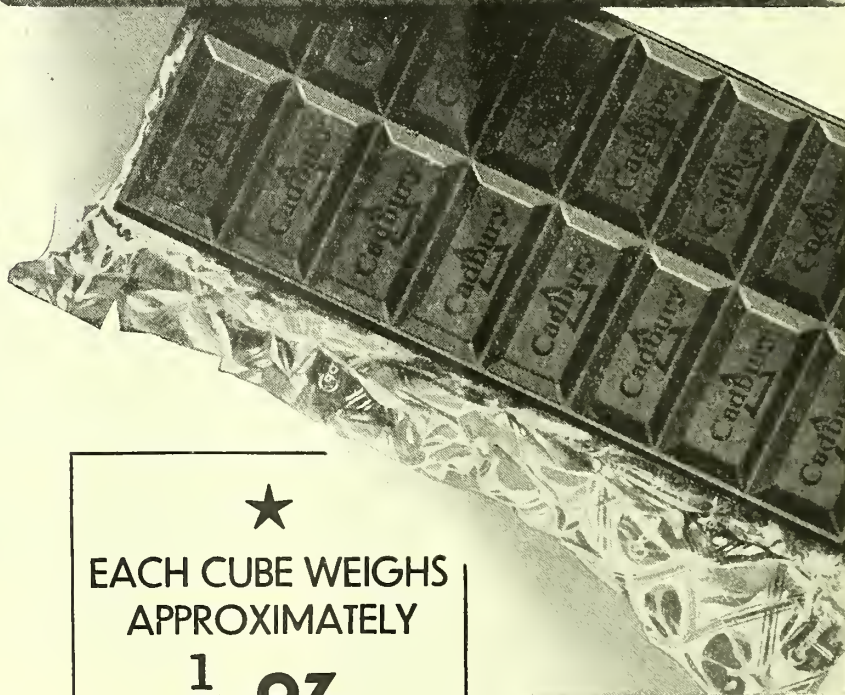
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Recommend CADBURY'S SPECIAL CHOCOLATE

for
diabetics



**IN NEW BLOCK
FORM**



Each cube weighs $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. approximately, so that diabetics can calculate this chocolate in their diet. The composition of the chocolate has not been altered in any way. No sugar is used in its manufacture

★
EACH CUBE WEIGHS
APPROXIMATELY
 $\frac{1}{4}$ **OZ.**

CADBURY BROS. LTD. BOURNVILLE

INDEX TO ADVERTISERS

Allen, Stafford, & Sons, Ltd. (Quassia Extract, &c.)	5	Cadbury Bros. (Diabetic Chocolate) ...	4	Gale, Baiss & Co., Ltd. (Galenicals) ...	vii
Aspro, Ltd. (Aspro)	x	Cartwright, W. B., Ltd. (Moorland Indigestion Tablets)	6	George, Ernest J., & Co. (Valuers, &c.)	Col. Supp.
Association of Manfg. Chemists, Ltd. Col. Supp.		Centen's D.B. Publishing Co.	11	Glaxo Laboratories, Ltd. (Ostermilk)...	1
Bailey, R., & Son, Ltd. (Cotton Wool)	10	Chemical Workers' Union, The ...Col. Supp.		Graesser, N. H. (Phenol B.P., &c.)	ii
Barker, R. W., & Co. (Patent Agents)	14	Clark, Cicero S. (Cachets)	v	Graesser Salicylates, Ltd. (Salicylates)	ii
Battles, Ltd. (Vermin Killer)	ix	Collins, Reynolds & Co., Ltd. (Toilet Preparations, &c.)	14	Hackett, S. E. (Film Overstocks) Col. Supp.	
Bayer Products, Ltd. (Prontosil, &c.) Leader Page		Cooper, McDougall & Robertson, Ltd. (Admin)	2	Harkness, Beaumont & Co., Ltd. (Malt Products, &c.)	ii
Bell, John, Hills & Lucas, Ltd. (Cold Cure Capsules)	Leader Page	Cooper, Son & Co., Ltd. (Cachets) Leader Page		Harris, Hart & Co., Ltd. (Epsom Salts, Glauber Salts, &c.)	iii
Berdoe & Fish (Valuers, &c.) Col. Supp.		Cox, A. H., & Co., Ltd. (Aspirin Tablets, &c.)	8	Healey & Baker (Premises) Col. Supp.	
Biddle, Sawyer & Co., Ltd. (Pharmaceutical Chemicals, &c.)	14	Dixor, Ltd. (Velouty de Dixor Display Material)	11	Heward, R. H., & Co. (Surgical Appliances)	10
Blyton, Astley & Co., Ltd. (Lozenges, &c.)	14	Dominion Steel Corporation, Ltd. (Razor Blades)	9	Hewlett, C. J., & Son, Ltd. (Hewsol)	v
British Optical Institute, Ltd.	12	Dudley & Co., Ltd. (Glass Counters)...	12	Hopkin & Williams, Ltd. (Chemicals)	ii
Brook, Parker & Co., Ltd. (Tablets, Pills, &c.)	14	Edwards Harlene, Ltd. (Hair Toilet Preparations)	Cover ii	Hunter Machines Co., Ltd. (Emulsor, &c.)	8
Burgoyne, Burbidges & Co., Ltd. (Fruit Saline)	Front Cover	Evans, Gadd & Co., Ltd. (Corner's Oils)	i	Kilpert, G., & Co., Ltd. ("Kilpest")	ix
Burrough, James, Ltd. (Alcohol for Perfumery)	Leader Page	Fellows Medical Manfg. Co. (Syrup of Hypophosphites)	iv	Lamb & Watt, Ltd. (Egg-nog Tonic)...	viii
Burroughs Wellcome & Co. ('Em-pirin')	15	Fennings, A. (Children's Cooling Powders)	Leader Page	Lawrence, G. H., Ltd. (Razor Blades, &c.)	Cover iv
		Freudentheil, Smith & Co. (Lofoten Cod Liver Oil)	14	Leath & Ross (Homœopathic Chemists)	14

[Continued overleaf.]

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manufactured from the best quality raw materials, and maintained at a high level of uniformity. Write to "StaffAllenS" for prices of the different grades of these products.

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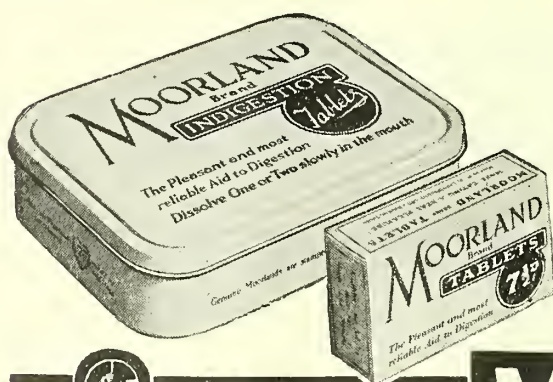
20-42 WHARF ROAD, LONDON, N.1

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INDEX—cont.

Lennon, Ltd. (South African Agencies)	iii	Odosan, Ltd. (Aromair Deodoriser)	10	Simpkin, A. L., & Co., Ltd. (Vita-Glucose)	viii
Levermore, A., & Co., Ltd. (Precipitated Chalk)	14	Orridge & Co. (Valuers, &c.) Col. Supp.		Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Ltd. (Strychnine, &c.)	vi
Lofthouse & Saltmer (Halibut Liver Oil)	iii	Perry & Hope, Ltd. (Phosphate of Soda)	14	Solazzi Liquorice	iii
London Capsule Co. ("Adaptocaps")	8	Pharmaceutical Lanoline Co. (Lanoline)	iv	Southalls (Birmingham), Ltd. (Sanitary Towels, &c.)	10
London College of Pharmacy	11	Pifco, Ltd. (Sharpex Blade Sharpener)	14	South of England College of Pharmacy	11
Macleans, Ltd. (Lucozade)	3	Ponds Extract Co., Ltd. (New Face Powder)	7	Speer, W. R., & Son (Toothbrushes)...	9
Manchester Oil Refinery, Ltd. (White Oils, &c.)	iv	Potter & Clarke, Ltd. (Wholesale Druggists)	13	Splendor, Ltd. (Tampax)	14
Mather, Wm., Ltd. (Plaisters)	12	Premier Oil Extracting Mills, Ltd.	ii	Sterns, Ltd. (Paraffinum Liquidum B.P.)	vii
Matthews & Wilson, Ltd. (Tablets, Pills, &c.)	iii	Riddell, Francis, Ltd. (Pag Inhaler) ...	v	Sumner, R., & Co., Ltd. (Vitasac)	vii
Matthews, D., & Son, Ltd. (Shopfittings)	Col. Supp.	Rivista Italiana delle Essenze dei Profumi e delle Piante officinali	viii	Thackray, Chas. F., Ltd. (Lederle Products)	vi
Merrens, J. ("Rugby" Razor Blades)	14	Roberts' Patent Filling Machine Co., Ltd.	12	Tomlinson & Hayward, Ltd. (Eureka Weed Killer)	Leader Page
Methylating Co., Ltd. (Methylated Spirit)	16	Ronaldson, J., & Co. (Senna)		Townsend, J., & Sons (Labels)	Cover iv
Molson Ionised Iodine Co., Ltd.		Leader Page		Vernon & Co., Ltd. (Prestoband Self-Adhesive Bandage)	10
Monsanto Chemicals, Ltd. (Methyl Salicylate B.P.)	Cover iii	Rowland, A., & Sons, Ltd. (Macassar Oil)	9	Winrabe, M.	Col. Supp.
Myers, L.	Col. Supp.	Royal Dental Hospital of London School of Dental Surgery	12	Yestamin Co. (Dried Yeast Powder and Tablets)	14
National Cash Register Co., Ltd. (Cash Registers)	ix	Rudduck & Co. (Shopfittings) Col. Supp.		Zeal, G. H., Ltd. (Clinical Thermometers)	Cover iv
National Glass Works (York), Ltd. (Bottles)	9	Samona, Ltd. (Samona)	i		
Norwegian Cod Liver Oil	16	Scurr, C. A. (Optical Tuition)	14		
		Sharplin, W. J., Ltd. (Stoppers)	viii		
		Sherley, A. F., & Co., Ltd. (Dog Medicines, &c.)	ix		

NO EASTER HOLIDAY for Moorland Profits



The intensive National Advertising campaign for Moorlands never takes a holiday from its task of winning more and more sales for **you**. It is always working in your interest and it does its job day after day with the same force whether it's Easter or any other time of national relaxation. That is why the demand for Moorlands increases surely and steadily . . . and why you should always have ample supplies in stock and on display.



Order direct on best terms and secure over 40 per cent. profit.

MOORLAND BRAND INDIGESTION TABLETS

W. B. CARTWRIGHT LTD., RAWDON, LEEDS

Announcing a NEW SHADE of Pond's Face Powder—

Apricot

READY for distribution on April 15th — *Apricot*, the new shade of face powder by Pond's.

From that date onwards, women and girls by the million will be told about this wonderfully glamorous new shade, for all the leading newspapers and magazines will mention it in every Pond's Powder advertisement.

Yet there's another reason why the demand for this new Pond's shade will be especially great. In the spring and summer, the complexion becomes warmer in tint—requires a warmer tone of face powder. And Pond's *Apricot* shade meets this need exactly. It is

scientifically blended, containing the exact colours that are in a lovely sun-brightened, out-of-doors complexion. So it is especially flattering and it blends perfectly with the skin, is actually *non-detectable*.

Many dealers have been asking for just such an ochre shade in this best-selling face powder—Pond's. *So here it is!* Available in the regular sizes of Pond's Face Powder—1/9, 1/-, 6d.

Order your supplies of Pond's *Apricot* today—and fill out your stock of Pond's other popular shades. Be ready for the big demand. . . . Pond's Extract Co. Ltd., Perivale, Middlesex.



NOW 6 SHADES
of this best seller

**POND'S
FACE POWDER**

Apricot—the new tea-rose shade that gives the warm tone of a lovely out-of-doors complexion; it brightens a sallow, dull or ordinary complexion.

Peach—a delicate rose tint—faintly creamy, too—that gives a fresh, clear tone; the right shade to use with the new purple colours.

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Rachel 2—a creamy tint that gives the velvety look of beautiful brunette skin.

Rachel 1—a pale, creamy tint that gives a pearly tone; it is striking for very white skin.

Natural—a pale flesh tint that gives the transparent look of blonde skin; it is perfect for the fairest skin.

ASPIRIN & CASCARA

*Two tablets that
SELL ALL THE TIME!*

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**AND SO BUILD UP
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SELF-SEALING CAPSULES

FOR ALL
BOTTLE
CAPPING

LONDON
MADE



THE
CAPSULE REMOVER
ENSURES EASY AND
RAPID REMOVAL OF
THE CAPSULE. IT
ALSO ADDS A SEAL
OF QUALITY

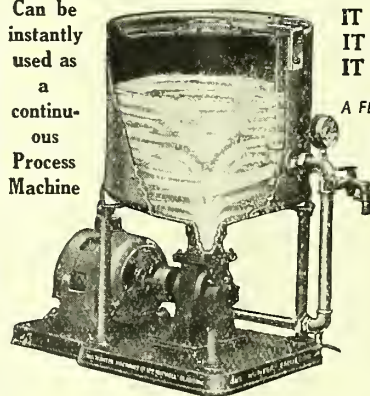
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instantly
used as
a
continu-
ous
Process
Machine



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IT HOMOGENISES

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INDUSTRIES USING THE
HUNTER EMULSOR
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"National" Service

NEW FIELD OF GLASS CONTAINER



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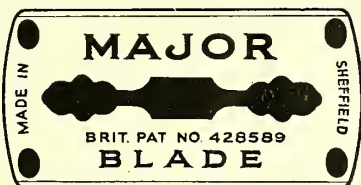
NATIONAL GLASS WORKS (YORK) LTD.

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London Office: First Avenue House, High Holborn, W.C.1 Phone: Holborn 2146

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1d.
each



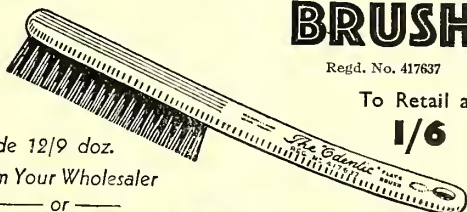
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for
4d.

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FLEET WORKS, QUEEN'S ROAD, SHEFFIELD, 2

"ODENTIC" PLATE BRUSH



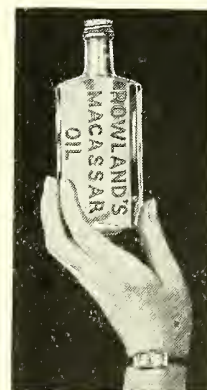
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3/6, 7/- and 10/6

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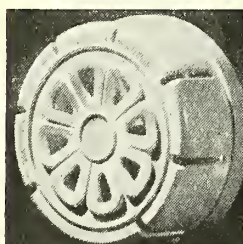
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DEODORISER

Sells on sight..

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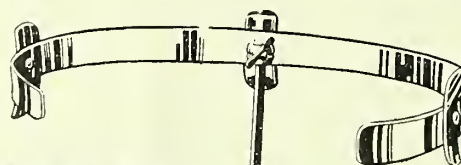
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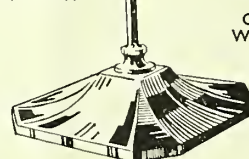
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SAN TOWELS

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1/2 · 1/6 · 2/-

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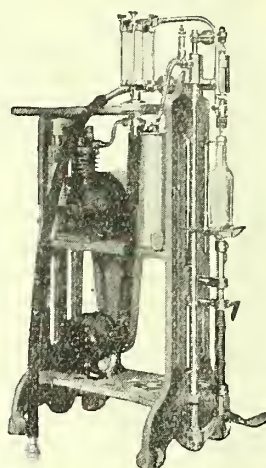
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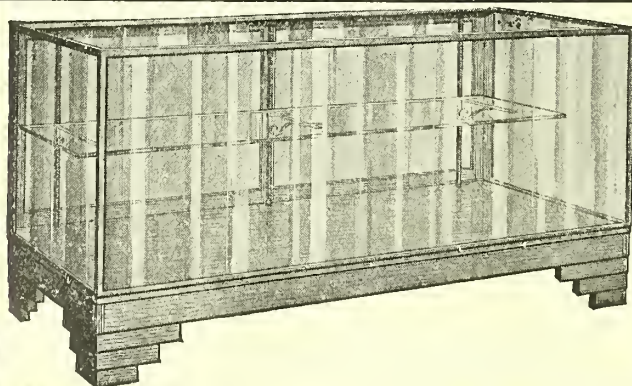
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We hereby undertake to destroy or surrender all printed matter in our possession or under our control containing uses of the words 'TABLOID' and 'TABLOIDS' where the products of Burroughs Wellcome & Co. are not intended to be designated.

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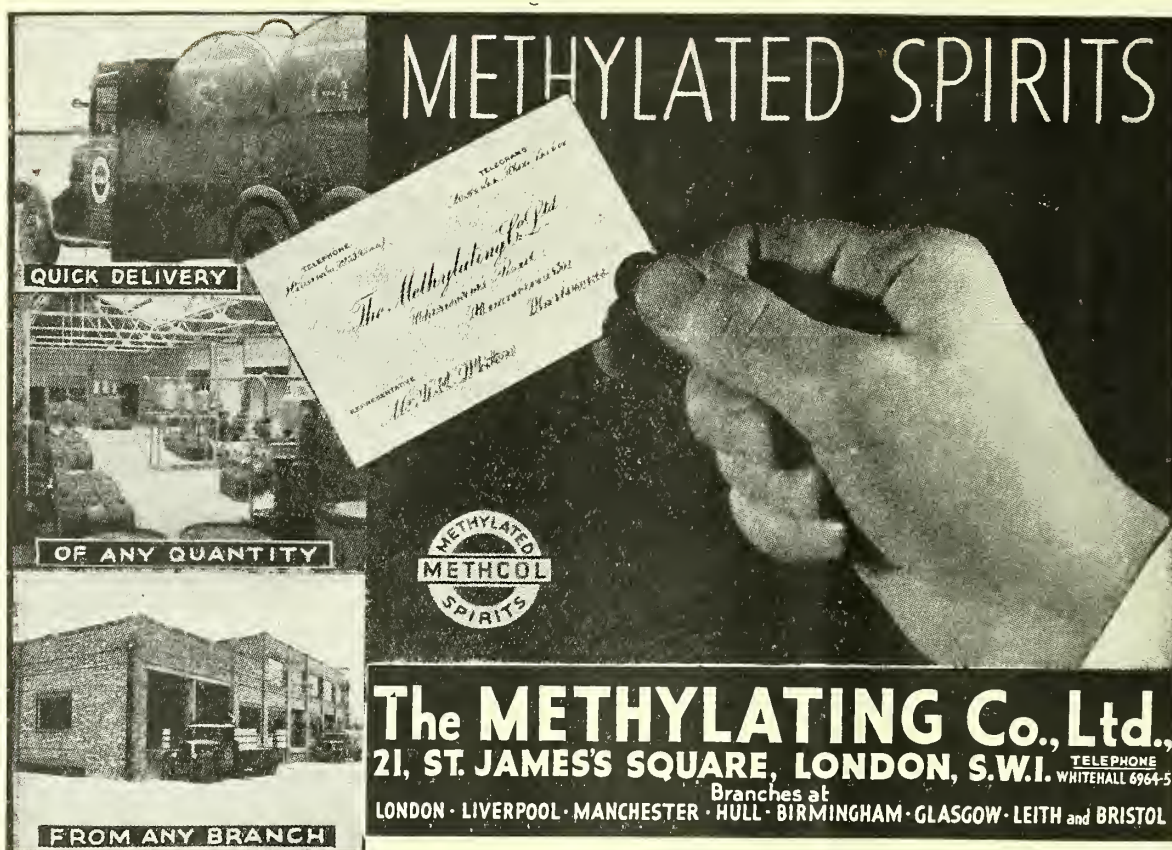


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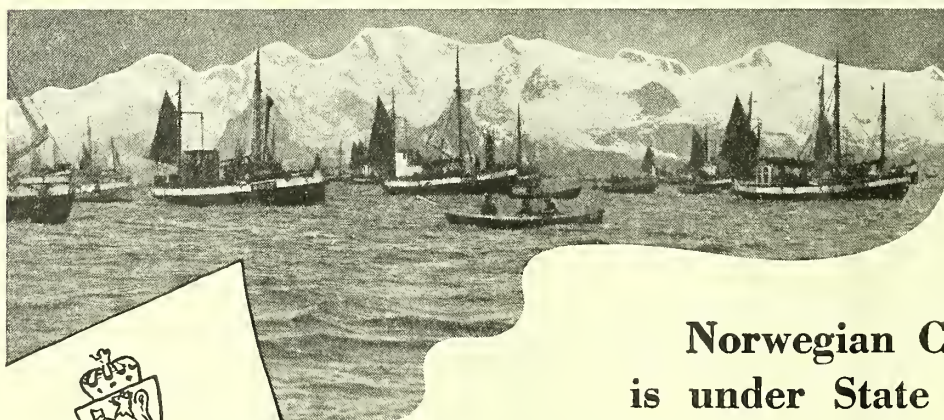
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News of the Week

Business Changes

RANBY'S, LTD., have acquired the pharmaceutical and photographic departments of the business of Weston & Co., Ltd., 89 St. Peter's Street, Derby, and will carry them on at the same shop under the control of Mr. James Cook, M.P.S. The surgical appliance department will be carried on by Mr. Cyril F. Weston, M.P.S., who will shortly remove to 3 Charnwood Street, Derby.

Chemists' Friends Association

At a meeting of the Chemists' Friends Council, held on March 21, Mr. E. C. Cripps in the chair, applications from the following firms for inclusion in the C.F. List were accepted:—Bengué & Co., Ltd.; Cloister Laboratories, Ltd. (distributors, J. E. Cross & Co., Ltd.); J. Wyeth & Brother, Ltd. (distributors for Petrolagar Laboratories, Ltd.); Oystrex, Ltd.; Meta-Titanium Laboratories, Ltd. An application made by Fassett & Johnson, Ltd., for the addition of Fitilin brand revitalising rub to their existing C.F. agreement was also accepted.

Social Events

NOTTINGHAM.—About forty members and friends of the Nottingham Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society sat down to a tripe supper on March 28, Mr. J. H. Atherley (vice-chairman) presiding. A sum of 24s. 6d. was raised for the Society's Benevolent Fund by a system of forfeits.

SHEFFIELD PHARMACY CLUB SUPPER.—The last of the season's series of suppers given by the Sheffield Pharmacy Club was held on March 30, when entertainment was provided by Mrs. G. K. Greenstreet, Miss Barker, and Mr. C. Short. The chairman of the club (Mr. W. Jamieson) mentioned that one of the club's members (Mr. C. W. Hobson) was a candidate for the Society's forthcoming Council election, and went on to stress the need for new blood on the Council in view of the attitude the Society had adopted against the co-operative societies since the Hygienic Stores decision.

PRESIDENT'S NIGHT AT OLDHAM.—President's night for members of the Oldham Chemists' Association was held on March 28, when Mr. Ronald Gorbitt, with Mrs. Gorbitt, received the guests. Whist was played, Mr. H. Cobbold being M.C., and the prizes were afterwards presented to the winners by Mrs. Gorbitt. The prizewinners were: *Ladies*, 1, Mrs. M. Williams; 2, Mrs. W. M. Taylor; 3, Mrs. Hodgkison; and consolation, Mrs. Fleming; *Gentlemen*, 1, Mr. S. F. Puddefatt; 2, Mr. Lateward and 3, Mr. F. Newby, after a cut; consolation, Messrs. H. M. Taylor and Blackburn. During supper Mr. Gorbitt formally introduced the president-elect (Mr. H. Cobbold). Dancing occupied the rest of the evening. Messrs. H. Barker and J. W. Thompson acted as M.C.s for dancing, and Mr. S. Radcliffe as director of ceremonies at supper.

Officials of the Association who were present besides the president and president-elect included Mr. R. H. B. Whitehead (secretary), and Mr. S. Baker (treasurer).

WATFORD PHARMACISTS' DINNER-DANCE.—Watford and St. Albans Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society held a dinner and dance at Watford on March 15. Mr. P. H. Warren, St. Albans (chairman of the Branch), presided and used a pestle and mortar instead of the customary gavel for calling attention. He proposed "The Pharmaceutical Society," saying the time had come when the Society must again plan for the future, and he hoped that they would be able to support a home worthy of the profession. Mr. F. G. Wells, responding, said that members of the Council, who during the past ten years had discussed the question of cost and expenditure, now wondered whether delay had increased the cost, which had become more than had been anticipated. In fact, there was a sum they had not budgeted for of nearly £50,000. Many firms interested in pharmacy had helped to halve that figure by contributions. He hoped those in the trade in Watford and St. Albans would be amongst the foremost to respond to the appeal for money. "The Visitors and Ladies" was submitted by Mr. D. W. E. Barker, and Mr. J. F. McNeal returned thanks. On the call of the chairman, the secretary of the Branch (Mr. T. H. Fisher) was toasted by the gathering. Dancing followed.

Bradford

ANNUAL MEETING.—The Bradford Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society held its annual meeting on March 30, the chairman (Mr. J. A. White, junr.) presiding. Mr. Norman Best (secretary and treasurer) presented the annual report and balance sheet, and said the branch had now a membership of two hundred and ninety, with nine student-associates. During the year four general and five council meetings, two joint N.P.U. and Council meetings, and two social subcommittee meetings had been held. The balance sheet showed a sum of 9s. 10d. in hand. The following officers and council were elected: *Chairman*, Mr. L. Fearnley; *Vice-Chairman*, Mr. W. W. Hudson; *Junior Vice-Chairman*, Mr. Griffiths; *Secretary and Treasurer*, Mr. N. Best; *Assistant Secretary*, Mr. Robinson; *Council*, Messrs. White, Wilson, Kitchen and Myers; *Delegates to Conference*, Messrs. Wilson, Webster and Walker. Mr. Sullivan was appointed to represent the Bradford branch on the West Riding Co-ordination Committee. It was decided that the annual dinner should take the form of a dinner-dance and whist drive, and it was also decided to form a committee of members trained in Air-Raid Precautions work, with full power to deal with matters relating to A.R.P.

CONTENTS

See p. 405

Exeter

LECTURE ON NUTRITION.—Dr. Catherine H. Coward lectured on "Essentials of Optimal Nutrition: Calories, Food Proteins, Vitamins and Salts" to the Exeter Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society on March 22, Mr. W. A. Burnage presiding. Dr. Coward said for an adult an allowance of 2,400 calories per day from the food actually assimilated was considered adequate, but this had to be supplemented for muscular activity (600 calories for eight hours of even light work). Another essential factor was protein, and it was now recognised that different forms of protein had different nutritional values. Protein was best supplied in the form native to the species (human milk being better for babies than cow's milk, and mother's milk, if healthy, than that of a wet nurse). The importance of auxiliary factors, such as certain amino-acids, vitamins and salts was becoming more and more recognised. The lecturer illustrated, by means of lantern slides, their effects in deficiency diseases and malnutrition. Mr. P. F. Rowsell, proposing a vote of thanks, emphasised the importance of the subject to the retail pharmacist. Mr. H. Wippell Gadd seconded the vote.

London

Mr. J. MILNER, M.P.S., Greenwich, S.E.10, has been elected chairman of the local chamber of trade.

PORTRAITURE DEMONSTRATION.—A joint meeting of the North London Pharmaceutical Association and North Metropolitan Branch of the Photographic Dealers' Association was held on March 21, when Mr. F. Schofield (Kodak, Ltd.) gave a lecture-demonstration on "Modern Aids to Indoor Portraiture." He reviewed stages in the development of photographic materials used in portraiture, and gave a demonstration of accessories, during which he took snapshots under different lighting arrangements. While the film was being developed many members of the public took their own snapshots of the subjects arranged.

SOCIETY OF PUBLIC ANALYSTS.—The annual meeting of the Society of Public Analysts was held recently, the president (Professor W. H. Roberts) in the chair. The treasurer (Dr. E. B. Hughes) presented the accounts, which showed continued progress and a sound financial position of the Society. The secretary (Mr. L. Eynon) presented the report of the Council, which showed a membership of 857. The following officers were elected:—*President*, Professor W. H. Roberts, M.Sc., F.I.C.; *Vice-Presidents*, Messrs. E. B. Anderson, J. R. Nicholls, W. H. Simmons, T. P. Hilditch (chairman, North of England section), T. Cockburn (chairman, Scottish section); *Treasurer*, Mr. E. B. Hughes; *Secretary*, Mr. Lewis Eynon. *Other members of Council*, Messrs. E. A. M. Bradford, R. C. Chirnside, D. C. Garratt, G. Van B. Gilmour, L. H. Lampitt, G. W. Monier-Williams, H. E. Monk, A. Scholes, W. M. Seaber, F. G. H. Tate, G. Taylor, E. Voelcker, J. B. McKean (secretary, Scottish section), J. R. Stubbs (secretary, North of England section). Following the annual meeting a lecture was delivered by Sir Henry Dale, C.B.E., M.D., F.R.S., on "Biological Standardisation."

NORTHERNERS' DINNER-DANCE.—Many personal friends of Mr. Herbert Skinner (its president) were among the record number of guests at the twenty-seventh annual dinner and dance of the North London Pharmaceutical Association and North Metropolitan Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society, held on March 30. The reason was that this dinner was the first at which he had presided, after twenty-five years as secretary of the Association, and it also marked his virtual retirement from pharmacy, because on the day following he was to relinquish his post as pharmacist to the Royal Northern group of hospitals. In proposing the toast of the Pharmaceutical Society, Mr. L. Hayward (vice-president) paid a tribute to the Society's president (Mr. Thomas Guthrie), whose clear judgment, he said, had been of great effect in the council chamber during a quarter of the Society's history. His efforts as treasurer during the years 1925-30 had launched the new building by the inauguration of a fund of £5,000. In a hundred years' time those looking at the colossal building of the Society would doubtless think of Mr. Guthrie as the man who put it on a financial standing. Mr. Hayward mentioned that the present council chamber was actually in the area of the North London Association, and wished that on this account more councillors attended the Association's meetings. In reply,

Mr. Thomas Guthrie complimented the proposer on the excellence of his speech "apart from some of the things he said." A good deal of the pleasure he felt in being present that evening was not on members' account but on account of their chairman, Mr. Skinner, whom he had known for almost the whole of the quarter-century mentioned by the proposer of the toast. As he looked back he realised that he could rightly think and speak well of London pharmacists, and it was almost certain that those who lived through the next century would find many London names amongst those who had assisted in the foundation of the new building. Mr. Skinner had always claimed that pharmacy was not a pure but a composite profession. Finally, Mr. Guthrie said he hoped contributions from London pharmacists towards the new building would be in keeping, population for population, with those of small places such as Inverness, which he had visited in company with Mr. Marns the previous week. The second and only other toast—that of "The North London Pharmaceutical Association"—was proposed by Mr. Thomas Marns (a past president of the Pharmaceutical Society and chairman of the building-fund appeal). Mr. Marns spoke of the assistance which "as a young and innocent man coming from the north," he had received from the London associations and particularly that of North London. He went on to point out that the Society's new headquarters building, like the present building, was in the Association's area, as was the small but important City of London. Mr. Marns concluded with a tribute to Mrs. Skinner. In reply, Mr. Herbert Skinner said he was pleased to fall a victim to two gentlemen he had known for so many years. He made an acknowledgment to friends from North London who had turned up in such numbers, and also to visitors from the South-Western, Western, West Ham, West Middlesex and chemist-golfers' Associations present, and to the Royal Northern Hospital for the opportunity given to him throughout his career for permission to work for the Pharmaceutical Society. He declared that he was still at the disposal of North London pharmacists. During the evening the *victor ludorum* cup was presented to Mr. D. R. Evans (Western Pharmacists' Association) and the Selo cup to Mr. E. Calcott Pryce (captain, London Chemists' Golfing Society). Among those present were Dr. C. H. Hampshire, Mr. R. R. Bennett, Mr. W. S. Howells, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Irvine, Mr. J. F. McNeal, Mr. F. G. Wells, Mr. T. C. Glover, Mr. D. Desmond, Mr. J. R. Edgecombe, Mr. J. E. Goodall, and Miss E. B. Blundell. The spur tables were in charge of Messrs. J. Hearle, G. A. Tocher, G. F. Weiss, A. E. Footitt (secretary), L. Hayward, J. Downing and J. C. Young.

Manchester

Mr. H. BRINDLE, B.Sc., F.I.C., Ph.C., has been appointed honorary visiting apothecary to the Manchester Royal Infirmary. As Mr. Brindle is also honorary consulting pharmacist to the Manchester Corporation, there is now an official connexion between the Pharmacy Department of the University on the one hand and the municipal hospitals and the premier city voluntary hospital on the other.

GOLFERS' ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Manchester Pharmaceutical Golfing Society was held on March 29, Mr. J. H. Franklin in the chair. The officers elected were: *President*, Mr. J. H. Franklin; *Captain*, Mr. A. Maude; *Secretary*, Mr. W. E. Phillipson; *Treasurer*, Mr. J. W. Aves; *Assistant Treasurer*, Mr. C. Compston. The courses chosen for matches during the coming season were: Withington, Haydock Park, Sale, Bramhall Park, Mere Country Club, Hawkestone Park, Cavendish (Buxton), Tarkington, Hazel Grove, Pleasington, Worsley, and Northenden. The matches against Liverpool for the Gibbs trophy will be played at Haydock Park, and against Birmingham for the B.D.H. trophy, at Hawkestone Park. A new match, against Blackpool chemists, will take place at Pleasington in June. Golfing chemists in or near Manchester who wish to take up membership are asked to write to the secretary (Mr. W. E. Phillipson, 4 Hilltop Avenue, Blackley, Manchester).

PUBLIC PHARMACISTS' DINNER.—The Manchester Branch of the Guild of Public Pharmacists held its annual dinner-dance recently, when over 220 members and friends were present. Dr. Howard Shannon (medical officer of H.M. Prison, Strangeways) proposed the toast of the Guild and mentioned that he



News in Pictures



PHOTOGRAPHIC EXAMINATIONS IN DUBLIN—Scene at practical examination in council chamber of Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland showing candidate for new examination organised by the Photographic Dealers' Association explaining details of a camera. A report of the proceedings is given on page 397 of this issue.



PETERBOROUGH PHARMACISTS' DINNER—Guests at head table at annual dinner of Peterborough Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society (Report, p. 396). Group includes the mayor and mayoress, Mr. A. M. Graham (president) and Mrs. J. K. Irvine (a member of the Pharmaceutical Society's Council).



PHARMACIST ASPIRANT TO PRESIDENCY OF FRANCE—Although it is understood he later withdrew his candidature, M. Demarais, pharmacist and municipal councillor, Honfleur, was among several aspirants to the French Presidency. Seen above in his pharmacy, M. Demarais is the holder of numerous honours and medals.

PRESENTATIONS AT STAFF DANCE—Past and present directors of F. W. Hampshire & Co., Ltd., with members of staff who received presentations at annual staff dance at Derby on March 28. Mr. F. W. Hampshire (chairman and managing director) was presented by the directors with a watch, and six employees of over 25 years' service with cheques or, in one instance, a gold watch. The staff also made presentations to Mr. & Mrs. Hampshire and to Mr. David Hampshire.

was indebted to a pharmacist for early training in the use of drugs. Mr. J. Roberts (chairman of the branch and pharmacist at Strangeways Prison) replied. Mrs. E. Stubbs (treasurer) proposed the toast to the visitors, among whom were Dr. Veitch Clark (Medical Officer of Health, Manchester), Dr. W. A. Ramsay (Medical Superintendent, Crumpsall Hospital), Dr. Luxton (consultant physician to Manchester Corporation), Mr. Shelswell (general superintendent, Salford Royal Hospital), Mr. Heardman (general superintendent, Manchester Children's Hospital), Alderman Webb (chairman, Salford public health committee) and Councillors Edwards and Somerville (Manchester Corporation public health committee). Mrs. Stubbs said many of the visitors had attended several times, and suggested that repeated visits might be assumed to indicate pleasure in the company of Guild members. Mr. F. B. Royal (president of the Guild), in reply, stated that he was impressed by the enthusiasm of the branch. Dancing followed till 1 a.m., Mr. W. E. Phillippson being M.C.

Merseyside

MR. A. CHAPMAN, a director of Ayrton, Saunders & Co., Ltd., manufacturing chemists, has been elected president of the Liverpool Philomathic Society.

SUGGESTED AMOUNT OF BUILDING-FUND SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Mr. John Rae (chairman, Liverpool Chemists' Association and Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society) and Mr. W. E. Shepherd (secretary) have issued an appeal to members to subscribe to the Society's centenary building-fund appeal. The local council has suggested that a subscription of two and a half guineas represents a fair average, but they ask that this figure be not taken as either a maximum or minimum. The two and a half guineas may be made in one payment or spread over a period of seven years, representing 7s. 6d. per annum.

EMERGENCY TRANSPORT PLAN.—At a meeting of vehicle owners, convened by John Thompson, Ltd., held in Liverpool recently, Mr. J. W. Wright (a director, Evans Sons Lescher & Webb, Ltd.) was appointed group organiser for trade vehicles operated by Liverpool wholesale drug houses under a road-transport emergency plan. The following firms agreed to group their vehicles under the scheme:—Ayrton, Saunders & Co., Ltd.; The British Drug Houses, Ltd.; Evans Sons Lescher & Webb, Ltd.; R. Sumner & Co., Ltd.; May, Roberts & Co., Ltd.; and John Thompson, Ltd. Seventy-seven vehicles are controlled by the group.

Peterborough

ADDRESS ON PRESCRIPTION PRICING.—A meeting of the Peterborough Chemists' Association and Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society was held on March 16, when an address was given by Mrs. Jean K. Irvine, M.B.E. (a member of the Society's Council), on "How Your Insurance Prescriptions are Priced." Discussion took place after the address, and a vote of thanks was proposed by the president (Mr. A. M. Graham) and seconded by the vice-president (Mr. G. W. Dring).

DINNER.—In the evening of March 16 the third annual dinner and dance of the Peterborough Chemists' Association was presided over by the president (Mr. A. M. Graham), who was supported by the Mayor of Peterborough, Mrs. L. V. Bryant, J.P., Lady Craig, Mrs. J. K. Irvine, M.B.E., the Town Clerk, the vice-president (Mr. G. W. Dring) and Mrs. Dring, the secretary (Mr. B. Wright) and Mrs. Wright, the treasurer (Miss A. M. Smith) and the secretary of the Peterborough Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society (Mr. F. Sturton). One hundred and twenty-guests were present. The toast of "The Mayor and Corporation" was proposed by Mr. Judge, the mayor responding. "The Pharmaceutical Society and the National Pharmaceutical Union" was proposed by Mr. G. W. Dring. Mrs. Irvine, responding, said Peterborough had had an Association or Society for well over fifty years. It was satisfactory to find that the mantle of the older members had fallen on capable young shoulders. Mrs. Irvine stressed the value of an independent service of pharmacists in National Defence compared with one working under control of the Ministry of Health. Referring to the response to the National Register Mrs. Irvine said that 20,000 pharmacists out of a total of 24,000 had already replied. Mr. H. E. Whitwell proposed "The President." Mr. B. Wright proposed "The Visitors," and Dr. Marshall replied, referring to the sense of co-operation that existed between Peterborough chemists and doctors. He remarked, "Pharmacy is getting too much into the hands of

the big firms." The spur tables were in charge of Messrs. F. Sturton, H. E. Whitwell, E. W. Judge, H. Stanyon, A. C. Fowler, and G. W. Dring. H. Stanyon was toastmaster. About 180 were present at the dance which followed the dinner. Presents, contributed by various manufacturers, were presented by the Mayor. The M.C.s were Messrs. H. E. Whitwell, H. Stanyon, and A. C. Fowler. A Kodak camera, and a clock given by The British Drug Houses, Ltd., were raffled during the dance and £8 6s. raised for the Society's Benevolent Fund. A photograph taken at the dinner is reproduced on p. 395.

Swinton

ENEMIES OF PHARMACY ATTACKED.—On March 28, Mr. H. Craven, Sheffield, addressed the Swinton Branch of the National Pharmaceutical Union on "Chemists' Enemies and How to Combat Them." He said the greatest enemies of chemists were within their own ranks; they were people who would take no interest in local or national schemes for the betterment of the private chemist. They accepted all the benefits of such schemes, but undertook no responsibility for them nor contributed to their success. Another enemy was the manufacturer who was content to take advantage of distributing his medicinal products through chemists and later supplied them to every other type of trader, even in some instances providing the necessary patent-medicine licence. He felt that the present Council of the Society must be regarded as an enemy, since its friendliness was not shown to the retail chemist. Certain members of the Council, he was sorry to say, had interests that were certainly inimicable to the retail chemist. He hoped all the members of the Society would by voting only for new blood at the election show their disgust at the way the Council had "betrayed" the private chemist, by its supine attitude in not pressing home the advantage gained in the Hygienic Stores case. The Proprietary Articles Trade Association also needed a good deal of reform before it could be regarded as friendly to its retail supporters. The only way to combat enemies was by organisation. Fortunately, there was one trade organisation—the N.P.U.—that was wholeheartedly for the private chemist. The N.P.U. could only function properly if it received the same support from its members as it gave to them. Their local secretary had outlined a scheme for linking up members and branches, as formulated at the recent area conference at Doncaster. If they would assist the scheme it should not only prove of benefit to them, but might ultimately prove to be the salvation of pharmacy.

Miscellaneous

FIRST-AID POST EQUIPMENT.—The Ministry of Health have issued Circular No. 1789, giving particulars of personnel and lists of equipment for first-aid posts and mobile units. The Minister states that the goods are now being purchased centrally and will be distributed in due course to local authorities throughout the country.

NATIONAL-SERVICE CONCESSION.—The directors of The British Drug Houses, Ltd., have announced to their employees that all who are now serving in, or who subsequently join, the Territorial Army will be released for attendance at the annual summer camp, payment of wages and salaries being at full rates during camp, and during the normal period of holidays, which are in addition to the time allowed for camp.

PHARMACY ACT PROSECUTIONS.—At Stratford Police Court, London, on March 30, J. R. Littlejohns, M.P.S., 141 High Road, Woodford, was fined £5 in respect of an unlawful sale of tablets containing acetanilide. He was fined a further £1 for not having the seller's name and address on the container. Mr. A. C. Castle, for the Pharmaceutical Society, said that Mr. Littlejohns was a qualified chemist, properly registered, and carried on business at 141 High Road, Woodford. He did not, however, work in this business himself, but left it to his wife and another lady. Under the Act it was stated quite definitely that certain poisons and other dangerous drugs should only be sold by a chemist under certain conditions—the necessary one in this case being that they should be sold under the instructions or in the presence of a fully qualified chemist. The sale in this case was made by Mrs. Littlejohns.—At Sedgley, Staffs, police court, on March 27, Allan J. R. Hicklin, drug store proprietor, Lower Gornal, was fined £5 for selling a medicine containing strychnine without being an authorised seller of poisons.

Irish Notes

Irish Drug Association

Mr. P. A. Brady (president) was in the chair at a committee meeting of the Irish Drug Association on March 27, when complaints were received in connexion with hours of trading, leakages of certain veterinary preparations, and price-cutting of toilet and medicinal preparations in grocers' and drapers' shops. After discussion the committee decided to take appropriate action in each case. An application from a toilet manufacturer for inclusion on the Approved List was deferred; discussion took place on the prices of halibut-liver oil capsules. Members were reminded that the hours of trading for Good Friday and Easter Monday were similar to those for Sundays.

Belfast

PEACE COMMISSIONER.—Mr. Wm. J. Hardy, Ph.C. (Davidson & Hardy, chemists, Castle Place, Belfast), has been appointed to the Commission of the Peace for the County Borough of Belfast.

VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.—The "Belfast Gazette," March 24, notifies that at an extraordinary general meeting of the Bushmills Pharmacy, Ltd., held on March 21, a resolution was passed that the company should be wound up.

STUDENTS' DANCE.—A chemistry and pharmacy students' dance was held in the Belfast Municipal College of Technology on March 17, Mrs. Wren and Mrs. Storey acting as hostesses. The arrangements were entrusted to a committee consisting of Professor H. Wren, Dr. Burrows, Messrs. Fred Storey, H. S. McAuley, K. Handforth, A. Jones, F. W. Charles, F. Howie, F. T. Robinson and the Misses Barry and McManus.

SOCIAL COMMITTEE.—A meeting of the social committee of the Northern Ireland Pharmaceutical Society and the Ulster Chemists' Association was held on March 24 at the offices of the Society in Belfast. There were present Messrs. W. C. Tate (president) in the chair, J. McGregor, E. Richey (vice-chairman), J. T. Nicholl, W. J. Rankin, H. F. Moore (treasurer) and D. L. Kirkpatrick (secretary). Apologies were received from Messrs. Shinner, Forrest, Abernethy and Cousley. Mr. Tate congratulated members on the great success of the dinner-dance, at which 155 had been present.

Dublin

PHOTOGRAPHIC EXAMINATIONS.—The first Photographic Dealers' Association examinations to be held in Ireland took place at the headquarters of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland on March 29, when six candidates presented themselves. The examination arrangements were carried out by Mr. Lyall Smith, M.P.S.I. (P.D.A. national councillor for Ireland), and the examinations were conducted by Mr. Harry Mottershaw (president, P.D.A.). The written examination took place in the morning, and the afternoon was given over to the practical work. (Picture, p. 395.) In the evening Mr. Mottershaw was welcomed to Dublin at a specially convened meeting of the Dublin Branch of the P.D.A. held at Jury's Hotel. Mr. G. A. McLean Lee, M.P.S.I. (chairman of the Branch) introduced Mr. Mottershaw, who outlined the work of the Association. He stressed the need for close co-operation between branches and parent body. At the close of his address a discussion followed on the methods to be adopted to deal with cut-price developing and printing in Dublin and district. A vote of thanks to Mr. Mottershaw was proposed by the chairman.

WINES DISPLAYED DURING PROHIBITED HOURS.—In Dublin District Court, on March 29, Michael J. Foley, M.P.S.I., 136 Parnell Street, Dublin, was fined 20s. for exposing wine in bottles in his shop window during prohibited hours on Sunday, January 22. Evidence was given that six dozen bottles of wine were exposed for sale, and defending solicitor said that the bottles had been inadvertently left in the window. There was a second summons against Mr. Foley of having knowingly sold a bottle of wine to a girl under eighteen years of age. On this summons evidence was that the wine was sold to the girl by Mr. Foley's seventeen-year-old son, Mr. Foley himself being ill at the time. He had given his son general instructions not to sell any liquor during prohibited hours. Mr. D. O'Donovan (Chief State Solicitor's office), who

prosecuted, said in view of these instructions by Mr. Foley he could not sustain that summons. Convicting, on the first summons, the Senior District Justice said chemists must remove all intoxicating liquor from their shops during prohibited hours as something that was *ne fas*—forbidden by the gods—unclean. In response to a request to certify the offence as trivial, he said: "I cannot. They were all warned at the time the Act was passed." The prosecution has aroused interest in the Irish daily newspapers on the whole question of chemists' wine licences in Eire. In an interview given to one Irish morning newspaper, Mr. F. J. Fitzpatrick (treasurer, Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland) said chemists should not hold wine licences in competition with grocers, and the sale of medicated wines only should be allowed in chemists' shops.

Miscellaneous

Mr. H. A. JOHNSTON, Ph.C., gave a lecture on "Beauty" to the Larne Literary Society recently.

BEREAVEMENT.—Pharmacists from many parts of Eire. have sent messages sympathising with Mr. P. Brooke Kelly, M.C.P.S.I., Enniscorthy (a past-president of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland), and Mr. Michael Kelly, L.P.S.I., Rosslare Strand, co. Wexford, on the loss by death in Sydney, New South Wales, of their brother, Dr. W. P. Kelly.

ERRATUM.—Owing to an error in the typescript report received of the March Council Meeting of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland (*C. & D.*, March 25, p. 324) Mr. F. J. Fitzpatrick, in references to the 1908 Pharmacy Act, is inadvertently reported as using the phrase "political activities." The words actually used were "police activities," as the context of the paragraph indicates.

SUNDAY AND HALF-HOLIDAY DISPENSING.—Portadown Chamber of Commerce has decided to consult the urban council on the subject of closing hours for chemists. It was reported to the Chamber that local pharmacists were opposed to keeping open on Sundays and half-holidays to dispense prescriptions; several chemists, it was stated, resided at their business premises and could give urgent service outside the usual hours of business.

Scottish Notes

Miscellaneous

BURGLARY.—The premises of David A. Ross & Co., High Street, Tain, were broken into recently and a small sum of money was stolen.

APPOINTMENT.—Mr. James Jack, Ph.C., Arbroath (chairman of the Law Committee of the Pharmaceutical Society), has been appointed Dean of the Guildry Incorporation of Arbroath.

FIRE.—The premises of Mr. C. Hoy, M.P.S., Main Street, Kelty, were involved in an outbreak of fire in adjoining property recently. The damage was not of an extensive nature.

PAISLEY MEETING.—A meeting of the Paisley Chemists' Association was held on March 13, when a discussion took place on the supply of medicines to the public from clinics, and on the terms of service for National Health Insurance dispensing.

BUSINESS CHANGES.—Mr. James A. Butler, M.P.S., has taken over the business of Sam Gibson, Ltd., chemists, 135 London Road, Glasgow.—Mr. Ernest W. Rothney, M.P.S., has taken over the business of Mr. John Michie, M.P.S., 17 Oldmeldrum Road, Bucksburn.

GOLF TROPHY.—The Scottish chemists' golf trophy competition will be held at Gleneagles on Wednesday, May 17. Intending players should send their names and handicaps, with the entrance fee of 2s. 6d., to the secretary, Mr. T. Harkness, 11 Mossspark Boulevard, Glasgow, S.W.2, before May 6.

PRESENTATION.—On his retirement, after thirty-seven years with Boots, Ltd., Mr. Charles Nicolson, M.P.S., who has been manager of the main city branch at Union Street, Aberdeen, for nineteen years, was presented with gifts at a staff gathering on March 30. Mr. John Boyd (a director of the company) presented Mr. Nicolson with a silver tea service and a cheque on behalf of the directors. On behalf of the branch staff Miss Allardyce presented an electric standard reading lamp, an easy chair and a case of pipes, with gifts for Mrs. and Miss Nicolson.

Parliamentary News

EXPORT CREDITS TO SPAIN

Replying to a question by Mr. H. G. Williams on April 3 addressed to the secretary to the Overseas Trade Department, Mr. Cross stated that, pending the resumption of ordinary trading conditions in Spain, he was unable to say when the guarantees of the Export Credits Guarantee Department, which are given solely on commercial grounds, will be available for exports to that country.

CIVIL DEFENCE BILL

The second reading of the Civil Defence Bill (*C. & D.*, April 1, pp. 369 and 376) began in the House of Commons on April 4. Sir John Anderson stated that the code it was proposed to issue would be available immediately after Easter. Employers must regard the designs included in the code as an indication merely of the way in which the problem could be solved. Minor deviations from those standards would not be regarded as constituting a violation of the obligations imposed by the Bill. It was contemplated in the event of war to introduce drastic regulations to obscure lights. To ensure that that would not endanger industrial efficiency, provision was being made beforehand for the obscuration of internal lights in factories

and other industrial premises and for extinguishing external lights. Mr. R. C. Morrison, in the course of the discussion, pointed out that there was to be shelter provision for factories employing over fifty workers, but what was to happen to the factories where there were a smaller number of workers? Mr. Burgin said that points had been raised about the location of industry and whether the Government could advise industrialists on this matter. They could not foretell the conditions that would prevail in time of war, and these conditions would probably be constantly variable. The debate was adjourned until April 5.

HAIRDRESSERS (REGISTRATION) BILL

A Bill under the above title was introduced in the House of Commons on March 28 by Sir Robert Tasker, who stated that this had been introduced previously in another place. The Bill follows very much on the lines of those previously introduced. Under Clause 22, nothing is to prevent the exercise of any right a registered chemist is entitled to exercise under any other Act, and he is also to be entitled without registration to perform any of the treatments included in Section 2 (b), i.e., the application of cosmetics, antiseptics, hair lotions or tonics, powders, creams or similar preparations.

Topical Reflections

By Xrayser

A Photographic Compendium

The series of twelve "Photographic Studies" concluded in your last week's issue (p. 377) must have afforded much enjoyment to your readers; and without wishing to set up a comparison that might be regarded as invidious, I venture to add that the final study was the most attractive of all. Some months ago I heard details of the work of an expert who was reconstituting, as far as it could be done, the text of a damaged manuscript with the aid of ultra-violet light: thanks to your article I know now a little more about the process than I did then. *C. & D.* subscribers who have their issues bound (as I hope many do) will be glad to turn to these practical articles from time to time. On looking through the other features of the same number I was glad to see the account of the daguerreotype, a name in frequent use among elderly people fifty years ago. Even now it is not impossible to acquire, in curio shops and elsewhere, examples of early photographic experiments. Those of us who were born just too late to indulge in the wet plate process graphically described by Mr. J. G. Wallbridge (p. 384) may well feel uncertain whether he is to be congratulated or commiserated. Although a tedious routine demanding considerable manipulative skill, it had its reward in the abundant detail mentioned in Mr. Wallbridge's final sentence. A ready way of testing that statement is to obtain one of these delightful old negatives and examine it with a reading glass.

A New "Ginger" Group

The career of the newly formed group of "delegates from branches in the North-East Division III electoral area" of the National Pharmaceutical Union (p. 368) will be watched with interest. At present the group seems to have neither a local habitation nor a name: both, no doubt, will be decided upon if the venture prospers. With the object of the conference as formulated in the chairman's opening speech, there will be general sympathy. It is not clear to me, however, to what extent the "organised co-operation" of the chairman differs from that already exemplified in the work of the Union of which the group forms a constituent part. Can the chairman or the secretary tell us where it is proposed to advance beyond the strategic or tactical front of the Union itself, and point out the estimated advantages of sectional as distinguished from national action? The pushing of the

Chemists' Friends scheme, even with the aid of "a strong, positive and common policy," is not exactly a new project: I interpret the reference as implying that in the area referred to the scheme is not being worked to the satisfaction of the delegates, and that they intend to do something about it. Chemists, as has previously been pointed out, have to convince manufacturers that their influence as retailers is worth cultivating; and it may be that in this aspect of the matter a larger proportion of ginger, or of its strong tincture, is desirable.

Animal Materia Medica

As reported (p. 366), Mr. W. Deacon made a remark at a Newport dinner that needs elucidation; he said that "it was the policy of the Council of the [Pharmaceutical] Society to encourage students to study animal materia medica as closely as they had studied drugs of the past." A drug, according to the Oxford English Dictionary, is "An original, simple, medicinal substance, organic or inorganic, used by itself, or as an ingredient in Medicine. . . ." I need hardly point out that the time is not very remote when the materia medica of our pharmacopoeia included an unconscionable number of animal remedies. The list of such in the second volume of Wootton's "Chronicles of Pharmacy," compiled from the London Pharmacopoeias of 1618, 1650 and 1677, comprises more than 200 items. The author subjoined the names of the fifteen articles to which animal materia medica had dwindled in the British Pharmacopoeia of 1898. In the present B.P. these have been further reduced in number to nine, though it must be remembered that a few other animal substances, such as liver, form the basis of new official preparations. Retrograde as some present-day tendencies may be, I do not envisage a return to the delights, for instance, of mummy or the skull of a man who has died a violent death. I understand that a calcined mouse is still relied upon in remote districts as a specific in whooping cough; but that, no doubt, is one of the few lingering relics of ages of ignorance. What, then, are our students to investigate in the animal kingdom? The mention of "drugs of the past" seems to suggest that they are expected to confine their attention to the limited range of organs yielding such extracts of active principles as those of the thyroid and the suprarenal glands. But, as experience shows that many of the drugs of vegetable origin regarded as obsolete or obsolescent may at any time take a new lease of life, it is surely inadvisable to consign them to the scrap-heap.

Company News

P.C. means Private Company and R.O. Registered Office

J. R. S. UTTLEY, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £600. Objects: To carry on the business of manufacturing, pharmaceutical and general chemists, herbalists, drug merchants, etc. Mrs. Margaret A. Uttley, 11 Bridge Street, Rotherham; Wilfred I. Uttley, 4 Beech Avenue, Listerdale, Rotherham, directors.

JAYWICK CHEMISTS, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £500. Objects: To acquire the business of F. O. Allum now carried on by Francis O. Allum at 11 Beach Road, Jaywick, Clacton-on-Sea, and to carry on the business of wholesale and/or retail chemists, opticians, druggists, etc. Francis O. Allum, 8 Beach Road, Jaywick, Clacton-on-Sea, director.

BRITISH FIRST AID EQUIPMENT, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £10,000. Objects: To acquire from Mobile Expanding Structures, Ltd., interests in inventions and rights relating to mobile or stationary buildings and apparatus, and to carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in appliances and equipment of all kinds, technical, scientific, medical and surgical instruments and appliances, surgical and medical dressings, etc. The first directors are Halford Constant and Granville H. Bullimore; addresses not given. Solicitors: Mawby Barrie & Letts, 55-61 Moorgate, E.C.2.

BLUE MASK & TEMU PRODUCTS, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £30,000. Objects: To acquire and develop a concession granted by "Temu" P. Panoff & Co. to Raphael R. O'Reilly-Kabalkin, for the import into the United Kingdom or other parts of the British Empire of the "Temu" radio-active products manufactured by the said "Temu" P. Panoff & Co., and the curative and cosmetic "Blue Mask" mud of Hapsal and/or for the manufacture of the said radio-active products; and to carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of cosmetics and toilet preparations, etc. Wm. B. Blackwood, 3 The Green, Richmond, Surrey (director of Metchim & Sons, Ltd.), Raphael R. O'Reilly-Kabalkin, "Dunromyn," Ashley Drive, Walton-on-Thames (director of Anglo-Chinese Eastern Trading Co., Ltd.), and Raymond R. Kabalkin, "Dunromyn," Ashley Drive, Walton-on-Thames (director of Anglo-Chinese Eastern Trading Co., Ltd.), directors. R.O.: 131 Regent Street, W.1.

THE BRITISH DRUG HOUSES, LTD.—The directors have decided to declare a dividend of 6 per cent., less tax, on the ordinary shares for the year ended December 31, 1938. The dividend paid for 1937 was at the same rate.

BRITISH OXYGEN CO., LTD.—Consolidated working profits for 1938 rose from £1,118,996 to £1,162,675, and after allocating £380,643, against £336,294, to depreciation, £200,968, against £212,009, to taxation, and deducting £73,005, against £115,212, for profits retained by subsidiaries, net profit is £508,059, compared with £455,481 in 1937. General reserve takes £62,160, against £50,000, and reserve against buildings, plant and cylinders (in addition to depreciation) £50,000, against nil, leaving £48,007 to go forward, compared with £44,385 brought in. For the previous year, £9,901 was allocated to the writing down of patents and licences. The final dividend of 10 per cent., less tax, again makes 17 per cent. for the year. The report adds that the demand for the company's products shows progressive improvement, and extensive alterations and additions to the works have been completed during the year, or are in hand, to meet this continued development.

BRITISH GLYCERINE MANUFACTURERS, LTD.—A petition for the winding-up of this company was presented to the High Court on March 23, 1939, by Hubert Kurt Sachsel, 243 Cromwell Road, London, S.W., creditor and shareholder. The petition will be heard before the Court on April 24, 1939.

COMPANIES DISSOLVED.—Notice has been given in "The London Gazette" that the names of the following companies have been struck off the register and the companies dissolved: Healthaids, Ltd.; Newgate Toilet Co., Ltd.; Old Bond Street Beauty Preparations, Ltd.; Perfumery & Allied Products, Ltd.

BANKRUPTCY.—Male, W. H., 92 Bidston Avenue, Birkenhead, chemist.

Stock Exchange Prices

£1 shares unless otherwise stated	Dec. 30, 1938	Feb. 28, 1939	Mar. 31, 1939
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Allen & Hanburys, 7% Prefd. Ord.	26 3	27 6	25 7½
Amalg. Dental Co., 8% Prefd. Ord.	25 6	25 6	24 0
Deferred £1	11 3	10 3	10 0
Aspro, Ltd., 5s. shares	11 6	12 9	12 6
Ayrton, Saunders & Co., 7½% Pref.	22 9	22 3	22 3
Beechams Pills, Deferred 2s. 6d. shares ...	7 6	6 9	6 6
Benger's Food, Ord.	19 6	19 0	20 6
Benzol & By-Products cum. part. Pref.	18 0	17 9	18 9
Berger (Lewis) & Sons, Ord.	48 0	45 0	45 0
Blundell Spence & Co.	12 3	12 6	12 6
Boake (A.), Roberts & Co., 5% Pref.	20 6	20 6	20 6
Boots Pure Drug, Ord. 5s. shares	39 3	40 6	40 6
Boots Pure Drug, 7% "A" Prefd. Ord.	32 6	31 3	31 3
Boots Cash Chemists (S.), 6% "A" Prefd.	28 6	28 0	28 0
Borax Consol., Dfd. Ord.	27 0	22 0	23 0
Bovril, Ord.	27 1½	25 9	25 6
Ddfd.	20 4½	17 6	17 0
British Industrial Plastics (formerly British Cyanides), Ord. 2s. shares	2 0	2 1½	2 1½
British Drug Houses, The, Ord.	21 9	22 0	22 6
British Glues & Chemicals, 4s. Ord.	4 4½	4 3	4 6
British Oil and Cake Mills, Prefd. Ord.	41 0	41 6	40 9
British Oxygen, Ord.	71 0	75 0	72 6
British Photo. Indus., 6% Cum. Pref.	3 3	3 0½	2 10½
Burt, Boulton & Haywood, Ord.	18 6	17 9	17 0
Bush (W. J.) & Co., 5% Pref. £5	100 0	99 7½	97 6
Callard, Stewart & Watt, Ord.	3 7½	3 7½	3 9
Cooper, McDougall & Robertson, Ord.	27 0	24 3	21 3
Crosfield (Joseph) & Sons, 6½% Pref.	27 0	27 6	26 9
Dubarry Perfumery Ord. 1s.	2 4½	2 3	2 4½
7½% Pref.	21 6	21 0	21 0
Evans Sons Lescher & Webb, Ord. 6s. 8d. shares	3 9	4 0	3 3
" " " 6% cum. part. Pref.	6 3	6 3	5 6
Field (J. C. & J.), Ord.	23 9	23 3	23 9
Galloway (P. H.), Ord. 2s.	2 10½	2 10½	3 0
7½% Cum. Pref.	26 0	23 9	23 9
Genatosen, Ltd., 1s.	5 0	5 0	5 0
Gossage (William), 6½% Pref.	26 9	27 1½	27 0
Greeff-Chemical H'dings, Cum. Pref. 10s.	9 9	9 9	9 3
Ord. 5s.	5 3	4 6	4 3
Griffiths Hughes (Kruschen), Ord.	8 3	8 6	10 3
Groat & Co., Ord.	9 3	8 6	11 0
Hodders, Ord. 1s.	0 7½	0 6	0 6
Ilford, Ltd., Ord.	26 9	25 6	26 3
6% Pref.	25 0	24 3	24 4½
Imperial Chemical, 7% Pref.	31 0	30 0	29 9
Ord.	30 9	32 0	29 6
Intern. Sponge Importers, 6% Pref.	3 6	4 6	5 0
Knight (John), 25% Prefd. Ord.	90 0	81 3	82 6
Laporte (B.) & Co., Ltd., Ord.	83 9	80 0	85 0
Lever Bros., Ltd., 7% Pref.	28 6	28 6	26 9
" " 8% Pref.	30 6	29 6	27 6
" " 20% Prefd. Ord. 5s.	18 3	17 9	16 6
Lewis & Burrows, Ord.	21 3	21 3	21 3
" " 6% Pref.	20 0	20 0	19 9
Liebig's Ext. of Meat, Ord. £5	£14 3	£11 4	£15 1
Macleans 6% Red. Pref.	21 6	22 0	21 6
Mellin's Food, 6% Pref.	1 3	1 3	1 3
Nathan, J. (Glaxo), 7% Pref.	21 6	22 0	22 3
" " 8% Prefd. 10s.	11 4½	11 3	11 3
" " Ord. 1s.	6 0	5 3	5 0
Pears (A. & F.), 5% Deb. £100	£107	£108	£108
Reckitt & Sons, Ord.	102 6	101 0	99 4½
Sangers, Ord. 5s.	21 6	21 3	20 9
" Sanitas," The, Co., 9% Pref.	25 6	24 6	25 0
Sanitas Trust, 10% partic. Pref.	26 9	25 1½	26 0
Smith (Stephen) & Co., Ord. 5s.	8 7½	8 4½	8 0
Spratt's Patent, Ord.	46 6	48 0	51 3
Stevenson & Howell, 6½% Cum. Pref.	23 9	23 6	23 9
United Glass Bottle Man., Ord.	48 9	47 9	46 3
Veno Drug Co., 8% Pref.	24 0	24 4½	23 9
Virol, Ltd., Ord.	29 3	29 0	29 0
7% Pref.	24 6	24 0	23 9
White (A. J.), Ltd., Ord. 10s.	16 9	16 6	14 6
White (Timothy) & Taylors, 7½% Pref.	28 7½	27 3	27 6
Ord. 5s.	22 6	24 9	23 9
Woodlands, Chemists, Ord. 2s.	0 9	0 6½	0 9
Wright, Layman & Umney (1932), 7% cum. Pref.	22 9	23 0	22 6

National Pharmaceutical Union

Executive Meetings

MEETINGS of the Executives of the National Pharmaceutical Union and Chemists' Defence Association were held at 4-5 Queen Square, London, W.C.1, on March 28, Mr. S. J. Stearn in the chair.

LOCAL ORGANISATION

Arrangements were confirmed for a conference of N.P.U. branch secretaries, to be held in London on April 26, to allow as full a discussion as possible on local organisation and on other pharmaceutical affairs; it was agreed that a formal agenda should not be prepared. A resolution from a meeting of delegates from certain branches in Yorkshire requesting the Union to undertake the registration of a trade-name which could be applied to a series of products to be marketed by individual members, in active competition with non-C.F. medicinal products, was remitted for consideration by the general purposes committee in conjunction with an advertising scheme which was already under examination. A further resolution calling on the Executive to recommend all members to discourage by every possible means eligible non-C.F. products newly introduced to the market was accepted by the Executive.

NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE

It was reported that the Ministry of Health had agreed to certain relaxations of tariff requirements in regard to adhesive plasters, and that in future chemists would not be required to stock the following sizes: rubber adhesive plaster (No. 1), $\frac{1}{2}$ in. $\times$ 3 yd.; 2 in. $\times$ 1 yd.; 2 in. $\times$ 3 yd.; zinc-oxide plaster (No. 2), 1 in. $\times$ 1 yd.; 1 in. $\times$ 3 yd.; 2 in. $\times$ 3 yd. A proposal submitted by the Ministry that the directions given on packets of standard dressing No. 2 should be amended to "To be used as directed," but that either the present directions or the new wording should be recognised until January 1, 1940, was accepted. The Executive accepted a proposal by the Ministry that the allowance for hire for oxygen fittings should be reduced to 9d. per week or part of a week, after the first four weeks at the rate of 1s. 6d. a week, since where fittings were used over an extended period, hire charges became out of proportion to the value of the fittings in use. It was decided that representations should be made to the Ministry to secure an increased fee for supply of oxygen to insured patients, in view of the additional services, delivery, demonstration of use, collection, etc., which the chemist almost invariably has to undertake. It was agreed that representations should also be made to secure an increase in the dispensing fee for nebulae and for the proprietary preparations included in Tariff Clause 3 (2).

MEDICINE STAMP DUTY

The secretary reported that he had been in communication with the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and had made representations against any change in the medicine stamp duty position which would adversely affect pharmacists.

C.D.A. Matters

The secretary reported that there had been no developments in respect of twenty-seven claims made against members; in eight other cases which had been left outstanding negotiations had proceeded on the usual lines and settlements had been effected in four. Eight claims had been received since the previous meeting of directors and two had been disposed of by settlements. The settlements included the following:—Shampoo alleged to have caused dermatitis (payment of £50); clothing damaged by hydrogen peroxide (payment of £1 1s.); car damaged by material falling from members' premises (payment of 12s. 6d.); car damaged in collision with cycling errand boy (two cases) (payments of £2 3s. 6d. and £1 1s.); clothing torn on projection in shop (payment of 7s. 6d.). A summons against a member for assault, arising out of an incident which occurred in front of his shop whilst the sunblind was being adjusted, had been defended and the summons had been dismissed. Nine analyses had been made under the "free" arrangement.

Annual Meetings

The eighteenth annual meeting of the Union was held on March 29, Mr. S. J. Stearn in the chair. The secretary read the agenda and stated that notice of the meeting and agenda had been given to each member in accordance with Rule 62. The chairman said that he was pleased to present such a good report. It was noteworthy that the membership had increased and the record of the daily post received and dealt with by the office spoke for itself. Mr. Stearn expressed the appreciation of the Executive for the work done by the secretary (Mr. G. A. Mallinson) and the assistant secretary (Miss B. Sharples). Mr. French moved and Mr. Tristram seconded the adoption of the report. The treasurer (Mr. A. R. Melhuish) moved the adoption of the income and expenditure account, balance sheet and auditors' report. This was seconded by Mr. Yeates and adopted.

The thirty-eighth annual meeting of the Chemists' Defence Association was held on March 29, Mr. S. J. Stearn in the chair. The secretary read the notice convening the meeting and the agenda, which had been sent to every member in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act. The chairman presented the annual report, which, he said, showed only briefly the amount of effort put forward on behalf of the members. He felt the thanks of the directors were due to the secretary (Mr. G. A. Mallinson) who saved the Association a great deal of money and gave satisfaction to clients by his method of dealing with cases. Acceptance of the accounts balance sheet, report of the directors, etc., was moved by Mr. Tristram, seconded by Mr. Atkins, and adopted. It was moved by Mr. Yeates and seconded by Mr. Forster that the following members should be elected directors of the company for the year: Messrs. Atkins, E. A.; Atkinson, W. W.; Brocklehurst, E. A.; Bryan, D. A.; Davies, B. Pugh; Dobson, A.; Evans, J.; Forster, W.; French, J. E.; Hague, J.; Hearle, J.; Heseltine, T.; Marshall, H. H.; Melhuish, A. R.; Scholes, W. I.; Stearn, S. J.; Tristram, W. J.; Yeates, C. J.

The fourth annual meeting of N.P.U., Ltd., was held at 4-5 Queen Square, London, W.C.1, on March 29, Mr. S. J. Stearn in the chair. The adoption of the accounts for the year, and of the auditors' report, was moved by Mr. Evans, seconded by Mr. Atkinson, and carried unanimously. The chairman said N.P.U., Ltd., had fully justified itself; it had done valuable work for pharmacists in business.

Insurance Act Dispensing

ENGLAND AND WALES

Preston.—During 1938, 283,644 N.H.I. prescriptions were dispensed in the Committee's area at a total cost of £9,981 13s. (average cost per prescription, 8½d.); insured persons totalled 56,879; and the number of prescriptions dispensed compared with 307,019 in 1937 and 297,148 in 1936.

Warwickshire.—Recent figures have shown an appreciable decline in the cost of medicines per insured person in the area of the Warwickshire Pharmaceutical Committee. The administrative expenses of the Committee for 1938 amounted to £139, including payment for checking the pricing.

Yorkshire, West Riding.—Three errors by chemists in the dispensing of prescriptions were reported to the Insurance Committee recently and approval was given to the sub-committee's recommendation that in each case the Minister of Health should be asked to impose a fine of £1. Mr. A. Wilde said there appeared to be an increasing number of these cases. He did not think the penalties inflicted were sufficiently strong. Dr. G. H. Sedgwick said chemists did their work with great care. The inaccuracies of which they heard occasionally were of no importance to the patient at all, being merely questions of mathematical discrepancy. Mr. J. T. Appleton denied that the number of such cases was increasing and said that for several years it had been stationary. On two occasions the Minister of Health had refused to confirm fines of £1 recommended by the committee and he thought that larger fines would not be approved.

Science Papers in Edinburgh

THE fifth sessional meeting of the North British Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society was held at 36 York Place, Edinburgh, on March 17, Mr. W. Spence Culbert, chairman of the Executive of the Branch, in the chair. The following are abstracts of the science papers given:—

Syr. Glycerophos. Co., B.P.C.: Estimation of Alkaloids

By D. B. DOTT

It was found that in Garratt's method for the estimation of alkaloids the strychnine was liable to be combined with the colouring matter which was not eliminated. A correct result could not be obtained by titration, either directly or by precipitation with alkali and thorough washing as indicated at the Conference meeting. The most successful method found is as follows: Dissolve the impure strychnine in benzene; extract this solution with water and acid, make it alkaline with sodium hydroxide, extract with chloroform and evaporate. If the strychnine obtained is not completely crystalline and contains some amorphous matter, the solution in benzene, etc., must be repeated. The colouring matter is capable of forming a colloidal compound with strychnine. A solution was prepared containing the caffeine, strychnine, azorubrum and glycerin as in the Codex syrup, but without the glycerophosphates and other ingredients, the alkaloids being dissolved with citric acid. 80 mls. were treated with ammonia and chloroform, as recommended by Garratt. The mixed coloured alkaloids = 0.319 gm. The strychnine from the ferrocyanide precipitate = 0.219 gm. This was dissolved in benzene and further heated, yielding 0.018 gm. not quite free from colour nor as completely crystalline as required.

Strychnine Azorubrate

By D. B. DOTT

AZORUBRUM is given by the B.P. Codex as Latin equivalent of Bordeaux B. It is assumed that the word may be given in English as sodium azorubrate. When equivalent quantities of strychnine hydrochloride and of azorubrum are separately dissolved in water and the solutions mixed the strychnine compound is precipitated. On filtering, the filtrate is strongly red coloured and yields a precipitate of strychnine on addition of sodium hydroxide. But the precipitate after washing and drying is found to be very sparingly soluble in water, about 1 in 1,000. 1. 6.1 gm. strychnine hydrochloride and 3.76 gm. azorubrum were dissolved and the solutions mixed. After some hours the precipitate was filtered and washed, then dried at about 103°. The strychnine recovered from the filtrate and washing weighed 1.69 gm. 1 gm. of the dried salt was stirred with excess of ammonia solution and extracted in a separator with chloroform which was evaporated. The residue weighs 0.528 gm. crystalline but red in colour. 2. 0.582 gm. of the compound was treated with water and sodium hydroxide at about 60°, cooled, and filtered through tared filter. After washing and drying, the precipitate weighed 0.354 gm. Of this precipitate 0.303 gm. was dissolved with acid and water transferred to a separator, excess of NaOH added and the strychnine extracted by four treatments with benzene, which solution was exhausted by successive treatments and water containing sulphuric acid. This acid solution was mixed with excess of soda and extracted with chloroform. The purified strychnine obtained from the chloroform solution weighed 0.246 gm. From the alkaline filtrate and washings of the strychnine precipitate 0.016 gm. strychnine was recovered. These results calculate to 52.06 per cent. strychnine in the azorubrate. 3. 0.788 gm. with 3 gms. sodium carbonate crystals and about 30 mil. water, warmed at 60° for over an hour, and left for five days, had gelatinised into a stiff jelly. Water was added, and the whole gently warmed. On cooling, the solution again gelatinised. The solution was then well diluted and filtered through a tared filter, and the precipitate washed. This process occupied several days. The dried precipitate weighs 0.438 gm. Of this, 0.177 gm. purified by the benzene treatment gave 0.167 gm., indicating 52.31 per cent. strychnine in the azorubrate. It is suggested that the use of Bordeaux B for liquids containing strychnine be discontinued.

Quinine Azorubrate

By D. B. DOTT

QUININE hydroxide 3.78 gm. was dissolved in water with equivalent of hydrochloride acid. 2.31 gm. of azorubrum was dissolved in water and the solution mixed. After some time the precipitate was collected on a filter and mixed with cold water. The filtrate appeared to be colourless. When dried the compound weighed 3.712 gm. of red colour not nearly so dark as the corresponding strychnine salt. By precipitation with NaOH 0.82 gm. alkaloid was recovered from filtrate. 1. 0.5 gm. well heated with excess of NaOH and water was extracted with benzene. This solution was in turn extracted with water and HCl. The acid solutions were then rendered alkaline with NaOH and the alkaloid extracted with carbontetrachloride. On evaporation this yielded 0.285 gm. of alkaloid, distinctly coloured = 57.0 per cent. 2. 1 gm. with 3 gms. Na₂CO₃ and 25 mls. water heated to near boiling for half an hour and left for three days, show no sign of gelatinising, unlike strychnine compound. When filtered, well washed and dried, the precipitate weighed 0.576 gm. = 57.0 per cent. The calculated percentage for the di-quinine salt is 58.69 of anhydrous alkaloid. In none of the experiments tried was the quinine obtained free from the red colouring matter for which it has a strong affinity. The compound is very slightly soluble in water.

The Reputed Pint

By D. B. DOTT

THE "reputed pint" has always been sternly ignored by the standards authorities. It could not be otherwise, as it has no legal recognition or definition. While this is so, brewers and wine merchants have agreed that it is obtained by dividing one gallon into twelve equal parts. This gives a volume for the "pint" of 13½ fl. oz. This illegal measure has now been recognised by the Commissioners of Excise. The regulations state that "the spirits may only be sold in bottles containing not less than a reputed pint (i.e. the ordinary half-bottle)." No definition of the "reputed pint" is given. I have been told unofficially that the minimum for the "pint" is 12½ fl. oz. and this is evidently the case, as the "pint bottles" of three well-known distilleries contain just 12½ fl. oz. So the Commissioners have not only recognised the "reputed pint" but have practically given it a new definition.

Some Titles in Pharmacy

By BLODWEN LLOYD

THE history of a subject is reflected in the words used to define that subject, and many clues to the nomenclature for the pharmacist and his calling may be found in early literature and in etymological dictionaries. The earliest use of the word pharmacy is precisely the same as that of to-day, implying either a place of pharmacy or the art of pharmacy. It is derived from the Greek *φάρμακεία*, a pharmacy; it seems to be allied to *φέρειν*, meaning to bear help—a pleasant tribute to modern pharmacists from ancient Greeks. Two words of later origin, pharmacist and pharmaceutist (1836) seem to be more lasting. Useful though the former is in its precision, it lacks something of appeal to the popular mind. Instead, a pharmacist is popularly known as a chemist, a word which is not particularly descriptive as it applies to two divergent aspects of chemical science, and according to the etymologists, is derived through the Greek *χημία*, transmutation of metals, from the land of Khem, Egypt, whose natives were skilled in metal-working. The word druggist can be traced as far back as 1327, when "drogges de spicerie" meant dried spicer's wares, not necessarily medicinal. Etymologists derive the word from the Dutch *droog*, dry, but they are not too certain, and there are alternative derivations through the French *drogues* from Arab *tiryag*, a remedy, or from the Old Scandinavian *drag*, Polish *drog-i*, costly, or even from the Arab *durawa*, chaff, refuse. It may be wondered why the euphonious word apothecary has fallen out of common usage. In the game of chess

as played to-day the pawn is the least potent piece, and it is now forgotten what he stands for, but in 1474 the pawn . . . "signefyeth the physicien, spicer, apotiquare." Those were not the days of specialisation—"Item to Goldring the potecary for marmalad and other things" (Rutland Papers, 1551). We need not be surprised at the selling of marmalade by the apothecary; indeed, it was only in 1617 that the London Apothecaries' Company parted from the Grocers' Company.

Action of Alkaline Hypobromite on Aloin

By E. J. SCHORN

THE decomposition of barbaloin by means of alkaline hypobromite was investigated by Léger, who claimed that carbon tetrabromide and oxalic acid were produced. No confirmation of this reaction has been found in the literature and it was considered advisable to re-investigate the matter. The official reagent solution of caustic soda was diluted with two to three volumes of recently boiled and cooled water and cooled to about 0° C. To 250 millilitres of the cooled dilution was added, gradually and with shaking after each addition, 20 gm. (6 mls.) of bromine. The reagent so prepared was about 1.5N with respect to alkali and 0.5M to added bromine. 5 gm. of the sample of aloin under investigation was dissolved in about 25 mls. of the cold (3°-5° C.) simple alkaline solution and added quickly to a 250 mil. portion of the cold reagent. The mixture was shaken vigorously for ten minutes or until the organic bromide commenced to precipitate and then left overnight in the ice chest. The precipitate was collected on a hardened paper, or in a sintered glass filter, and washed with ice cold water until free from alkali. The filtrate and washings were reserved for the isolation of oxalic acid. The wet crude carbon tetrabromide was dissolved on the filter by the minimum amount of hot 95 per cent. alcohol. Water was added gradually until the reprecipitated bromide just re-dissolved on further warming, the final alcohol concentration being about 60 per cent. The resultant hot solution was then filtered and left to crystallise. The crystals were collected, washed with cold 60 per cent. alcohol and then recrystallised from that solvent, collected, washed and dried at ordinary pressure over sulphuric acid. The isolated carbon tetrabromide melted at 92° C. and boiled at 189° C. The method of Busch was found satisfactory for the halogen determination and the results were accepted as indicating the actual bromine content. The results of the investigations show that the observations of Léger have been confirmed.

Isotonic Solutions

By E. J. SCHORN

SEVERAL criticisms may be levelled at the B.P.C. data and the general method of calculating the amounts of substances to be dissolved to make isotonic injections and eye lotions by the depression of the freezing-point of water method. With regard to the accuracy of the tables of depressions, Nixon and Culbert obtained results for 1 per cent. solution of magnesium sulphate heptahydrate of 0.100° C. as against the official figure of 0.080° C. Even higher figures have been obtained at the Royal Technical College, Glasgow, i.e., 0.105, 0.107, 0.108, 0.112. These figures represent a depression corrected for under-cooling. It is not at all suggested that any one value is more correct than another, but one is led to believe that all the values might be revised and checked. It is not sufficient to know the depression of the freezing-point of 1 per cent. solutions, but data should be obtained over a range of concentrations. The lowering of the freezing-point of a solvent by the addition of a solute is a colligative property and the degree of depression is dependent upon the number of dissolved particles. The ratio Δ/N is only constant for non-electrolytes but may vary largely for electrolytes (where Δ is the depression and N is the molar concentration). For example, at certain concentrations magnesium sulphate seems to approximate in behaviour to a non-electrolyte, while at higher and lower concentrations it appears to be dissociated to a greater extent. The actual solubility of some solutes at about 0° C. may be much reduced and the degree of association or dissociation may be altered considerably. It may not be assumed that variations in this respect between 0° C. and, say, 37° C. will be to the same degree for all substances.

An Inexpensive Apparatus for pH Determination

By WILLIAM J. PULLAR

THE need for a sturdy electrometric pH outfit having a low cost, and an accuracy approaching 0.02 pH unit, led to the construction of the following apparatus. The electrode assembly was made in the form of the conventional calomel half cell and a glass electrode. The glass electrode was constructed by blowing a bulb of conductivity glass to interference colours. Upon the potentiometer depends the accuracy of the whole apparatus. Commercial models cost anything from £20 to £70, the cost being in proportion to the degree of accuracy required. For an accuracy of 0.02 pH unit, however, a meter bridge gave reliable results when checked by a Cambridge portable potentiometer. The voltage was adjusted with a rheostat and accumulator across a metre of standard gauge Nichrome wire to give 1 volt, giving 1 mm. = 1 millivolt. The valve millivoltmeter was of conventional design. Using an American 32 tetrode valve connected as a triode. This valve is cheap, and has the grid connection at the top of the glass envelope. When the voltages of the electrode system and the potentiometer are equal and opposite the voltage on the grid will be zero, i.e. at earth potential. The apparatus requires a galvanometer of the reflecting type. A further step in reduction of expense was introduced by the substitution of a cathode ray valve for the usual delicate and expensive galvanometer. This gave an accuracy of about 0.02 pH unit. The glass electrode and the end of the bridge are immersed in the liquid or paste under test. The angle of the valve is adjusted to 60° or so. The switch is closed and opened slowly, the potentiometer setting is varied when it will be found that towards one end of the scale the shadow widens at each throw and at the other it closes. As the null-point is passed the movement increases but in the opposite direction. Short wave technique and components were used to obviate losses.

A Note on Valerian; A New Alkaloid

By J. J. BLACKIE AND D. RITCHIE

PREVIOUS work on valerian has been done on the fresh root and investigation into the dried root was therefore suggested. Examination of an alcoholic extract showed, by alkaloidal reagents, the presence of a base. 5 kilos. of the dried powdered Scottish grown root were percolated with petroleum ether to remove oil and resin. The root was then percolated with 90 per cent. alcohol until thoroughly exhausted. The alcohol was recovered by distillation *in vacuo* and the residual extract taken up in water containing 2 per cent. HCl. The acid solution after being well shaken with ether to remove further traces of oil, was filtered and made alkaline with ammonia. The extract was then shaken with amyl alcohol and after repeated extractions and recovery of the amyl alcohol about 10 gm. of a brown syrupy mass were obtained, which dried to a semi-solid in a desiccator. 3 kilos. of the root were macerated with ten litres of water containing 0.1 per cent. acetic acid for one week. The mixture was put into a filter bag and pressed and the extraction repeated with more water. The combined aqueous extracts were filtered and the filtrate further clarified by the addition of lead acetate solution. The precipitate was filtered out and the excess of lead removed with dilute sulphuric acid. The base was then precipitated with a solution of phosphotungstic acid and the precipitate was collected and dried. The phosphotungstate of the base was then decomposed by grinding it up with barium hydroxide and extracting it with water. The excess of barium hydroxide was removed from the solution with sulphuric acid and the excess of sulphuric acid neutralised with lead carbonate. The filtrate contained a solution of the base which was evaporated *in vacuo*. A syrupy mass remained which dried to a semi-solid in the desiccator. Professor H. Dryerre has submitted a preliminary report of physiological experiments on the base. The investigation—still proceeding—has shown that there is a water-soluble base possessing physiological activity present in appreciable quantity in the official dried valerian root, and that the alkaloids chatinine and valerin as found in the stabilised fresh root, and soluble in ether and chloroform respectively, are not present in the dried drug.

On the motion of Mr. Tainsh a vote of thanks was awarded to Dr. Tait for the organising of the series of evening meetings.

Trade Notes

TI-TREE OIL.—Couper, Friend & Co., 33-35 Eastcheap, London, E.C.3, are the agents for Australian ti-tree oil.

STRYCHNINE is advertised in this issue by Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Ltd., Box No. 172, Calcutta, India.

POND'S FACE POWDER.—Pond's Extract Co., Ltd., Perivale, Middlesex, announce the introduction of a new shade of face powder which is to be known as apricot.

BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR.—The Department of Overseas Trade inform us that next year's British Industries Fair will be held in London and Birmingham from February 19 to March 1. 576 exhibitors have already applied for space.

J. FLINT, SANDOZ PRODUCTS, 134 Wigmore Street, London, W.1, have issued as "Modern Therapy, No. 10," an informative booklet, the subject of which is "Some Aspects of the Pain Problem."

CHOCOLATE FOR DIABETICS.—Cadbury Bros., Ltd., Bournville, are making a special chocolate for diabetics, and no sugar whatever is used in its manufacture. Each cube weighs approximately a quarter of an ounce.

FOURTH SCHEDULE POISONS.—The Ethical Pharmaceuticals Association has recommended members to mark the outermost containers of synthetic organic substances coming within the Fourth Schedule of the Poisons Rules with the characters "S.4."

COD-LIVER OIL.—British Cod Liver Oil Producers (Hull), Ltd., St. Andrew's Dock, Hull, have sent us copies of their trade and farmers' price lists for Sol-Vit-Ax cod-liver oil. The company also issue an informative booklet on their "Chick-tested Sol-Vit-Ax and the Vitamin-feed Index." Copies of these booklets will be sent to any chemist on application to the company.

APEX CONSTRUCTION, LTD., Swan House, 133-135 Oxford Street, London, W.1, have been appointed by Birmingham Electric Furnaces, Birlec Works, Tyburn Road, Birmingham, as representatives for the pharmaceutical industry for the sale of the Birlec Lector dryer. This is a machine for removing moisture from gases and certain liquids by means of activated alumina.

CYCLAMEN PERFUMERY.—Coty (England), Ltd., Coty House, 3 Stratford Place, London, W.1, have introduced three new lines in cyclamen, namely lipstick, complexion rouge and cream rouge. The perfume, cyclamen, has of course been marketed by Messrs. Coty for some years. The new cyclamen colour for lipstick has the great advantage of blending with nearly every shade of purple, mauve, blue, black, white, grey—everything, in fact, with the exception of brown and yellow.

Coming Events

Tuesday, April 11

"Daily Mail" Ideal Home Exhibition, Earls Court, London, S.W.5, at 11 a.m. Until May 6.

Wednesday, April 12

Crosby Pharmacists' Association, Liberal Club, Church Road, Great Crosby, at 8.45 p.m. Meeting.

Thursday, April 13

Manchester Pharmaceutical Association, Victoria Hotel, Deansgate, at 8.30 p.m. Joint annual meeting.

Reading Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Great Western Hotel, at 8 p.m. Mrs. J. K. Irvine, M.B.E., on "The Democracy of Pharmacy."

Friday, April 14

South-West London Chemists' Association, Balham Club, Ltd., Ramsden Road, S.W.12, at 9 p.m. Mr. F. Wokes on "Physiology and the Pharmacist."

National Pharmaceutical Employees' Association, 17 Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C.1, at 8.45 p.m. Candidates' meeting.

WIMBLEDON PHARMACISTS' ASSOCIATION.—The annual dinner and dance will be held at the Wimbledon Town Hall on Wednesday, April 19, at 7 p.m. Tickets 10s. 6d. each, from the secretary.

Births

Notices for insertion in this column must be properly authenticated.

WAYMARK.—On April 2, the wife of Donald C. Waymark, son of Mr. G. Waymark (a director of Britton, Malcolm & Waymark, Ltd., London, S.E.1), of a son.

Deaths

CLARKSON.—On April 4, Mr. Thomas Clarkson, chemist and druggist, West Hartlepool, aged ninety-three. Mr. Clarkson was apprenticed locally to Mr. W. G. Jackson, and passed the Modified examination of the Pharmaceutical Society in 1870. Mr. Clarkson took an active interest in municipal affairs. Following the incorporation of the borough of West Hartlepool in 1877, he became a member of the Council and, except for a period of two years, maintained an association with it until his retirement three years ago. In 1895 he was elected mayor and in 1930 he was made a freeman of the borough.

CRIPPS.—On March 31, after an operation, Mr. Richard Augustus Cripps, F.I.C., Ph.C., 11 Osmond Gardens, Hove, aged seventy-six. Mr. Cripps was one of the most widely known of Brighton pharmacists. A native of Goring, Sussex, he was apprenticed in London, gained a Bell scholarship, and passed the Major examination in 1884. He served as demonstrator under Professor Atfield and, attracted by analytical work, took the F.I.C. in 1888, and was appointed public analyst for Bournemouth, a post he held for thirty-five years. He started a small wholesale business in Haywards Heath in 1895, moved to D'Avigdor Road, Hove, in 1904, and built up the highly successful business now known as Cripps & Son. He wrote a book on "Galenic Pharmacy," which was very popular forty years ago, and contributed several papers to the British Pharmaceutical Conference, his special subjects being the cinchona alkaloids and concentrated infusions. Mr. Cripps always maintained a keen interest in pharmaceutical movements; he was a member of the Brighton and Hove Association of Pharmacy, but always declined office because he was not in the retail. He was a past-president of the Brighton, Hove and District Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society, and kept in helpful touch with the developments of the pharmacy department at the Technical College, Brighton. A scholarship, the "Cripps' Exhibition," was provided by him, and several winners have already achieved success in the pharmaceutical world. Mr. Cripps was a man of high ideals and strong principles, and was never afraid to stand up for them. A lifelong abstainer and non-smoker, he held definite religious views, and was chairman and a leading worker of the Brighton branch of the Lord's Day Observance Society. Mr. Cripps had two sons; the elder is a clergyman, and the younger, Mr. D. H. Cripps, is a partner in the firm.

FAIRCHILD.—On March 25, Mr. Benjamin T. Fairchild, president of Fairchild Bros. & Foster, manufacturing chemists, New York and London. Mr. Fairchild was at the office on March 24 and apparently feeling quite well. He fell on the stairs that night and suffered concussion or a fracture of the skull in consequence. He was taken to the hospital in Greenwich, Conn., but did not recover consciousness and died early Saturday morning.

Personalities

MR. HARRY J. COWLEY, Ph.C., senior representative of John Bell, Hills & Lucas, Ltd., manufacturing chemists, London, S.E.26, has been elected a director of the company.

CAPTAIN NOEL MARROW, Indian Medical Service, eldest son of Mr. Alfred C. Marrow, M.P.S., Plymouth, has passed the fellowship examination of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh.

DR. A. J. BRADLEY, son of Mr. T. H. Bradley, M.P.S., Ashgate Road, Chesterfield, has been elected a Fellow of the Royal Society. Dr. Bradley is Assistant Director of Research in Crystallography at the Cavendish Laboratory, Cambridge, and an authority on metals and alloys. He is one of the youngest men to be elected F.R.S.



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CONTENTS

PAGE	PAGE
Births 403	National Pharmaceutical Union 400
Business Changes 393	News in Pictures 395
Canadian Toilet Goods ... 410	News of the Week 393
Coming Events 403	Parliamentary News 398
Company News 399	Personalities 403
Correspondence:—	Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain:—
Letters 414	North British Branch Evening Meeting ... 401
Miscellaneous Inquiries ... 414	Proposed Drug Legislation in India 406
Deaths 403	Retrospect 414
Dispensing Notes 407	Scottish Notes 397
Display for Higher Unit Sales 409	Shopfitting and Display Notes 408
Editorial Articles:—	Stock Exchange Prices ... 399
Proposed Control of Drugs in India 405	Topical Reflections 398
Medical and Dental Registers 405	Trade Notes 403
Insurance Act Dispensing 400	Trade Report 411
Irish Notes 397	Zanzibar Cloves 410
K.I.D. Imports, 1938 410	
Machinery of the Law ... 408	

Proposed Control of Drugs in India

THE Indian Chemical Manufacturers' Association has submitted to the Government of India a memorandum regarding the necessity of drugs legislation in India, together with a draft Bill "to regulate the import, manufacture, storage and sale of drugs in India." The necessity of stamping out the widespread nefarious trade in adulterated and spurious drugs in India has long been realised. In 1937 a Bill with this object was introduced into the Legislative Council, but as this was to be applicable only to imported drugs, it did not meet with approval and was accordingly withdrawn. The Government of India then announced their intention of proceeding with legislation on a more comprehensive scale. The Bill aims at controlling the importation, manufacture and sale of all drugs and medicines, including therapeutic substances. If enacted, this legislation would apply only to British India; the Association states it would be essential that similar legislation should be passed by, and operate in, Indian States and the French and Portuguese States of India.

The draft Bill is composed of twenty-seven clauses, with a large number of sub-clauses and one schedule. Extracts from the Bill are published on p. 406 of this issue. After providing definitions for the various terms, such as "drug," "therapeutic substance," "medicine," "standard quality," etc., the draft Bill prescribes that every drug shall be deemed to be adulterated if its strength, quality or purity differs from the standard set forth in the schedule. It would be an offence to mis-brand any drug, which, upon importation, must be plainly labelled and, in the case of patent or proprietary medicines, the formula must be disclosed or, alternatively, it must have been disclosed to the Central Laboratory, and a licence obtained and notified on the label. The effect of the Bill to this point is that all drugs, medicines, etc., whether imported or manufactured domestically, would have to comply with a specified standard, normally the B.P. or some foreign Pharmacopœia.

A Drug Control Board is to be set up, representative of official, manufacturing, technical and general interests, for the purpose of advising the Central Government in framing rules, etc. Provision is made for the establishment and maintenance of a Central Laboratory for the purpose of research work and testing drugs, training public analysts, prescribing standards of purity and strength. It is proposed that inspectors be appointed for the purpose of detecting the manufacture, importation or sale of spurious drugs. Manufacturers of therapeutic substances in India would be required to take out a licence which would be granted only where conditions of production, testing, and so forth were considered satisfactory.

The foregoing is a brief outline of the main features of the proposed Bill. It is comprehensive, and its enactment and operation would do much to put an end to the enormous traffic in grossly adulterated and utterly spurious drugs. The reputations of British manufacturers of products of the highest repute have suffered by the sale, particularly in the bazaars, of concoctions, generally useless and sometimes harmful, put up in packages bearing their labels and sold at cheap prices as the genuine products. India is by far our largest market for medicinal products, and the proposals now submitted to the Legislative Council should prove beneficial to British manufacturers, for we assume that no distinction will be made between imported and Indian manufactures in the regulations and conditions to be complied with. In a covering note, the Indian Chemical Manufacturers' Association ask the Government to take "early steps for compiling an Indian Pharmacopœia and to introduce pharmacy laws on an all-India basis for the training and registration of pharmacists."

Medical and Dental Registers

THE Medical Register for the year 1939 has just been issued (21s., Constable & Co., Ltd., 10 and 12 Orange Street, London, W.C.2) by the General Medical Council. The total number of names contained in the Register (on December 31, 1938) is 61,420, an increase of 1,257 on the number at the end of 1937 and of 2,130 on the average of the last five years. Registrations during the year number 2,365; this figure is 111 more than in the previous year and 474 more than the average for the past twenty years. The names of 1,142 medical men have disappeared from the Register during 1938 (78 more than the average for the past twenty years). The usual legal, statistical and other information is included in the volume. The Dentists Register for 1939, also issued by the General Medical Council (12s., Constable & Co., Ltd.), contains 14,722 names (14,780 in the previous year), of whom 8,818 are registered with medical, surgical or dental qualifications, and the remainder under the provisions of the Dentists Acts, 1878 and 1921. During the past twelve months 384 persons have been registered with qualifications. Dentists with registrable qualifications now number 59.9 per cent. of the total number on the Register. In addition seven Colonial and fifteen foreign names have been added. The number of names removed from the Register is 643. The Local List at the end of the volume gives under town headings the names of the dentists practising in each place. An inset in this Register supplies a list of bodies corporate carrying on the business of dentistry on January 1, 1939, and of the directors and operating staffs of such bodies. The second edition of the National Register of Medical Auxiliary Services has been issued by the Board of Registration of Medical Auxiliaries. British Medical Association House, Tavistock Square, London, W.C.1. The Register includes names, addresses and qualifications of recognised masseurs, radiographers, dispensing opticians and bio-physical assistants. All whose names are on the Register have signed an undertaking that they will not undertake medical auxiliary work except under the direction and control of a medical practitioner. Chiropodists' names do not appear in the present Register.

Proposed Drug Legislation in India

THE following extracts are taken from a draft of a Bill drawn up by the Indian Chemical Manufacturers' Association, Calcutta, and submitted to the Government of India.

A Bill to regulate the import, manufacture, storage and sale in British India of drugs, medicines and biological products.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—(a) "Drug" means any chemical substance, or combination of chemical substances, or any form of an extract from plant-herb commonly called galenical, used or which may be used as a medicine, or in the preparation of a medicine, or as an ingredient in a medicine, whether such medicine is for human beings or for animals, and whether for internal or external application, and includes for the purposes of this Act therapeutic substances as defined and enumerated in items 2, 3 and 4 of column 1 of the Schedule to this Act. (b) "Therapeutic substance" means and includes substances defined and enumerated in items 2, 3 and 4 of column 1 of the Schedule to this Act. (c) "Medicine" includes patent and proprietary medicines. (d) "Standard quality" when applied to a drug or medicine means that the drug or medicine complies with the standard set forth against it in the Schedule or fixed by the Central Government in exercise of the power conferred by Section 24 of this Act.

Standards of Quality

3. (1) Every drug shall be deemed to be adulterated within the meaning of this Act if its strength, quality or purity differs from the standards set forth against it in the Schedule or any other standards fixed by the Central Government under this Act. (2) Unless a drug is sold in such a manner as plainly to indicate that its quality is to be judged by an authority other than the British Pharmacopœia, and such authority is named, it shall be deemed to be adulterated unless it conforms to the standard of strength, quality and purity for such drug as defined by the latest edition of the British Pharmacopœia, or the British Pharmaceutical Codex, or the Extra Pharmacopœia published by the direction of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain.

4. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in Section 3, the Central Government may, after consultation with the Drug Control Board, make regulations respecting all or any of the therapeutic substances mentioned in items 2, 3 and 4 of column 1 of the Schedule to this Act, (a) prescribing or altering the standards of strength, quality and purity; (b) prescribing the tests to be used for determining whether the standard prescribed as aforesaid has been attained; (c) prescribing units of standardisation; (d) adding to the Schedule any therapeutic substance the purity or potency of which cannot be adequately tested by chemical means; (e) requiring that, if advertised or sold as a proprietary medicine or contained in such medicine, such accepted scientific name, or name descriptive of the true nature and origin of the substance, as may be prescribed, shall appear on the label; (f) requiring that the date of the expiry of potency shall be stated in the prescribed manner on all vessels, containers or other packages in which the substance is sold or offered for sale, and prohibiting the sale of the substance after the expiration of the said period; (g) prohibiting the sale or offering for sale of the substance otherwise than in a vessel or other container of such character as may be prescribed, and requiring that the prescribed label or other description shall be affixed to such vessel or container. (2) Any therapeutic substance shall be deemed to be adulterated if it does not comply with the regulation or regulations made as per sub-section (1) of this section or does not conform to the standard set forth against it in the Schedule.

5. A drug shall be deemed to be misbranded within the meaning of this Act (a) if it is not plainly and conspicuously labelled as to indicate its true character; (b) if it is stated to be the product of a place or a country of which it is not truly a product; (c) if it is sold or offered for sale by a name which belongs to another article; (d) if false or exaggerated claims are made for it upon the label or otherwise; (e) if it is not labelled in accordance with the requirements of this Act; (f) if the package containing it or the label on the package bears

any statement, design or device regarding the ingredients or the substances contained therein, which statement, design or device is false or misleading in any particular; (g) if the package containing it, or the label on the package, bears the name of an individual or of a company claimed to be the manufacturer or producer of the article, which individual or company is fictitious or non-existent.

6. No person shall bring into British India (a) any adulterated drug as defined in Sections 3 and 4 of this Act, or (b) any mis-branded drug as defined in Section 5 of this Act, or (c) any patent or proprietary medicine the formula of which is undisclosed. Provided that the formula would be considered as disclosed if the same is disclosed on the label or labels or if the same is confidentially sent to the Central Laboratory and a licence number obtained and displayed on the label.

8. (1) No person shall import, manufacture or sell, exchange, deliver or have in his possession with intent to sell or exchange within British India any drug which is adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Act, or which does not conform to the standards of purity enumerated and fixed under provisions of this Act.

9. For the purpose of advising the Central Government in carrying out the provisions of this Act and in framing rules thereunder there shall be established a Drug Control Board consisting of twenty-three members, of which twenty shall be elected or nominated and three co-opted.

Therapeutic Substances

22. (1) No person shall manufacture any therapeutic substance unless he holds a licence for the purpose from the Central Government or elsewhere than on the premises in respect of which such licence is in force. (2) A licence under this Section shall continue to be in force for such period as may be prescribed, but may from time to time be renewed for a like or any prescribed period and may extend to all the therapeutic substances mentioned in items 2, 3 and 4 of column 1 of the Schedule or to such one or more of them as may be specified in the licence and shall be issued subject to such conditions as may be prescribed. (3) An applicant for a licence or renewal of a licence shall satisfy the licensing authority that the conditions under which the therapeutic substances are to be manufactured are such as to comply with any regulations made under the Act, and an applicant who so satisfies the licensing authority shall be entitled to the grant or the renewal of the licence. (4) A licence may be revoked or suspended for such period as the Central Government may think fit, if the licensee has failed to comply with the conditions subject to which the licence was issued or with the regulations made under this Act as regards the prescribed standards of strength, quality and purity, and such revocation or suspension may apply to all the therapeutic substances to which the licence applies, or any one or more of them. Provided that a person aggrieved by the revocation or suspension of his licence shall have the right of appeal to the prescribed court.

Drug Control Board

24. (1) The Central Government in consultation with the Drug Control Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act. (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers such rules may: (a) Prescribe the forms of application for licence and of licence for the manufacture of therapeutic substances and the fee that may be charged therefor. (b) Prescribe the standards of strength, quality and purity of any drugs or medicines. (c) Prescribe the test to be used for determining whether the standard prescribed as aforesaid has been attained. (d) Prescribe the units of standardisation. (e) Prescribe the conditions subject to which samples of drugs or medicines may be imported or may be sent for the purpose of examination, test or analysis. (f) Regulate the mode of labelling drugs or medicines imported, manufactured or stored for sale in packages and the matter which may or may not be included in such labels. (g) Prescribe the manner in which the date of expiry of potency shall be stated on all vessels or other

packages in which therapeutic substances are sold. (h) Prescribe the period after the expiration of which from the date of manufacture therapeutic substances may not be imported, sold or offered for sale. (i) Prescribe the nature of vessels or other containers in which therapeutic substances might be sold or offered for sale. (j) Prohibit the imports of any drugs or medicines. (k) Prescribe forms of guarantee about purity, etc., from manufacturer, wholesaler, jobber, manufacturer's agent or other person. (l) Require that the name of the drug shall be conspicuously printed on any wrapper of any patent or proprietary medicines containing drugs. (m) Prescribe the place where the laboratories for testing of samples, etc., should be set up and the functions of these laboratories and the qualifications of the directors to be appointed in charge of these laboratories. (n) Prescribe the qualifications for the election of non-official members of the Drug Control Board, their mode of election, office and the conduct of the meetings, etc. (o) Prescribe the powers, functions and duties of Drug Control Board and Provincial Drug Advisory Committees and the manner in which their business shall be conducted. (p) Prescribe conditions under which drugs shall be tested by the Central Laboratory or other Laboratories.

The Schedule

Standards to be complied with by drugs and medicines

Column 1. Class of Drug or Medicine	Column 2. Standard to be complied with
1. Drugs and medicines capable of standardisation, other than vaccines, serums and other biological products and organo-metallic compounds.	(a) The standards specified in the latest edition of the British Pharmacopœia; or (b) The standards specified in the British Pharmaceutical Codex; or (c) The standards specified in the Extra Pharmacopœia published by direction of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain; or (d) The standards specified in the latest edition of any foreign Pharmacopœia; or (e) The standards which are not recognised in any Pharmacopœia but are found in some generally recognised standard work on materia medica or on drugs; or (f) Any prescribed standard.
2. Vaccines and serums : Diphtheria Toxoid, Diphtheria Antitoxin, Tetanus Antitoxin, Gas Gangrene Antitoxin (Perrfringens) Anti-dysentery serum (Shiga) antigen.	(a) The standards proposed by the Permanent Commission on Biological Standardisation of the League of Nations, or those prescribed in the British Pharmacopœia; or (b) Any prescribed standard.
3. Other Biological products : Pituitary (Post. lobe) extract. Adrenaline Chloride. Anti-neuritic Vitamin (B1) International Standard preparation of Vitamin A Vitamin C Vitamin D Insulin Oestrus-producing hormone. Male hormone.	(a) The standards proposed by the Permanent Commission on Biological Standardisation of the League of Nations, or those prescribed in the British Pharmacopœia; or (b) Any prescribed standard.
4. Organo-metallic compounds : The substance commonly known as salvarsan (dioxo-diaminoarseno - benzol - dihydrochloride) and analogous substances such as Neo-arsphenamine, Arsphenamine, Sulpharsphenamine; which are used for the specific treatment of Syphilis; Pentavalent compound of Antimony used for the treatment of Kala-Azar.	(a) The International standards or the standards prescribed in the British Pharmacopœia; or (b) Any prescribed standard.

Dispensing Notes

By James Carruthers, Ph.C.

PHENOBARBITONE MIXTURE

RECENTLY the following prescription was handed in for dispensing:—

Codeine phos. ...	...	...	gr.ss.
Ammon. carb. ...	...	...	gr.iiij.
Sod. phenobarb. ...	...	...	gr.½
Syr cocillan. co. ...	...	...	℥xxx.
Aq. ad. ...	...	...	ʒij.

The following interesting points were noted:—(1) A solution of codeine phosphate and sodium phenobarbitone threw down a white precipitate; (2) this precipitate dissolved on the addition of the solution of ammonium carbonate. It may be noted that, according to the B.P.C., ammonium bromide and other ammonium salts precipitate phenobarbitone from the sodium salt, but it was found that ammonium carbonate was one ammonium salt which caused no precipitate even after the lapse of twenty-four hours. From several tests made on the precipitate and the solution after filtering it was concluded that the former consisted of phenobarbitone; that the codeine and a small amount of the sodium salt of phenobarbitone also remained in solution. A clear mixture was finally dispensed. It is probable that the codeine phosphate and the sodium phenobarbitone interact to produce phenobarbitone, which is more or less insoluble, codeine, which is soluble in water, and one of the acid sodium phosphate salts, probably NaH_2PO_4 .

VARIATIONS IN FERRI ET QUIN. CIT.

The following prescription, when made up with different samples of ferri et quin. cit. and by different methods of mixing, gave varying results.

Pot. Brom. ...	...	...	ʒx.
Ferri et quin. cit. ...	...	...	ʒiv.
Glycerin ...	...	...	ʒvj.
Aq. chlorof. ad ...	...	...	ʒvj.

The cause of the precipitate was difficult to ascertain, and possible solutions had to be investigated, such as (a) the quality of ferric hydroxide used in the preparation of the ferri et quin. cit., (b) ammonia present, (c) citric acid present.

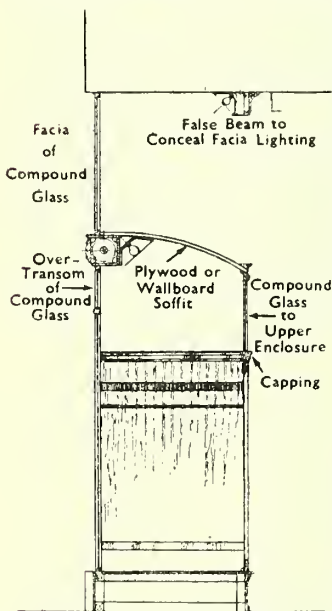
I consider the following method best for the preparation of the ferric hydroxide. The solution of ferric sulphate diluted with four times its volume of distilled water should be poured slowly and continually into the solution of ammonia with constant stirring. The fine precipitate of ferric hydroxide thus obtained dissolves readily in the citric acid. I believe that the precipitate is due to (1) low free citric acid content, (2) excess ammonium citrate. The B.P. allows a small variation in iron and quinine contents in different samples of the product, but no mention is made of the ammonium, citric acid or citrate contents. I observed that when citric acid was added to the ferri et quin. cit. in solution with the pot. brom. precipitation was much slower and was not complete, but the amount of acid necessary to dissolve the precipitate is too large to be used in a medicine. I suggest that the B.P. should lay down a definite standard for ammonia and citrate contents, so that a uniform product is obtained. It is very disturbing to a pharmacist who dispenses a prescription and gets a precipitate when another chemist dispenses the same recipe and produces a mixture in which no immediate precipitate forms, as the contents of the bottle might be taken before the time necessary for precipitation had elapsed. No amount of explaining would convince the customer that both mixtures were dispensed correctly.

"HEAVY WATER."—The therapeutic value of "heavy water"—formed by the combination of oxygen with "heavy hydrogen," i.e., hydrogen of twice the atomic weight of that of ordinary hydrogen—is referred to in an article by Stephens in "The Prescriber," February, 1939, p. 43. The treatment of a case of inoperable cancer of the tongue with injections of this compound is described as satisfactory. Stephens points out that it is difficult to say what the exact method of the action of deuterium is (heavy water is known by the formula D_2O , D=deuterium), but it is possible that from a highly charged nucleus certain emanations arise and affect the mitotic changes of body cells.

Shopfitting and Display Notes

PAYMENT FOR DISPLAY SPACE.—A manufacturing organisation in the furniture trade has informed its customers that it will contract for display space in retailers' windows, making payment monthly. The company concerned considers that display space in a shop should be paid for on the same basis as advertisement space in the Press.

THREE-PLY GLASS IN PHARMACY SHOPFITTING.—The accompanying sketch, representing a cross-section of a shop-front, has been prepared by the designer for a firm of shopfitters to show how the glass, known as Thermolux (see *C. & D.*, October 1, 1938, p. 355) can be utilised to secure maximum natural light for the pharmacy. The facia is of compound glass and the blind-box is fixed between this and the frieze or over-transom. From the top of the blind-box, the soffit of the window-enclosure (comprising plywood or wallboard supported on angle irons) is curved so that the fullest possible benefit is obtained from the glass facia. By means of a false beam fixed to the ceiling, lamps which give the facia a luminous external effect by night are concealed from view inside the shop. It is suggested that the best effects from both natural and artificial lighting are obtained if the upper surface of the soffit is painted a light colour. The use of the same glass for the frieze or over-transom (as on sketch) is not essential. If used in this position, clear glass panels might be introduced at intervals to reveal the carboys, and there seems to be



no practical objection to placing the transom at the same height as the capping of the enclosure panelling to provide sufficient space for swan-neck carboys.

BLENDED LIGHT.—In a review of pharmacy lighting (*C. & D.*, November 5, 1938, p. 507) reference was made to the practical possibilities of using blended light (mercury-vapour discharge lamps with ordinary tungsten lamps). Data as to the cost of this method was given recently by a store-lighting engineer (Mr. A. W. Jervis) at the Barratt Street Technical School, London. Mr. Jervis took for purposes of comparison a 12-ft. window equipped with eight 200-watt lamps spaced 18 in. apart, and based his figures on a two-part tariff of £6 per kilowatt and ½d. per unit. Two schemes of blended light were compared with an existing installation (A in table below). Scheme B provided the same light value as A, but with a reduced wattage (using eight 100-watt tungsten lamps and four 80-watt mercury discharge lamps). Scheme C provided greater light than A at practically the same wattage (using eight 150-watt tungsten lamps and four 125-watt mercury-discharge lamps). The comparative figures were:—

	Watts	Lumens	Annual Current Cost	Annual Lamp Cost	Total Cost, including current at 2½d. per unit
A	1,600	23,200	£ s. d. 19 12 0	£ s. d. 6 12 0	£ s. d. 56 12 0
B	1,120	22,800	13 12 11	14 8 0	49 8 0
C	1,700	36,240	20 16 6	18 4 0	71 6 0

Mercury-vapour discharge lamps are unsuitable for separate use in a shop window, owing to the monochromatic light they provide, some form of colour correction being necessary. The absence of red in mercury lamps is balanced by the excess of red in ordinary tungsten filament lamps. The normal life of a tungsten lamp is 1,000 hours, and of a mercury vapour discharge lamp 1,500 hours. A lumen (column 2, above) is the standard of light measurement, one candle-power equaling 12.57 lumens.

Machinery of the Law

THE large, heavy police sergeant carried an absurdly small attaché case into my pharmacy. "Good morning, sir," he said. Then, bowing stiffly, he dropped his voice, and there was an almost apologetic look on his face. "Have you a back shop where I could make a small purchase?" "Certainly!" was my reply. "Come through here, sergeant." He followed me into the dispensary, placed his bag on the counter and said, "Will you please supply me with four ounces of sweet nitre?" As he was speaking, his large hands were busy with the bag, which he had now opened, drawing from it—much in the manner of a conjuror from a hat—three 4-oz. bottles, corks, sealing wax, stamping die, pencil and matches. Then he glanced around in some perplexity as I appeared, bearing the spt. ath. nit. bottle. "If you have any container to put the sweet nitre into, until I can divide it into these three bottles—" I diplomatically suggested it would be a good plan to have the corks ready for immediate closure of the bottles. "Most certainly, sir," he agreed, arranging the bottles in a row with the corks near at hand. I inserted a small funnel into the first bottle, measured the sweet nitre, and was about to divide it equally into the bottles when the sergeant put forward his hand. "If you'll allow me, sir," he murmured, taking the measure from me, "you see, sir—" his voice trailed into silence as he handled the measure, and two minutes later he was pressing home the corks with those large, awkward fingers. During the operation of cutting the corks flush with the bottle necks I asked if he would like the use of a spirit lamp for melting the wax. He shook his head

and indulged in a superior smile. "Thank you, sir, no." And I was interested to see, for the first time in my experience, a stick of sealing wax furnished with a wick, on the same principle as a candle. The sergeant then produced the labels, which he licked thoroughly, applying one to each bottle and patting it down almost affectionately. Next he picked up the stump of pencil, wetted it on his tongue and entered the necessary particulars on each label. "You understand, sir, that this purchase is for the purposes of the Foods and Drugs Act," he observed, tapping the official slip of paper which rested amongst his exhibits. "Oh, quite," I assured him. The next item in the ceremony was the opening of his notebook. The sergeant sucked his pencil thoughtfully for a moment and said: "The full name, sir, please." This he wrote out in a full, round hand, other particulars being added before he cleared his throat and delivered a little oration, like an amateur actor reciting a well-rehearsed line. "If for any reason this sample should prove unsatisfactory, do you wish to make any statement, sir?" I replied that it was sold to him exactly as received, which gem of truth was faithfully recorded. He placed sixpence on the counter as payment for his purchase, and I had to remind him that this was not sufficient. "Ah, quite so, sir. I'm sorry." The amount paid was carefully entered in his notebook, and finally he invited me to choose and retain one of the bottles, the others, with his apparatus, being returned to the bag. My polite sergeant called again a week or two later to inform me, with considerable pride, that the sample had been found satisfactory.—A. S. (6/75).

Display for Higher Unit Sales



A GOOD deal of ink has been put to paper in trade journals in attempts to improve the standard of window display in this country. But all too often they demand the construction of elaborate screens and cut-outs. Such properties, while attractive and useful, may involve a greater expenditure than the average retail chemist is prepared to consider, especially if he is not an expert showcard artist or carpenter or if he has little skill in manipulating a fret-saw. Even if he should have all the necessary ability and experience, often the opportunity to make use of them is denied him through lack of time to construct elaborate settings. To-day, manufacturers devote so much time and money to making their products as attractive to the eye as possible that the goods themselves, arranged in simple patterns, frequently make the best type of display for a pharmacist's window.

"Co-Related" Displays

On the whole chemists' windows are attractively dressed within prescribed limits, but with a little forethought and ingenuity the display man can often succeed in grouping associated items and thus greatly increase the number of sales attributable to the display. An idea that the writer has proved to be successful consists of linking together articles that ordinarily are sold separately, and making the display tell a "story" about them. For want of a better name, these displays may be termed "co-related" displays. There is no end to the variations that can be obtained by this method, and an example is shown in the illustration that accompanies this article. The theme of the display is "Feet First"—a suitable subject for a window show put in during the month of May. As can be seen, instead of relying solely on the inclusion of, say, a few cartons of corn cures in a general seasonal window, the whole is devoted to preparations that are necessary or beneficial for foot comfort. Several products are grouped together around an explanatory showcard to induce an individual purchase. With a window of this type it is possible to sell three or four featured items together. In this instance, the goods chosen were corn rings, dusting powder and foot-bath salts. Other specialties could be selected instead, depending on what each retailer would normally

recommend in his own business—for example, a corn paint, boric socks and surgical spirit. With this kind of display it is essential to have some central focus-point to catch the eye of the passer-by and link together in his mind the lines displayed. The show-card employed for this purpose in the display shown is 20 in. by 14 in. in size and incorporates a photograph of a pair of feet and the words "Feet First." The photograph and the somewhat peculiar or mystifying slogan are in themselves sufficient to arouse interest and curiosity and to arrest potential customers as they pass by, causing them to stop and inspect the window. If the person who thus stops is having any sort of trouble with his feet, the explanatory showcard is sufficient, in many instances, to effect a sale of the three main articles. At various times the preparation of showcards has been the subject of articles in these columns, and many readers will no doubt be able to produce the cards without difficulty, but in any event to write the straightforward showcards used in the present display is really very simple. For the showcards to be used in "co-related" displays need not be works of art; in fact, quite often their power of attraction lies in their very "amateurishness," for they stand out at once from the superior lithographed cards issued by the manufacturers. The lettering is done with an "even-stroke" pen (see *C. & D.*, 1937, I, 192). Retailers who do not feel capable of even this standard of showcard writing will find there is a ticket writer or showcard artist in most towns who will prepare one of the simple showcards suggested for a trifling sum. Most chemists will be able to take or obtain a photograph of a pair of feet, but if this is not possible to any readers of this article copies of the

whole-plate photograph used in the showcard illustrated can be purchased from the Publisher of the *C. & D.* at a nominal charge (2s. each). This will enable retailers, whatever their difficulties, to proceed with the window at a minimum of trouble. The display is perfectly straightforward to construct. Where the base and back of the window are in good condition there is no need to use crêpe paper or, in fact, drapings of any kind. If crêpe paper is necessary or preferred, a dark paper is recommended for draping the back of the window and a light one at the sides and base. Thus, in the arrangement illustrated, the back of the window is in deep red and the bottom and sides in white, with contrasting tubes on each. The "Feet First" showcard is placed centrally about a foot above the deck of the window. On a shelf directly above is this explanatory showcard:—

Chemists who pack their own lines could offer inducement to the customer to make a purchase by allowing a small reduction on the three lines bought at one time. On the shelf, with the explanatory showcard, are a few of the selected "co-related" items. At the back, in a fan-shaped arrangement, are boric or loofah socks, with their own smaller card. The rest of the window is a simple but tasteful arrangement of goods, with small explanatory showcards where necessary. The goods displayed are corn cures, dusting powder, powder blowers, foot cream, foot-bath salts, lanolin ("To keep the soles of the feet soft and pliable"), animal wool, surgical spirit, socks, arch supports, metatarsal pads, bunion reducers. The illustration is of a small window, but the display could be adapted to windows of any size.—*Spencer Wells* (5/4).

FOOT COMFORT
FOR 19

CARNATION CORN CAPS	9°
TO REMOVE CORNS PAINLESSLY	
BORACIC, ZINC & STARCH	6°
DUSTING POWDER. TO KEEP THE FEET COOL ALL DAY.	
PINE FOOT-BATH SALTS	6°
FOR ACHING, BURNING FEET.	
TRY THEM - THEY'RE WORTH IT	

Zanzibar Cloves

THE report of the Clove Growers' Association for the three months ended December 31, 1938, shows the supplies received and the exports during this period were as follows:—

Supplies		Exports	
Zanzibar	... 405,838 lb.	To all	
Pemba	... 959,906 lb.	destinations	3,738,186 lb.

Of the total supplies, 972,259 lb. passed through the Zanzibar market, 507,073 lb. were offered to and purchased by the Association. Of this latter quantity, 393,485 lb. only were entered into Zanzibar, the balance being held in Pemba. Export destinations and quantities were as follows:—

	Bales	lb.
Dutch East Indies	... 13,503	... 1,890,465
Bombay and Indian Ports	... 8,355	... 1,169,643
America, North-South	... 3,377	... 472,760
United Kingdom and Continent	... 627	... 87,780
All other destinations	... 839	... 117,538

In terms of standard bales (140 lb. net) supplies 9,755, exports 26,701. Of the exports the Association supplied 2,395,251 lb., a little over 64 per cent. of the total. Exports for the calendar year 1938 at 17,606,396 lb., compare with 13,565,920 lb. in 1937 and 23,036,971 lb. in 1936, indicating there was some recovery from the difficulties during the preceding year.

The suggestion in last quarter's review that the current harvest was likely to be extremely poor is materialising as will be seen from the fact that the deliveries from July 1, 1938, to December 31, 1938, half the seasonal year, were 2,670,174 lb. being 76,291 frasilas, or 19,073 standard bales, only: of this quantity Zanzibar supplied 25 per cent. Stocks in the hands of exporters at the end of the quarter must have been very small. The overall quality was inferior to that of last season, due to the abnormal weather conditions during the quarter.

Stems and Oil

Supplies during the quarter were 260,678 lb. The distillery absorbed 1,102,470 lb., the requirements in excess of the supplies being taken from the stocks of the Association. The price for commercial quality stems remained unchanged at Shs. 7 per 100 lb. Exports of oil during the quarter were 65,904 lb. During the year 1938 exports were 235,518 lb., comparing with 95,269 lb. in 1937 and 62,389 lb. in 1936.

Export Destinations

Details of destinations of exports of Zanzibar cloves during the past three years were as follows:—

Countries	1936	1937	1938
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
India	64,026	14,624	35,075
Great Britain & Northern Ireland	6,629	10,924	1,927
Straits Settlements	1,281	1,219	688
Canada	979	1,090	706
Dutch East Indies	100,564	58,570	93,113
United States of America	19,428	16,924	17,075
Germany	3,266	10,136	1,650
Italy	—	—	63
Japan	1,265	800	322
Holland	377	580	364
Egypt	2,540	2,181	1,207
Brazil	753	197	—
Sweden	32	31	—
Denmark	164	—	—
Norway	—	32	—
Spain	95	—	—
Australia	1,070	1,199	949
Aden	1,328	989	2,273
All other countries	1,890	1,632	1,608
Total cwt.	205,687	121,128	157,200
	OR	OR	OR
Frs.	658,199	387,610	503,040

Canadian Toilet Goods

The value of production in Canada of toilet goods of all descriptions during 1937 amounted to \$8,063,798, compared with \$7,415,500 in 1936. Details of the 1937 output are as follows:—

Class of Product	Toilet preparations industry	Medicinals and pharmaceuticals	Soaps and washing compounds industry	Total for all industries
Alcoholic, not less than 5 per cent. alcohol:—	\$	\$	\$	\$
Perfumes	362,130	84,392	20,293	466,815
Toilet waters and lotions	448,807	233,447	65,152	747,406
Cologne water, Florida water, Bay rum and all toilet waters and lotions sold to the barber trade	96,542	38,562	—	135,104
Non-alcoholic:—				
Creams, solid or liquid, all kinds	875,527	219,924	3,280	1,098,731
Brilliantine, oily or liquid	71,685	31,539	9,621	112,845
Face powders	671,563	157,943	19,482	848,988
Talcum powders	245,336	199,527	52,312	497,175
Sachet powders	17,915	1,449	—	19,364
Lipsticks	242,671	2,805	3,620	249,096
Compacts (powders and rouge)	283,186	7,520	1,207	291,913
Shampoo powders and liquids	69,576	41,686	44,637	155,899
Bath salts	104,111	10,285	5,000	119,396
Lotions and toilet waters, non-alcoholic	53,461	14,237	—	67,698
Manicure preparations	327,723	2,150	—	329,873
Tooth pastes and tooth powder	901,981	357,705	340,827	1,600,513
All other toilet preparations	939,660	364,623	18,699	1,322,982
Total	5,711,874	1,767,794	584,130	8,063,798

K.I.D. Imports 1938

THE Board of Trade accounts contain the following details of the value of goods liable to key industry duty entered in the United Kingdom during the year ended December 31, 1938, with the comparative figures for 1937. In THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, January 7, 1938 (p. 18) we published a table of values of imports of these goods landed during the financial year April 1 to March 31, for the past five years.

DESCRIPTION	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31	
	1937	1938*
	£	£
Optical glass and optical elements, whether finished or not, microscopes, field and opera glasses, theodolites, sextants, spectroscopes and other optical instruments, and component parts of such optical instruments	688,431	686,223
Beakers, flasks, burettes, measuring cylinders, thermometers, tubing and other scientific glassware and lamp-blown ware, evaporating dishes, crucibles, combustion boats, and other laboratory porcelain	125,370	119,488
Galvanometers, pyrometers, electroscopes, barometers, analytical and other precision balances, and other scientific instruments, component parts of such scientific instruments, gauges and measuring instruments of precision of the types used in engineering machine shops and viewing rooms, whether for use in such shops or rooms or not	498,241	503,858
Activated carbons and decolourising carbons not being of animal origin	57,113	35,467
Amorphous carbon electrodes, but not including primary battery carbons or arc-lamp carbons	11,367	2,083
Metallic tungsten, ferro-tungsten and manufactured products of metallic tungsten, and compounds (not including ores or minerals) of thorium, cerium and the other rare earth metals	76,232	53,316
Molybdenum, ferro-molybdenum and molybdenum compounds, and vanadium, ferro-vanadium and vanadium compounds (but not including ores or minerals of molybdenum or vanadium)	113,027	148,794
Ferro-titanium containing not more than 2 per cent. carbon, manganese metal containing not more than 1 per cent. carbon, and chromium metal	4,865	4,349
All synthetic organic chemicals (other than synthetic organic dyestuffs, colours, and colouring matters imported for use as such and organic intermediate products imported for their manufacture), analytical reagents, all other fine chemicals (except sulphate of quinine of vegetable origin) and chemicals manufactured by fermentation processes	993,878	963,622

* Not including Government stores in 1938.

Trade Report

Where possible scales of prices of chemicals are given for bulk down to small quantities. Prices recorded for crude drugs, essential and fixed oils and coal tar products are for fair sized wholesale quantities. Qualities of chemicals, drugs, essential and fixed oils, etc., vary, and selected brands or grades would be at higher values

28 Essex Street, W.C.2, April 5

THE HOME TRADE business in many products has been fairly good this week although the orders continue chiefly for restricted quantities. Re-export business to the Continent has also been quite good in one or two natural products. The further advance in the price of metal may well force home makers of MERCURIALS to advance their sales prices. Another metal, BISMUTH, has been advanced, but so far there has been no change in makers' prices for the SALTS.

Business in CRUDE DRUGS has been on quite a fair scale this week and London stocks continue to be reduced, with fresh arrivals comparatively negligible. CURAÇAO ALOES continue in demand on spot at full prices. BISMUTH METAL is quoted dearer. CARDAMOMS remain dull and easy so far as shipment business is concerned. The demand in the shipment market for COD-LIVER OIL remains slow and the market is rather easy. Polish ERGOT is quoted dearer. The firm conditions in Sudan GUM ACACIA is reported to be maintained, with arrivals at the source still poor. JAMAICAN HONEY is quoted dearer for shipment, and the spot market for the manufacturing grades is firm. MATTO GROSSO IPECACUANHA is quoted dearer for shipment. MENTHOL is about steady, with the Chinese product attracting increasing attention. Spanish-Italian MERCURY is again quoted dearer for spot and shipment. Good export sales of OPIUM reported. Firm prices for the very limited spot stocks of rough round RHUBARB are recorded; one shipment offer at a high figure. RUBBER shows a small decline on the week. Best quality Valencia SAFFRON is said to be scarce on spot. SENEGA continues very steady on spot with no shipment offers.

The ESSENTIAL OILS markets have done a moderate business, mostly in spot goods. ANISE (STAR) remains dull. CASSIA is still a slow market, but the quantity of good quality oil is stated to be limited. Shipment quotations for Australian EUCALYPTUS continue firm, particularly for good brands. Bourbon GERANIUM is slightly dearer forward. Shipment quotations for new crop Sicilian LEMON vary as to quality. Supplies at the source of selected parcels are said to be small, while there is an abundance of oil not of B.P. standard which is offered at cheap prices. OLIVE is steadier. French Guinea ORANGE is fully steady for shipment, and spot values for good quality new crop oil are rather better. Japanese PEPPERMINT continues to sell well on spot and the market is steady. TI-TREE continues firm and tends dearer, spot and forward.

Exchange Rates on London

The following is a list of the chief Continental and other exchange rates at the opening on Wednesday morning:—

Centre.	Quoted	Par	March 30	April 5
Amsterdam ...	Fls. to £	12·107	8·82	8·82
Berlin ...	Mks. to £	20·43	11·66	11·67
Brussels ...	Belgas to £	nominal	27·82	27·80
Copenhagen ...	Kr. to £	18·159	22·40	22·40
Lisbon ...	Esc. to £	110	110	110
Madrid ...	Ptas. to £	25·24½	nominal	nominal
Milan ...	Lire to £	92·46	89	89
Montreal ...	Dols. to £	4·86½	4·70½	4·70
New York ...	Dols. to £	nominal	4·68½	4·68½
Oslo ...	Kr. to £	18·159	19·90	19·90
Paris ...	Fr. to £	124·21	176½	176½
Prague ...	Kr. to £	164·25	nominal	nominal
Stockholm ...	Kr. to £	18·150	19·40	19·40
Warsaw ...	Zloty to £	43·38	24½	24½
Zurich ...	Frs. to £	25·2115	20·82	20·84

Bank rate 2 per cent.

Pharmaceutical Chemicals, etc.

GENERAL trade continues on a routine scale. The further advance in the metal seems certain to force makers of mercurials to advance their sales prices.

ASPIRIN (TABLETS).—The agreed scale of prices for bulk quantities continues steady at the recent reductions: Under 5,000, 2s. 10d. per 1,000 tablets; 5,000, 2s. 8d.; 10,000, 2s. 7d.; 25,000, 2s. 5d.; 50,000, 2s. 4d.; 100,000, 2s. 3d.; 250,000, 2s. 2½d.; 500,000, 2s. 2d.; 1,000,000, 2s. 1d. per 1,000 tablets. Wholesale distributors' prices for small quantities would be at higher figures.

BARBITONE.—Spot prices are keen, market quiet: spot, two cwt., 8s. 11d.; 56 lb., 9s. 2d.; less than 56 lb., 9s. 5d. per lb.

BENZOIC ACID (B.P.).—Quoted unchanged, average business: five cwt., 1s. 7½d.; one cwt., 1s. 8d.; smaller parcels, from 1s. 9d. to 2s. 2d. per lb., ex store, as to quantity.

BISMUTH SALTS.—Makers' home trade and export scales of prices for these salts continue steady. Metal prices have advanced:—

	Net Monthly Account			Net 14 days	
	Under 4 lb.	4 lb. and under 8 lb.	8 lb. and under 28 lb.	28 lb. and under 1 cwt.	Not less than 1 cwt.*
Carbonate ...	s. d. 8 6	s. d. 8 0	s. d. 7 3	s. d. 6 9	s. d. 6 6
(Home Trade only)					
Citrate ...	11 10	11 4	10 7	10 1	9 10
Nitrate Cryst. ...	6 8	6 2	5 5	4 11	4 8
Oxide ...	12 11	12 5	11 8	11 2	10 11
Salicylate ...	10 0	9 6	8 9	8 3	8 0
Subchloride ...	12 8	12 2	11 5	10 11	10 8
Subgallate ...	9 8	9 2	8 5	7 11	7 8
Subnitrate ...	7 10	7 4	6 7	6 1	5 10

* Contracts are booked for 1 cwt. and upwards for delivery over three months and are subject to a rise and fall clause. A rebate of 3d. per lb. is allowed on sales of not less than a cwt. (assorted if required) provided delivery is completed within three months. All deliveries ex contract are sold on net cash 14 days' terms.

CITRIC ACID (B.P. CRYSTALS).—Average business: British material quoted at 1s. 0½d. per lb., less 5 per cent. discount, nominal and without engagement. Dealers' prices for imported material are competitive.

CREAM OF TARTAR.—Market is steady: British material, 99 to 100 per cent., 92s. per cwt., less 2½ per cent. discount. Dealers' prices for foreign material competitive.

LACTIC ACID (B.P.).—Quoted unchanged: in carboys, 1s. 4d. to 1s. 5d.; in winchesters and bottles, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 10½d. per lb., as to quantity.

MERCURIALS.—Makers' prices very firm, tending to advance:—

	Less than 28 lb.	Not less than 28 lb.	Not less than 112 lb.
Ammoniated Lump B.P. (White Precip.) ...	s. d. 6 10	s. d. 6 6	s. d. 6 5
Powder B.P. ...	7 0	6 8	6 7
Bichloride Lump B.P. (Corros. Sub.) ...	6 1	5 9	5 8
Powder B.P. ...	5 9	5 5	5 4
Chloride B.P. (Calomel) ...	6 10	6 6	6 5
Red Oxide Cryst. B.P.C. (Red Precip.) ...	7 11	7 7	7 6
Levig. B.P.C. ...	7 5	7 1	7 0
Yellow Oxide B.P. ...	7 3	6 11	6 10
Persulphate White ...	7 0	6 8	6 7
Sulphide Black (Hyd. Sulph. cum. Sulph. 50%)	6 11	6 7	6 6

Net. Strictly without engagement. Usual terms. Special prices for larger quantities and for contracts.

METHYL SALICYLATE.—Continues steady at makers' prices: spot, ten cwt., 1s. 1½d.; five cwt., 1s. 2d.; one cwt., 1s. 2½d.; less than one cwt., 1s. 3d.; small quantities, in bottles, up to 2s. per lb.

METHYL SULPHONAL.—Dealers' prices are keen: two cwt., 19s. 3½d.; one cwt., 19s. 9½d.; 56 lb., 20s. 2½d.; small parcels, up to 20s. 8d. per lb.

PARALDEHYDE.—Quiet demand: in carboys, quoted from about 1s. 2d., and in winchesters from 1s. 5d. to 1s. 6d. per lb.

PHENACETIN.—Makers' prices are unchanged: crystals or powder, bulk quantities, from 2s. 6d.; smaller parcels, 2s. 7d. up to 3s. per lb., as to quantity.

PHENAZONE.—Market is dull and irregular: crystals, five cwt., 6s. 9½d.; two cwt., 7s.; one cwt., 7s. 3d.; and less, up to 7s. 6d. per lb., with powder 2½d. per lb. extra.

PHENOLPHTHALEIN.—A quiet market: two cwt., 2s. 9d.; one cwt., 2s. 10d.; 28 lb., 3s.; 14 lb., 3s. 1d.; 7 lb., 3s. 2d.; smaller parcels, up to 3s. 6d. per lb.

PHENYLETHYLBARBITURIC ACID.—Dealers' prices, in 2-lb. bottles, are steady at about 16s. to 17s. per lb., as to quantity.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS.—Home makers' prices are as follows: AMIDOL.—28 lb., 8s.; 14 lb., 8s. 9d. net; 7 lb., 9s. 6d., in free 7-lb. tins; under 7 lb., 12s. per lb., in free 1-lb. bottles, less 2½ per cent. monthly terms. CHLOROQUINOL.—1-lb. bottles, 21s. per lb. GLYCIN.—7 lb., 10s. 6d.; 1-lb. bottles, 13s. 6d. per lb. HYDROQUINONE.—56 lb., 4s. 10½d.; 28 lb., 5s.; 14 lb., 5s. 3d.; 7 lb., 5s. 6d.; in 1-lb. bottles, 6s. 6d. per lb. METOL.—28 lb., 9s. 6d.; 14 lb., 9s. 9d. net; 7 lb.,

10s. 6d., tins free; 3 lb., 12s., bottles free; 1-lb. bottles, 12s. 6d. per lb., bottles free, less 2½ per cent., monthly terms. ALUM (PHOTOGRAPHIC QUALITY).—1 cwt., 21s. per cwt.; 28 lb. for 6s. GOLD CHLORIDE.—15-grain tubes, 45s. per doz. MAGNESIUM POWDER.—10s. per lb. PARAMIDOPHENOL HYDROCHLOR.—8s. 6d. per lb., bottle free. POTASSIUM FERRICYANIDE.—14 lb., 2s. 2d.; 7 lb., 2s. 4d.; 1 lb., 2s. 6d. per lb. POTASSIUM METABISULPHITE.—One cwt., 8d.; 28 lb., 9d.; 14 lb., 10d.; 7 lb., 1s. per lb. PYROGALLIC ACID, CRYST.—One cwt., 7s. 9d.; 56 lb., 8s.; 28 lb., 8s. 3d. net; 14 lb., 9s. 9d.; less than 7 lb., 10s. 3d. per lb., less 2½ per cent., monthly account. Resale in small packages: 1-oz. bottles, 2s.; 4-oz., 5s. 3d.; 8-oz., 9s.; 16-oz. bottles, 16s. 1½d. each, less 3½ per cent. to the trade. RESUBLIMED.—1-oz. bottles, 2s. 6d.; 4-oz., 6s. 6d.; 8-oz., 11s. 3d.; 16-oz. bottles, 20s. 3d. each, less 3½ per cent. to the trade. SODIUM CARBONATE, RECRYST.—5 cwt., 12s. 6d. per cwt.; 1 cwt., 15s. 6d. per cwt.; 56 lb. for 11s. 6d.; 28 lb. for 6s. SODIUM HYPOSULPHITE, CUBES, CRYST.—5 cwt., 17s.; 1 cwt., 19s. 6d. per cwt.; 56 lb. for 11s. 6d.; 28 lb. for 6s. SODIUM SULPHIDE (PURE).—7 lb., 1s. 9d.; 1 lb., 2s. per lb., bottles and jars free. SODIUM SULPHITE, RECRYST.—One cwt., 21s. 6d. per cwt.; 56 lb. for 13s. 6d.; 28 lb. for 7s.

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE (B.P.).—British makers' scale of prices for home trade is as follows: Not less than one cwt., 10½d.; not less than three cwt., 10d., in drums; not less than 5 cwt., 9½d. in 1-cwt. drums and 9½d. in 5-cwt. drums, net, delivered buyer's station, drums free. Technical or commercial quality, one cwt., 96s.; three cwt., 91s. 6d.; five cwt., 89s.; one ton, 86s. 6d. per cwt., in 1-cwt. drums.

POTASSIUM SULPHOGUAIACOLATE.—Market dull: spot quotations steady at about 6s. 2d. per lb., as to quantity.

QUININE SALTS.—Convention prices continue steady: Sulphate, 2s. 3d.; bisulphate, 2s. 3d.; ethyl carbonate, 2s. 11d.; salicylate, 2s. 11½d.; hydrochloride, 2s. 10d.; dihydrochloride, 3s. 1½d.; hydrobromide, 2s. 10d.; dihydrobromide, 3s. 1½d.; valerianate, 3s. 9½d.; phosphate, 3s. 5½d.; hydrophosphate, 4s. 1½d.; alkaloid, 3s. 1½d. per oz., 100-oz. tins free, carriage paid on bulk quantities.

RESORCIN.—Makers' prices steady: crystals, 56 lb., 5s. 6d.; 28 lb., 5s. 7d.; 14 lb., 5s. 9d.; 7 lb., 6s.; less than 7 lb., up to 6s. 6d. per lb.

SALICYLIC ACID (B.P.).—Quoted unchanged: five cwt., 1s. 7d.; one cwt., 1s. 7½d.; 28 lb., 1s. 10d.; 14 lb., 1s. 11d.; 7 lb., 2s. 0½d.; 4 lb., 2s. 2½d. per lb.

SODIUM SALICYLATE (B.P.).—Makers' prices unchanged: home trade, crystals or powder, five cwt., 1s. 5½d.; one cwt., 1s. 6d.; 28 lb., 1s. 9d.; 14 lb., 1s. 10½d.; 7 lb., 1s. 11½d.; 1 lb., 2s. 4d. per lb.

SULPHONAL.—Dealers' quotations are competitive: crystals or powder, two cwt., 15s. 5½d.; one cwt., 15s. 10½d.; 56 lb., 16s. 1d.; smaller parcels, up to 16s. 7½d. per lb.

TARTRIC ACID (B.P. CRYSTALS).—Steady: British makers quote at 1s. 1½d. per lb., less 5 per cent. discount, dealers offering foreign materials at competitive prices.

THYMOL.—Synthetic, fine white, one cwt., 6s.; 56 lb., 6s. 4d.; 28 lb., 6s. 9d.; less than 28 lb., 7s. 6d. per lb., tins extra; ex ajowan seed, one cwt., 8s. 5d.; 56 lb., 8s. 10½d.; 28 lb., 9s. 5d.; 14 lb., 10s. 6d. per lb.

VANILLIN.—Convention prices for home trade are steady: ex clove oil or guaiacol, five cwt., 11s.; one cwt., 11s. 1½d.; 56 lb., 11s. 3d.; smaller quantities, 11s. 6d. per lb.

Crude Drugs, etc.

AGAR.—Fair spot demand at steady prices: spot, new crop, Kobe, No. 1, 3s. 8d. to 3s. 9d.; No. 2, old crop, 3s. 7d.; and in very short supply. Yokohama, No. 1, new crop, 3s. 6d. per lb. Japanese shippers quote Kobe, No. 1, 3s. 2½d. to 3s. 4d.; No. 2, 3s. 1½d., and Yokohama No. 1, 3s. per lb., c.i.f. Re-sellers: for February-March, 3s. 3d.; March-April, 3s. 2d. per lb., c.i.f.

ALOES.—Continues very firm, with spot supplies running low and no shipment offers of Curaçao: Cape, spot, in boxes, 47s. 6d.; shipment, 43s. per cwt., c.i.f. Curaçao, spot, 175s. up to 190s. for livery.

ANTIMONY.—Market is steady: Chinese, crude, spot, £38; shipment, April-May, £33, c.i.f. English regulus, £71 per ton, ex store.

BALSAMS.—Limited spot inquiry: *Tolu*, 1s. 9d.; *Canada*, spot, 3s. 4½d.; shipment, 3s. 2d., c.i.f.; *Copaiba*, 1s. 8d.; *Peru*, 3s. 10½d. per lb., spot.

BELLADONNA.—Small spot business: leaves, 55s.; root, scarce and firm at 70s. per cwt., spot.

BISMUTH.—The price of the metal is reported to have been advanced to 4s. 6d. per lb.

BUCHU.—Shipment business is still lacking; spot demand of a few bales: shipment, new crop, rounds, about 1s. 1d. per lb., c.i.f.; old crop, 1s. per lb., c.i.f.; spot, rounds, about 1s. 1d. to 1s. 3d. per lb., as to quality.

CAMPHOR.—At unchanged prices, business quiet: Japanese monopoly BB brand, £7 10s. per 100 lb.; Japanese natural, spot, tablets, 2s. 6d.; powder, 2s. 3d.; slabs, 2s. 2½d. per lb., ex store; shipment, tablets, 2s. 2d.; powder, 1s. 10½d.; slabs, 1s. 10½d. per lb., c.i.f. English refined flowers, one cwt., 3s. 1d.; 28 lb., 3s. 2d.; small lots, 3s. 3d. per lb. Transparent tablets, 4 oz., 8 oz. and 16 oz., 3s. 4d.; 1 oz. and 2 oz., 3s. 5d.; ½ oz., ½ oz. and ¼ oz., 3s. 6d.

CANTHARIDES.—Little business moving: Russian, 4s. 3d. to 4s. 4½d.; Chinese, spot, 1s. 11d. per lb., as to quantity.

CARDAMOMS.—Business fair on spot, shipment market dull: shipment, Aleppy greens, f.a.q. the season, 2s., c.i.f.; Aleppy seed, 3s., c.i.f.; Mangalore seed, 2s. 8d., c.i.f.; spot, Aleppy seed, 3s. 9d.; Mangalore seed, 3s. 6d. per lb. Aleppy greens, spot, 2s. 5d., ex store.

CASCARA SAGRADA.—Occasional spot sales of limited quantities: spot, 1938 bark, 52s.; 1937 bark, 57s.; 1936 bark, up to 65s. per cwt., ex store, duty paid. No shipment offers from the source.

CLOVES.—Continues quiet, values unchanged: Zanzibar, spot, 8½d.; shipment, April-May, 8d. per lb., c.i.f. Madagascar, in bond, 7½d.; shipment, April-May, 6½d. per lb.

The landings of Zanzibar in London during the week ended April 1 were 313 and the deliveries 385, leaving a stock of 410. From January 1 to date the landings of Zanzibar have been 930 and the deliveries 800. Landings of Madagascar for the week ended April 1 were nil, and the deliveries 18, leaving a stock of 477. From January 1 to date the landings of Madagascar have been 535 and the deliveries 519.

COCOA BUTTER.—Market steady, business quiet: prime English, 8½d. to 10d. per lb.; foreign, 7½d. to 9d. per lb., as to quantity and quality.

COCONUT (DESICCATED).—Steadier forward: spot, fine, 17s. 3d.; medium, 17s. 6d. per cwt.; shipment, halves, April-May, 16s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f.

COD-LIVER OIL.—Bergen reports the shipment market continues rather quiet: finest Lofoten steam-refined non-freezing medicinal oil, about 78s. per barrel, c.i.f., London. Small lots, on spot, about 126s. per barrel, ex store, duty paid. British finest medicinal oil, 115s. per 25-gallon drum, delivered U.K., with rebates for 25 or more drums. Lofoten fishing results to April 1: 142,499 tons of cod and 68,316 hectol. of oil compared with 94,580 tons of cod and 43,432 hectol. of oil on the same date in 1938, and 102,609 tons of cod and 54,544 hectol. of oil in 1937.

DERRIS ROOT.—Very little inquiry, market easy: 5 to 6 per cent. rotenone and 17 per cent. ether extract, 9d. duty paid, and 8 per cent. rotenone, 11d. per lb., duty paid; shipment, 17 per cent. ether extract, 38s., c.i.f., and 4 per cent. rotenone, 62s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f.

ERGOT.—Spot values are fully steady at the advance: Portuguese, 4s. 3d. to 4s. 4½d.; Polish, 3s. 9d. per lb., as to quantity, ex store. Shipment, Portuguese, 4s. 3d., c.i.f.

GAMBOGE.—Some new parcels of good Siam pipe are quoted at about £12 10s. to £13 10s. per cwt., duty paid.

GENTIAN.—Supplies of French root are quoted in small lots on spot at about 30s. per cwt., ex store.

GINGER.—Market is quiet, with West African at low figures: West African, spot, 19s.; for arrival, 16s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f. Jamaican, spot, bold, in barrels, 65s. to 72s. 6d.; medium bold, in bags, 47s.; small grinding, in bags, about 40s. per cwt., c.i.f.

GUM ACACIA.—The firmer tone recorded last week is being maintained, and some high prices have been mentioned, but these have not been reached as yet: Kordofan, cleaned sorts, spot, 43s. 6d. to 44s.; shipment, 42s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f. The source reports that arrivals continue very poor.

HONEY.—Shipment offers of Jamaican, particularly the lower grades, are restricted and dearer. Spot supplies are short and firm as quoted: spot, dark liquid, manufacturing, 32s. up to 40s. for pale set; Californian, white clover, 47s. 6d., duty paid. Canadian, 43s. to 46s. per cwt. Small lots of all descriptions at higher prices.

HYDRASTIS.—Business slow, but values are keeping fairly steady: U.S.P., spot, 12s. 6d. to 12s. 7½d., untested; shipment, steady at 12s. 4½d. per lb., c.i.f. High test root, in small supply, up to 14s. 3d. per lb., ex store.

IPECACUANHA.—Spot values are fully steady; good test root in modest supply: Matto Grosso, B.P., spot, 6s. 9d. to 7s., as to test; shipment, the latest offers are dearer at 6s. 5d. to 6s. 6d. per lb., c.i.f. Carthagenia, 5s. per lb., ex store. Lots of Matto Grosso, not quite up to B.P. standard, at about 6s. 4½d. per lb., ex store.

MENTHOL.—The Japanese product is keeping steady, with business rather quiet: K/S brands, spot, 12s. 6d. to 12s. 9d., as to brand and seller. Near afloat, 11s. 1½d., c.i.f. Japanese shippers quote April-May at 10s. 7½d., c.i.f., with re-sellers at 10s. 6d., c.i.f. Chinese, spot, 11s. 6d. to 11s. 9d. per lb., and in good demand. French, 11s. 6d. per lb.

MERCURY.—Shipment and spot quotations for Spanish-Italian metal show a further advance: shipment, 80 dollars per bottle, f.o.b. Continent; spot, £17 2s. 6d. per bottle, ex store, London.

OPIMUM.—Good export sales reported: Turkish, 13 per cent., 1s. 2d.; Bulgarian, 15 per cent., 1s. 2d. in original cases; Iranian, 12 per cent., 1s. 1d. per unit, landed and duty paid.

PEPPER.—Business limited, values level on the week: Lampong, in bond, 2½d.; shipment, March-May, 2½d.; August-October, 2½d., c.i.f. Tellicherry, spot, 4d.; shipment, April-May, 3s. 6d., c.i.f. Aleppy, spot, 3½d.; shipment, April-May, 3s., c.i.f. White Muntok, in bond, 3½d.; shipment, March-May, 3½d.; August-October, 3½d., c.i.f. London Terminal Market: Black, April, 2½d.; May, 2½d.; July, 2½d.; White, April, 3½d.; May, 3½d.; July, 3½d. per lb.

PIMENTO.—Fully steady, moderate business: spot, 7½d. per lb.; shipment, April-May, 72s. per cwt., c.i.f.

QUASSIA CHIPS.—Business small: quoted from 20s. to 22s. 6d. per cwt., ex store.

RHUBARB.—Spot market is very firm, with rough round dearer at 2s. 3d. to 2s. 5d. per lb. Continental demand has been good and stocks are running low, some dealers being cleared: Shensi, small to medium, 5s. to 5s. 3d. per lb., ex store. One parcel of good quality rough round offered from the source at 2s. 3d. per lb., c.i.f.

RUBBER.—Values show a fractional decline on the week; rather poor business reported: standard ribbed smoked sheet, spot, 7½d.; April, 7½d.; May, 8d.; June, 8d.; July-September, 8½d.; October-December 8½d. per lb.

SAFFRON.—Dealers report spot supplies of genuine finest Valencia are now very scarce and firm from 92s. 6d. per lb.; lower grades at cheaper prices.

SEEDS.—**ANISE.**—Spot, duty paid, Spanish, 79s.; Bulgarian, 45s.; Russian, 45s. **CANARY.**—Market inclined to be a little firmer. The latest prices quoted spot, duty paid, are: Mazagan, 15s.; Morocco, 14s. 6d.; Turkish, 13s. 3d.; Plate, 13s.; Spanish, 25s. to 37s. 6d. **CARAWAY.**—Market dearer: Dutch, spot, now quoted at 42s. 6d., duty paid, and 40s., f.o.b., Holland. **CORIANDER.**—Spot, Morocco, sold at 17s., duty paid, and 15s. 6d., in bond; new crop, for shipment, 11s. 6d., c.i.f., June-July shipment. **CUMIN.**—Spot, Malta, 47s. 6d., duty free; Morocco, 47s. 6d., duty paid, and 44s., in bond. **DILL.**—Indian, 11 per cent., 18s. 6d., spot. **FENNEL.**—Spot, Indian, 22s. 6d. to 24s. 6d.; Iran, 22s. 6d., in bond. **FENUGREEK.**—Spot, Indian, 13s.; Morocco, 12s. 9d., duty paid. **MUSTARD.**—English, 23s. 6d. to 32s., according to quality.

SENEGA.—Spot in small supply and steady at 2s. 11d. per lb. No shipment offers.

SENNA.—Business has again been modest, but there is persistent inquiry for new crop Alexandrian pods. Quoted values of all descriptions are quite steady: Tinnevely, fair green leaves, No. 1, on spot at 6½d. per lb.; No. 2, at 4d.; No. 3, at 2½d.; No. 4, at 2½d. per lb. Tinnevely hand-picked pods: pale selected, 5d. to 6d.; darker grades quoted at 3½d. to 4d. per lb., ex wharf. F.a.q.; pods quoted dearer: for shipment first half June, at 2½d. per lb., c.i.f., London. Alexandrian hand-picked pods: a few further shipments are expected shortly: good selected, fair greenish colour pods quoted at 3s. 9d. per lb.; No. 2, at 3s.; and a parcel of fair boldish to medium rather poorly picked quoted at 1s. 6d. per lb. Supplies of ordinary to medium last season's pods offering on the spot at 1s. to 1s. 9d. per lb., ex wharf, London.

SHELLAC.—Steadier, but the market remains dull: spot, standard TN orange, 36s. to 39s.; fine orange, 52s. 6d. to 80s.; pure button, 47s. 6d. to 50s. per cwt. For arrival, TN, March-April, 34s., c.i.f. For delivery, TN, May, 38s.; August, 39s. 6d. per cwt.

TRAGACANTH.—Inquiry limited, with values of all grades of gums unchanged: finest selected white ribbon, £60; No. 1, white, £55 to £57 10s.; No. 2, white, £50 to £53; No. 3, white, £35 to £42 10s.; amber leaf, £32; cleaned amber sorts, £16; brown to amber leaf, £11 10s.; red leaf, £9 to £10; hogg, £6 to £7 per cwt., ex store.

TURMERIC.—Rather quiet: spot, Madras finger, 30s. 6d.; Rajapore, 31s. per cwt.; shipment, new crop, April-May, 23s. 9d., c.i.f. Rajapore, new crop, April-May, 24s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f., with bids invited by shippers.

WAXES.—**BEES'.**—The spot market continues about steady, moderate inquiry: Dar-es-Salaam, spot, 100s.; shipment, 96s., c.i.f. Benguella, 90s., in bond; shipment, 84s. 6d., c.i.f. Conakry, 90s., in bond; shipment, 84s. 6d., c.i.f. Japanese, spot, 60s., duty paid; shipment, April-May, 52s. per cwt., c.i.f., for first three brands. Madagascar, f.i.d.e., 92s. 6d., duty paid; shipment, new crop, May-June, 77s. 6d., c.i.f. **CARNAUBA.**—Values are quoted unchanged, business quiet: fatty grey, spot, 145s.; afloat, 139s. 6d.; shipment, April-May, 139s., c.i.f. Chalky, grey, spot, 142s. 6d.; shipment, April-May, 134s., c.i.f. Primeira, spot, good quality, 190s.; shipment, April-May, 176s.; Mediana, spot, 175s.; shipment, 172s. 6d. per cwt.

Essential and Expressed Oils, etc.

RATHER quiet markets are reported, with most orders for limited spot quantities. Sicilian lemon for shipment has attracted business. Bourbon geranium is slightly dearer forward.

ALMOND.—Limited business, with bulk lots of English expressed oil at cheap prices: English-made cwt. lots, 2s. 4d.; smaller parcels, up to 2s. 10½d. per lb.; foreign, cwt. lots, 2s. 4½d.; smaller parcels, up to 3s. per lb. French bitter, 6s. to 6s. 1½d. per lb.

ANISE (STAR).—With business slow spot values are rather easy: offers make shipment market rather dearer, but no interest is shown in the forward position: spot, leads, nominal; tins, 3s. 2d.; drums, 3s. 1d. per lb., ex store; shipment, drums, 2s. 10d. per lb., c.i.f.

BERGAMOT.—The shipment quotation for new crop oil from the Consortium is steady at about 15s. per lb., c.i.f., in coppers. Genuine oil on spot is quoted from 15s. 3d. per lb., ex store.

BOIS DE ROSE.—Steady, business quiet: Brazilian, spot, drums, from 5s. 9d.; smaller lots, up to 6s. 3d.; shipment, 5s. 6d. per lb., c.i.f., in drums.

CARAWAY.—Business continues in small parcels on spot: Dutch rectified, 7s. 3d. to 7s. 9d.; crude, 6s. 9d. to 7s. 3d. per lb., as to quantity, landed and duty paid.

CASSIA.—Market is quiet; spot stocks of good quality oil are limited: spot, leads, from 3s. 3d. and drums at 3s. 2d.

CASTOR.—Steady: Pharmaceutical, 38s. 6d. per cwt., in barrels, ex store, London. Hull, 2s. per cwt. less. Small quantities packed in cases, 4s. 6d. per cwt. extra.

CITRONELLA.—Ceylon oil for shipment is steady, Java product dull: Ceylon, spot, drums, from 1s. 6½d.; smaller parcels, up to 1s. 11d.; shipment, drums, firm at 1s. 5½d. per lb., c.i.f. Java, spot, drums, about 1s. 7½d.; smaller parcels, up to 2s.; shipment, drums, about 1s. 1½d. per lb., c.i.f.

EUCALYPTUS.—Shipment offers continue firm and good oil on spot is steady: Australian, 70 to 75 per cent., tins, 1s. 6d.; drums, 1s. 5d.; 80 to 85 per cent., tins, 1s. 8d. per lb., ex store, with higher prices for small lots; shipment, 70 to 75 per cent., tins, 1s. 4½d.; drums, 1s. 4d.; 80 to 85 per cent. tins, 1s. 6½d.; drums, 1s. 6d. per lb., c.i.f.

GERANIUM.—Bourbon is reported firmer for shipment on account, it is stated, of the damage to the late crop caused by the cyclone: Bourbon, spot, 10s. 6d. to 10s. 9d.; shipment, 10s. 3d. per lb., c.i.f. Algerian, spot, 11s. 3d. to 11s. 6d.; shipment, 10s. 9d. per lb., c.i.f.

HO (SHU).—Quiet but firm, with small spot stocks; no shipment offers: "improved" now up to 5s., and "extra" quality up to 5s. 4½d. to 5s. 6d. per lb.

LEMON.—The latest reports from the source indicate a wide variation in shipment quotations for new crop Sicilian oil. Selected parcels of genuine hand-pressed are stated to be scarce and held for 8s. to 8s. 3d., c.i.f. Standard quality oil, B.P., is offered in limited quantities from 7s. to 7s. 3d., c.i.f., and considerable quantities of Palermo oil, not B.P., from 6s. 6d. to 6s. 7½d. per lb., c.i.f., in bulk quantities. Spot prices vary as to quality and quantity. Californian oils are quoted unchanged: distilled, regular quality, 1 dollar 54 cents per lb., landed. Californian cold-pressed is quoted at 2 dollars 35 cents per lb., c.i.f.

LIME.—The steadier tone noted last week is being maintained, with sellers of West Indian distilled on spot at about 12s. 6d. to 13s. 6d. per lb., as to quantity.

LINSEED.—Market has been dull: raw, naked, spot, in small quantities, 26s. 7½d. per cwt.; April, in bulk, 24s. Boiled oil, spot, 29s. 6d. per cwt.

MANDARIN.—Quotations for this oil vary as to quality from about 14s. 6d. to 16s. per lb., ex store.

NEROLI.—The easier tone for the new crop oil is likely to continue.

NUTMEG.—Spot values are steady; some small business: Dutch and American, from 5s. 4½d. to 5s. 9d. per lb., as to quantity.

OLIVE.—Rather dearer: B.P., 1 per cent., 5s. 10d. per gallon, in drums. Edible quality, ten 1-gallon tins, in cases, 79s.; twenty ½-gallon tins, in cases, 82s. per case; drums, 6s. 1½d. per gallon, ex store.

ORANGE.—Shipment quotations for new crop French Guinea oil are steady at 2s. 4d. per lb., c.i.f., in drums; on spot, good quality, new oil is quoted at about 2s. 9d. in drums and repacked in tins, from 3s. per lb. Old oil at cheaper prices. Californian, small drums, 59 cents; two or more cases, 61 cents per lb., ex store. Florida, cold-pressed, 85 cents per lb., in drums, landed, London.

PALMAROSA.—Quoted unchanged, business quiet: spot, about 8s. per lb. for bulk quantities; shipment is at about 7s. 4½d. per lb., c.i.f. Java oil is available at about 4s. 3d. per lb., ex store.

PATCHOULI.—Spot offers of some oils are very keen: Singapore, spot, 10s. 6d. to 10s. 9d.; Seychelles, spot, about 8s. 4½d. to 8s. 6d.; Java oil, about 9s. per lb., ex store, for original packages.

PEPPERMINT.—The Japanese product has met with a fair spot demand, with prices from 4s. 7d. to 4s. 9d. Japanese shippers quote April-May, 4s. 5d., c.i.f., with speculative sellers of this position at 4s. 4½d., c.i.f. A good inquiry continues for February-March, with sellers at 4s. 6d. and buyers at 4s. 4½d. c.i.f. American, natural oil, in drums, continues steady at 2 dollars 20 cents to 2 dollars 30 cents per lb., c.i.f.

ROSEMARY.—Fair business at steady prices: genuine Spanish quoted at 3s. to 3s. 6d. per lb., as to quality and quantity. Tunis, 2s. 6d. to 2s. 8d. per lb., landed, as to quantity.

SANDALWOOD.—Genuine East Indian Mysore, in one-case lots, steady at 20s. 6d. per lb. East Indian, produced outside the province of Mysore, 17s. 6d. to 18s. 6d. per lb., c.i.f., in bulk quantities. English-made West Indian, 7s. 3d. per lb. Australian, steady at 15s. 3d. per lb. for 7-lb. tins; one case at 14s. 9d. and five cases at 14s. 6d. per lb.

SPIKE.—Genuine oil is steady as quoted: genuine Spanish oil from 5s. to 5s. 6d. per lb., ex store. Blended oils at cheaper figures.

TI-TREE.—Spot stocks are now reported to be very small and are firmly held from 55s. to 57s. 6d. per gallon, in tins; shipment market firm and dear.

TURPENTINE (AMERICAN).—London stocks on April 1 totalled 23,350 barrels: spot, London, 36s.; Hull, 37s.; Liverpool, 38s. per cwt. Market has been quiet.

VETIVER.—Remains quiet: Bourbon, spot, 14s. 9d. to 15s. 6d. per lb., ex store.

WORMSEED.—Business of small account; shipment market dull: U.S.P., spot, 9s. 9d.; shipment, 9s. 6d. per lb., c.i.f.

Correspondence

Correspondents may adopt an assumed name, but must in all cases furnish their real name and address to the Editor

New Season's Models in Cameras

SIR,—In the discussion at the annual meeting of the Dublin Branch of the Photographic Dealers' Association (*C. & D.*, April 1, p. 371) it was said that on the other side of the Channel this price-cutting was practically unknown. One can only hope that in the coming season this will be correct, for in past years there has been too much of this form of competition. Another point raised at this meeting was the introduction of new models of cameras. This is a yearly occurrence, and presents a real loss to the photographic chemist. There can be no objection to outstanding new designs or ideas, but often the difference is only in style or some small detail, just sufficient to render those left over in stock out of date and of much reduced value. Is there any necessity for these constant immaterial changes in styles and sizes?—Yours truly,

CHEMIST-DEALER (3/4).

Answers to Questions

SIR,—With the approach of the annual Pharmaceutical Council election comes the reappearance of questionnaires (*C. & D.*, April 1, p. 392). The chief difficulty about this form of catechism is that most of the questions cannot be answered satisfactorily by a plain negative or affirmative, as so much depends on general circumstances and individual conditions, as well as on the outlook of the candidate. An inquiry which appears in both questionnaires has raised considerable controversy before, namely, the one which asks candidates to declare if they are financially interested in any trading concern which competes with pharmacy. In these days the whole system of trading is so intricate that an interest held in some concern not primarily engaged in producing pharmaceutical goods might be considered to be in competition with pharmacy through the relation with some allied subsidiary company. Advertised proprietaries are sold by unqualified patent medicine licence holders, who greatly outnumber the pharmacists in retail business, so that possession of shares in any of the firms connected with their manufacture or marketing would entail an affirmative answer to this question. Another question concerns the employment of assistants other than those who have been properly apprenticed. It is difficult to draw a definite line excluding every other kind of employee. There are pharmacies where all packed drugs are put up on the premises, others which do their own photographic processing, and these duties combined perhaps with stock and book-keeping are sufficient to employ a separate assistant and yet do not require one trained or qualified as a pharmacist. It may be said that in the company shops the various departments and their personnel are kept distinct from the drug and dispensing sections, and that in the private pharmacy there is more possibility of an assistant taking part in the pharmaceutical work, but if a pharmacy is to be conducted on the lines indicated there should be no exception, whether the concern is company or privately owned. Then there is the question which asks a candidate if he is in favour of Sections 8, 9 and 10 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act being altered. Whichever way it is decided, the Council should stand for equal treatment for all, whether companies, co-operative societies or private owners. If I were a candidate I should certainly be in favour of employee representation on the Council of the Society, if it could be arranged. But the problem is how could an employee find the time necessary to attend the Council meetings, committees and also visits to branches, all of which would fall to his share if he is to take as active a part as other councillors. The obstacle at present to many proprietor pharmacists standing for office is the fact that they are more or less tied to their businesses. These and other points in the questionnaire are really dependent on the whole status of pharmacy, and until that status is recognised and appreciated by the Government and the public alike, they must remain problematical. For instance, "What steps are you taking to bring the supply of all medicines under the control of a pharmacist?" What steps could any candidate guarantee to take which would have any chance of being effective?—Yours faithfully,

M. P. S. (2/4).

Miscellaneous Inquiries

We do not undertake to analyse and report upon proprietary articles nor to publish supposed formulas for them

J. C. H. (1/3).—WORMS IN SHEEP.—A drench for worms in sheep and lambs containing turpentine may be made up as follows:—

Ol. terebinth	3ij.
Tinct. asafoetid	3j.
Ol. caryoph.	℥v.
Vel ol. origani	℥xxx.
Ol. lini	3ij.

Dose for sheep, three tablespoonfuls; for lambs, half to one tablespoonful, depending on age. If this is emulsified with egg and tragacanth, etc., it will increase the dose too much and would probably make it too thick to pour out of a bottle. It should be given shaken up in two ounces of milk or gruel.

S. O. (31/3).—LEATHER STAINS.—Brown:—Apply a weak solution of potassium bichromate as a mordant, and before the leather is quite dry coat with a solution of Bismarck brown (1 oz. to 1 gall. water). By varying the strength of the bichromate solution, different shades of brown are obtained, but it should not be used too freely or the leather will tend to become brittle. For a deeper brown, proceed in the same way and finally tone with a weak solution of ferrous sulphate ($\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 oz. to 1 gall. water). Black:—

Extract of logwood	1 oz.
Solution of ferric chloride	2 oz.
Tannic acid	2 dr.
Methylated spirit	to 8 oz.

Apply with a sponge or camel-hair brush; allow to dry for twelve hours, then rub thoroughly with a soft rag, and apply a further coating of the stain.

G. M. (31/3).—LIQUID DRY SHAMPOO.—The following formulas will probably be suitable for your purpose:—

- (1) Soft soap 75 gm.
- Industrial spirit 500 c.c.
- Strong solution of ammonia 5 c.c.
- Distilled water 500 c.c.
- Perfume as desired
- (2) White Castile soap 1 dr.
- Oil of lavender 1 dr.
- Alcohol (90 per cent.) 8 oz.
- Water 3 oz.

Macerate for a day or two, filter, and add:—

Solution of ammonia	1 oz.
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I. H. K. (31/3).—ALGIN.—This is the sodium salt of alginic acid obtained by soaking marine algae for twenty-four hours in a 1 per cent. solution of sodium carbonate, filtering the viscous liquid through a cloth and precipitating it therefrom by dilute sulphuric acid, washing and drying. Compounds of algin give very viscous solutions, which are valuable as sizings for textiles and paper, and as proofings for interior walls and ceilings.

Retrospect of Fifty Years Ago

Reprinted from
"The Chemist and Druggist," April 6, 1889

Pharmacopœia Revision

British pharmacists have always viewed with a high degree of interest the steps which are taken in the United States for the revision of the Pharmacopœia in that country. The reason for this is that we have practically no voice in the revision of the British Pharmacopœia, whereas our kinsmen across the Atlantic would have no Pharmacopœia at all were it not for their pharmacists. Then the tendencies of both pharmacopœias are much akin. Doubtless in the last edition of the U.S. Pharmacopœia there was apparent a tendency to Germanise the volume, due to the large number of German pharmacists in the country; yet on the whole American pharmacy is more English than it is anything else, except American, and for that reason there is an unconscious disposition on the part of the one Pharmacopœia authority to follow in the footsteps of the other, and *vice versa*

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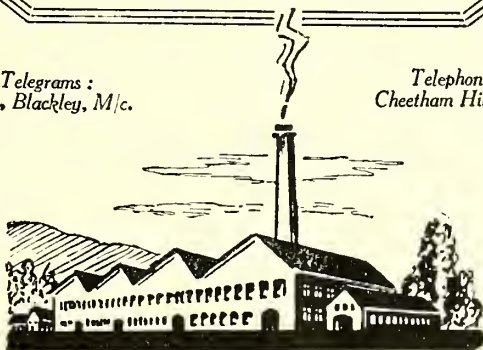
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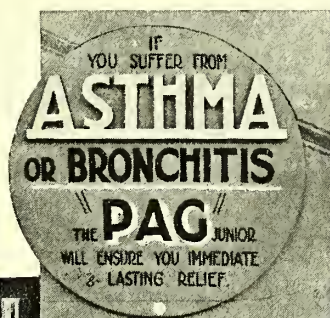
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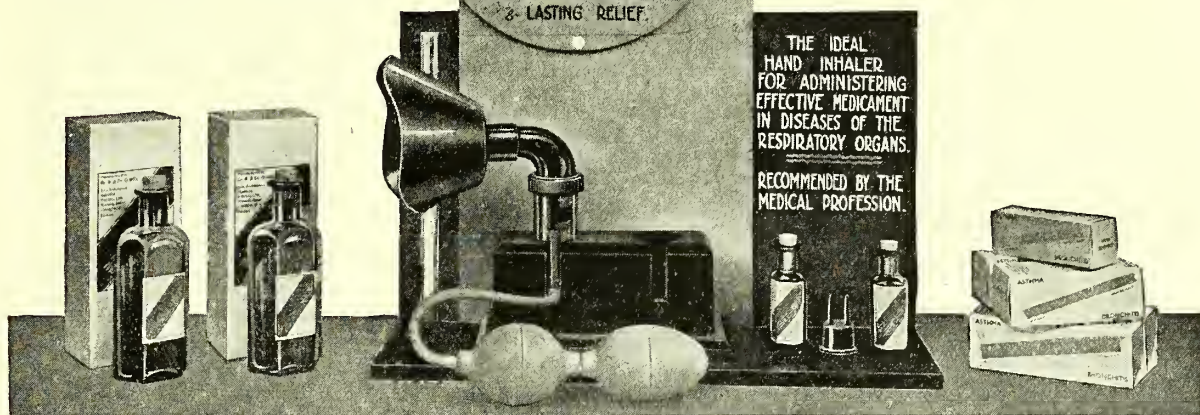
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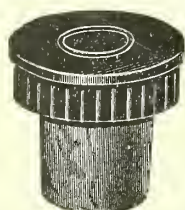
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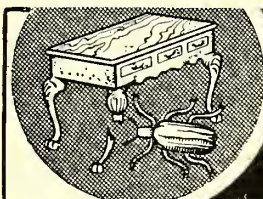
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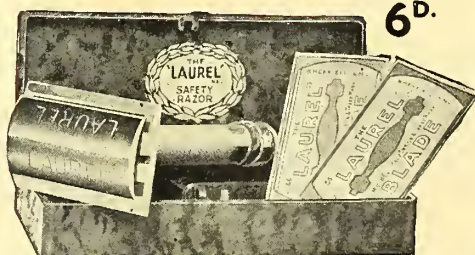
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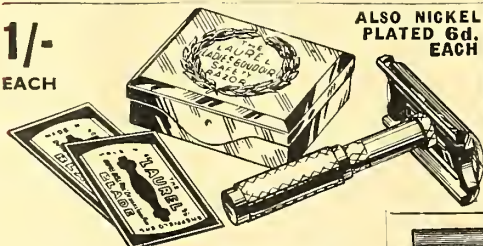
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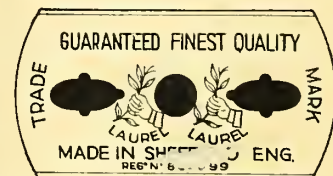
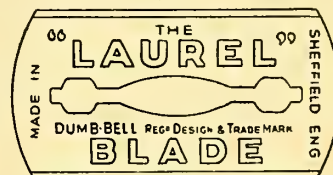
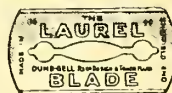
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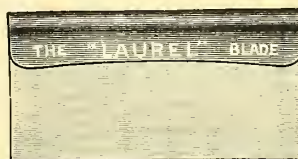
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THE SELLING PRICES in this List are based on the given cost and calculated for the quantities specified, the total oncost for that turnover being then added, together with the net profit, to the nearest figure. In case of fractions the prices are rounded up or down to the most suitable figure. As in arriving at the prices allowance has been made for variations in specific gravity, *liquids should be sold by fluid measure and solids by weight.*

INTERMEDIATE QUANTITIES should be calculated on the lower figure until midway is passed, then on the higher figure. The range of the quantities quoted in the List may be increased as follows: For **one pint** add one-fourth to the 16-oz. selling price. The **gallon price** for oils is obtained by dividing the cwt. price by 6; for **7-lb.** sales multiply the lb. cost by 10; for **14-lb.** by 20; and for **28-lb.** by 38. For *intermediate drachm prices* divide 1-oz. quotations by 7 and multiply by the number of drachms required. To obtain the *grain prices* divide the drachm selling price by 50.

PRICE ADJUSTMENT.—While standard wholesale prices are used as the starting point for calculating the retail prices, it may be desired to adjust the selling price for variations in cost. This may be effected by the following simplified method: To obtain the **lb. selling price** add half to the cost price (yielding 33½ per cent. on return); for the **4-oz. selling price** divide the lb. cost by 10 and multiply by 4 (yielding 37.5 per cent.); for the **1-oz. selling price** divide the lb. cost by 9 (yielding 43.75 per cent.). This method also applies to lozenges and pastilles which remain at a firm cost price.

DISPENSING CHARGES.—The two systems given (p. 2) are based on a special investigation and should be used for all dispensing other than contract work. When the Rapid Method is employed the Edinburgh private mark MELBORACIS should be used. In the case of a prescription containing one or more ingredients of an expensive nature the Costing Method is used and the mark "C. & D." only ought then to be indicated beneath the chemist's stamp.

MONTHLY CHANGES.—Important changes in prices occurring between the quarterly issues of this List are notified in THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST. Subscribers are recommended to carry out these alterations in ink as they are published, and so keep the quarterly List up to date.

ABBREVIATIONS.—The references to standards or formulas in the List are: B.P. (British Pharmacopœia); U.S.P. (United States Pharmacopœia); B.P.C. (British Pharmaceutical Codex); M.O.H. (Ministry of Health); P.L.F. (Price List Formulary); N.I.F. (National Insurance Formulary).

SALES RESTRICTIONS.—The small capital letters and figures on the left-hand side of the retail price indicate restrictions on sale in Great Britain under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, and the Poisons Rules, and relate to the classification in *The Chemist and Druggist* "Poisons Guide," in which an extended list of poisons is given. In Northern Ireland and in Eire different restrictions apply, although in many instances the letters may be taken as an indication that restrictions exist in these two countries. Dangerous drugs ("D.D." in Price List), are the same in Great Britain, Northern Ireland and in Eire. Irish readers should refer to *The Chemist and Druggist Poisons Cards* for details of the restrictions.

PRICE LIST FORMULARY ("P.L.F.")—For the many unofficial preparations in active sale for which no standard formulas exist a special formulary has been compiled from "Pharmaceutical Formulas," "Veterinary Counter Practice" and other C. & D. publications. The cost and retail prices are given in this List and alterations made each month where changes in cost of ingredients render this necessary. The Price List Formulary is published at 2s. 6d. post free.

DRUG INDEX.—This C. & D. feature furnishes a comparative figure of the cost of drugs and appliances in 1913 and the present time. It is an important factor in accounting for the differences in retail charges now and before the war, and in the valuation of retail businesses.

STOCKTAKING SHEETS.—These sheets are used, in conjunction with this List, in the annual stock-taking of drugs and chemicals, and form the simplest and quickest system of stock-taking for the drug-trade. The sheets, fastened into a pad, consist of the names of the articles printed on ruled paper in the same order as they occur in the List, which much facilitates the subsequent stage of pricing the stock from the cost figures. The sheets are sold in pads (2s. 6d. post free) with blank pages at the end.

Published as a Supplement to THE CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, at 28 Essex Street, Strand, London, W.C.2.

**"C. & D."
DRUG INDEX**

DRUGS (1913 = 100)		
—	1938	1939
Jan.	154.3	155.0
Feb.	154.3	155.6
Mar.	154.5	155.8
April	154.5	
May	154.3	
June	154.0	
July	155.2	
Aug.	155.2	
Sept.	155.1	
Oct.	155.1	
Nov.	155.0	
Dec.	155.0	
DRESSINGS (1913 = 100)		
—	1938	1939
Jan.	138.6	138.2
Feb.	138.0	138.2
Mar.	138.5	138.2
April	138.5	
May	138.5	
June	138.3	
July	138.3	
Aug.	138.3	
Sept.	138.2	
Oct.	138.2	
Nov.	138.2	
Dec.	138.2	

METHOD OF PRICING PRESCRIPTIONS

DISPENSED MEDICINES

There are two systems of charging for medicines dispensed on prescription, as follows:—

1. **RAPID METHOD.**—The cost represents a definite proportion of the charge and refers to ordinary drugs and chemicals with infusions or decoctions. Tinctures, syrups, extracts, if prescribed in any quantity, require the price adjusting by the list according to Method 2. The prices quoted are exclusive of containers. (See below.)

Mixtures of simple medicaments:—

Size	Dose 3j.	Dose 3ij.	Dose 3iv.	Dose 3j.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
3j.	1 0	0 10	0 9	0 8
3ij.	1 6	1 2	1 0	0 10
3iij.	—	1 6	1 3	1 0
3iv.	—	1 10	1 6	1 2
3vj.	—	—	2 0	1 6
3vii.	—	—	2 6	1 10

Gargles, lotions, injections	8 oz.	s. d.
Pills and powders	12	1 6
Cachets and dry-filled capsules	12	2 6
Ointments, mixed	1 oz., ls. 3d.; 2 oz.	1 6
Suppositories, bougies, pessaries	12	2 0
Small shaped blisters	each	1 0
Plasters, 6 in. X 6 in.	each	2 6

An extra fee of 6d. per prescription is made for night attendance.

When this method of pricing is employed, the first dispenser of the prescriptions should mark the price charged by private mark. The Edinburgh private mark

M	e	l	b	o	r	a	c	i	s
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

which has been in use for many years, should be adopted.

Larger quantities, or those containing appreciable amounts of tinctures, etc., should be priced by Method 2.

2. **COSTING METHOD.**—This method is calculated on the average time taken for the various operations involved in dispensing, and is based on the recommendations in 1915 of the Departmental Committee on the National Insurance Act Drug Tariff and the results obtained by numerous correspondents. The three components of the price of a prescription to be added together are as follows:—

A. The **selling prices** in this list are calculated upon costing principles, and form a correct basis for obtaining the cost of the ingredients of a prescription. For finding the price of drachm quantities other than those quoted in the list, the rule that should be adopted is to divide the ounce quantity by seven and multiply the figures obtained by the number of drachms required.

B. Prices of **containers** are given in the list. (See below.)

C. Special "**oncost**" included in the terms "time" and "labour" to perform the work, and the special **establishment charges** of the dispensary above and beyond that already included in the distribution "oncost."

Modern medical treatment sometimes requires forms of medication needing long periods of time in their preparation. No standard fee can be laid down since time, the guiding factor, is unknown until the prescription is completed. A basic figure covering time with its essential oncost and actual labour may be calculated on a rate of 60d. per hour or portions thereof in making up the final professional charge.

The accountant's figures for "oncost" are as follows:—

Uncompounded medicines of whatever nature	s. d.
Mixtures, lotions, liniments, drops, rectal injections	0 6
Emulsions	0 8
Pills and weighed powders	0 10
Ointments, confections, etc.	0 10
Blisters	0 9
Cachets	0 8
	0 8
	1 3

Capsules, hard (cachet fitting) (each extra doz. 6d.)	s. d.
Bougies, suppositories, pessaries	1 0
Plasters	1 4
Granules, pastilles, lozenges, soft capsules	1 8
Silvering, varnishing, and otherwise coating pills	2 0
Ampoules (filling and sterilising)	3d. extra
Solutions and oils in bulk (sterilising)	3 0
Oculenta (sterilised)	to 500 mls. 3 6
Powders, mixed, in bulk	to 1 oz. 2 6
Injections and hypodermic sterilising	to 4 oz. 0 10
Injections, intravenous and diagnostic sterilising	to 1 oz. 2 6
Hire of appliances	to 100 mls. 3 6
Special registration fee of medicaments	per week 2 6
Tuberculin and protein dilutions	per dose 0 3
	per 6 doses 2 6
	3 0

As these charges cover average time, the oncost for larger quantities can be calculated according to the length of time required on the above basis.

When the costing method is used, mark "C. & D." under the name stamp on the prescription.

CONTAINERS

Retail charge

Medicine and Poison Bottles

Sell	Sell	Sell
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
2 dr., 4 dr., 1 oz.	10 oz. .. 0 2	20 oz. .. 0 4
2 oz., 3 oz.	12 oz. .. 0 3	32 oz. .. 0 6
4 oz.	16 oz. .. 0 4	40 oz. .. 0 7
6 oz., 8 oz.	0 2	

Iodine bottles add price of rubber stopper (3d.) to poison bottles.

Ointment Pots

Stoppered Bottles

Powder Bottles

Sell	Sell	Sell
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1 dr., 2 dr., ½ oz.	1 oz. .. 0 7	½ oz., 1 oz. .. 0 4
1 oz., 1½ oz.	2 oz. .. 0 8	2 oz. .. 0 5
2 oz.	4 oz. .. 0 9	4 oz. .. 0 7
3 oz.	6 oz. .. 0 10	6 oz. .. 0 8
4 oz.	8 oz. .. 0 11	

HINTS ON STOCKTAKING

THE simplest way to regulate stocks and to ascertain their value at any given time is by departmentalising the business. This enables incoming and outgoing goods to be controlled and provides the most satisfactory basis for ascertaining net profit. The process of stocktaking is greatly simplified by the use of the C. & D. Stocktaking Sheets, used in conjunction with the C. & D. Retail Price List. These sheets, issued in the form of a pad (price 2s. 6d., post free) eliminate 75 per cent. of the laborious and unprofitable task of writing out a long list of stock items. The extended list is arranged in sections or departments and the pricing arrangement is progressive to the final amount. The best way to use the stocktaking sheets is for one person to call out the quantity of the drug or chemical and for another to enter it on the sheet. If costs or prices are known to the stocktaker, they should always be inserted at the same time. The quantity-rate should be determined by the amount usually bought at reasonable intervals, the aim being to turn stock over at least five to six times a year. When the stocktaking is finished, extend the cost by means of the C. & D. Retail Price List, prices in which are revised quarterly, and transfer the total of each section to the special summary sheet provided. Where syrups or glycerin are taken by volume, divide the lb. cost by 12 to get the fluid ounce cost. Where a lb. cost is given for tinctures or spirits divide by 18 to get the price per fluid ounce. The method is not uniformly accurate, but the margin of error is negligible. Where the ounce cost is given, divide by 7 to get the drachm price. Where the drachm cost is given, divide by 50 to get the grain price. Stock lines other than drugs are set out where a common basis can be given. They are best grouped according to cost: 100 items at ls. 3d.; 47 at ls. 6d.; and so on; but this presupposes that the stock is arranged in an orderly manner. Space is provided for items not given in the printed list; standardising stock lines in a chemist's business is admittedly difficult, but much can be done to ease the burden of stocktaking if the principle of standardisation is put into effect wherever possible. STOCK means goods for sale; FIXTURES are valued separately, because they are charged to the capital account.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS

Cost		Selling Price				Cost		Ac—Al		Selling Price			
d.	per	Ab—Ac				d.	per	Acida—(cont.)		16 oz.	4 oz.	1 oz.	1 dr.
		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
33 5	25	Abidon Caps	4 0	each	—	17	lb.	Acid. nitricum .. P.II. (8)		3 2	0 11	0 3	—
72	lb.	"A.C.E." anæsthet. P.I. (10)	7 6	2 6	—	8	lb.	Acid. nitricum dil. P.II. (9)		—	0 5	0 2	—
60	lb.	Acaciæ gummi alb. elect. ..	7 6	2 2	0 7	12	lb.	Acid. nitricum coml. P.II. (8)		2 3	0 8	0 3	—
50	lb.	Acaciæ gummi alb. parv. opt. ..	6 3	1 10	0 6	8	lb.	Acid. nitro-hydrochlor. dil. P.II. (9)		—	0 5	0 2	—
38	lb.	Acaciæ gummi alb. parv. sec. ..	4 9	1 4	0 5	15	lb.	Acid. oleicum		1 11	0 7	0 2	—
48	lb.	Acaciæ gummi alb. pulv. opt. ..	6 0	1 9	0 6	84	oz.	Acid. osmic. 1 per cent. sol. ..		—	—	12 0	1 9
38	lb.	Acaciæ gummi alb. pulv. sec. ..	4 9	1 4	0 5	22	lb.	Acid. oxalic. recryst. .. P.I. (8)		—	0 9	0 3	0 1
32	lb.	Acaciæ gummi var. opt. ..	4 0	1 2	0 4	17	lb.	Acid. oxalic. coml. .. P.I. (8)		1 10	0 7	0 2	—
27	oz.	Acetamidosalol	—	—	4 0	20	lb.	Acid. phosphoricum B.P. ..		—	1 4	0 5	—
4	oz.	Acetanilidum P.I. (8)	—	—	0 7	8	lb.	Acid. phosphoricum dilutum ..		1 0	0 5	0 2	0 1
22	oz.	Acetannin	—	—	3 3	16	oz.	Acid. pyrogallicum sublim. ..		—	—	2 0	0 4
16	lb.	Acetoneum	2 0	0 6	0 2	16	oz.	Acid. pyrogallicum cryst. ..		—	—	2 0	0 4
15	lb.	Acetoneum coml.	1 10	0 6	0 2	8	lb.	Acid. pyroignosum		1 0	0 4	—	—
228	lb.	Acetum aromaticum P.L.F. ..	—	—	—	32	oz.	Acid. salicylicum nat.		—	—	4 8	0 10
30	lb.	Acet. cantharidini S.I. (5)	—	1 1	0 4	32	lb.	Acid. salicylici pulvis		—	1 2	0 4	0 1
33	lb.	Acet. cantharidis S.I. (5)	—	1 4	0 5	12	oz.	Acid. salicylsulphonicum ..		—	—	2 0	0 4
20	lb.	Acet. colchici P.I. (10)	—	0 9	0 3	16	lb.	Acid. stearicum coml.		2 0	0 7	0 2	—
8	lb.	Acet. destillatum album ..	1 0	0 4	0 1 1/2	9	oz.	Acid. sulphanilic. recryst. ..		—	—	1 4	0 3
36	gal.	Acet. fuscum	gal. 4 6	pint	0 7	12	lb.	Acid. sulph. P.II. (8)		2 6	0 10 1/2	0 3	—
30	lb.	Acet. ipecacuanhæ	—	1 1	0 4	8	lb.	Acid. sulph. dil. P.II. (9)		—	0 5	0 2	—
27	lb.	Acet. odoratum meth. B.P.C. ..	—	1 0	0 4	8	lb.	Acid. sulph. coml. P.II. (8)		1 9	0 6	0 2	—
17	lb.	Acet. rubi idæi	2 2	0 8	0 3	8	oz.	Acid. sulph. arom. .. P.II. (9)		—	—	1 2	0 2
9	lb.	Acet. scillæ	1 2	0 5	0 2	8	lb.	Acid. sulphurosum		1 0	0 4	0 1	—
78	gal.	Acet. vini Gallici	pint	1 3	0 2	26	lb.	Acid. sulphuros. (in spirit) ..		—	1 0	0 4	—
13	tube	Acidol tablets	per tube	1 6	—	7	oz.	Acid. tannicum		—	—	1 1	0 2
49	50	Acidol pepsin (50 tabs.) ..	each	5 6	—	23	lb.	Acid. tartaricum cryst. gran. ..		2 10	0 10	0 3	—
Acida													
9	lb.	Acidum aceticum	1 1	0 4	0 1 1/2	23	lb.	Acid. tartaricum cryst. parv. ..		2 10	0 10	0 3	—
6	lb.	Acid. aceticum dilutum	0 9	0 3	0 1	15	oz.	Acid. tartarici pulvis		—	—	2 3	0 4
14	lb.	Acid. aceticum glaciale	—	0 7	0 3	12	oz.	Acid. trichloroaceticum ..		—	—	1 9	0 3
44	lb.	Acid. acetylsalicylicum	—	1 7	0 6	36	lb.	Acid. valerianicum		—	—	1 9	0 3
30	gm.	Acid. ascorbic. synth.	—	0 3	grain	48	lb.	Aconitum S.I. (4)		—	1 4	0 5	0 1
33	oz.	Acid. benzoicum nat.	—	—	4 10	9	gr.	Aconitum pulverat. .. S.I. (4)		—	1 9	0 6	—
5	oz.	Acid. benzoicum synth.	—	—	0 9	13	gm.	Aconitina S.I. (4)		per	gr.	1 6	—
9	lb.	Acid. boricum cryst.	1 1	0 4	0 1 1/2	112	oz.	Adalin		—	—	0 2	7 7
10	lb.	Acid. boric pulv. subtil.	1 3	0 5	0 2	34	25	Adalin tablets gr. 5		doz.	2 6	—	—
15	oz.	Acid. boric pulv. pkd.	—	0 7	0 2 1/2	24	lb.	Adeps benzoïnatus		3 0	0 11	0 3	—
420	cwt.	Acid. boric coml. pulvis	7 lb.	3 9	—	15	lb.	Adeps		2 0	0 7	0 2	—
8	lb.	Acid. boric coml. pulvis	1 0	0 4	0 1 1/2	18	lb.	Adeps lanæ		2 2	0 8	0 3	—
28	oz.	Acid. camphoricum	—	—	4 1	17	lb.	Adeps lanæ hydrosus		2 0	0 7	0 3	—
39	gal.	Acid. carbol. "misc." P.I. (8)	pint	0 8	—	67 5	2 oz.	Adexolin liquid		—	2 6	per 1/2 oz.	0 9
60	gal.	Acid. carbol. "straw" P.I. (8)	1 0	0 4	0 2	9	gr.	Adrenalinum P.I. (8)		per	gr.	1 4	—
5	lb.	Acid. carbol. (disinf. powder) ..	0 9	—	—	41	5cc.	Adrenalin sol. 1/100		4 6	each	—	—
16	oz.	Acid. cinnamicum	—	—	2 4	41	oz.	Adrenalin.chlor.sol. 1-1,000(P.D.)		—	—	5 0	0 9
21	lb.	Acid. citricum	2 7	0 9	0 3	P.I. (8)							
22	lb.	Acid. citric pulvis	2 9	0 10	0 3	27	oz.	Adrephine P.I. (8)		—	—	3 0	—
28	lb.	Acid. cresyl. pur. (vap.)—P.I. (8)	—	1 2	0 4	39	lb.	Æther anæsthet. by wgt. ..		5 0	1 5	—	—
20	lb.	Acid. formicum 50%	2 9	0 11	0 4	25	lb.	Æther methylicus 0.730 ..		3 2	1 0	0 4	—
7	oz.	Acid. gallicum	—	—	1 1	9	oz.	Æther aceticus		—	—	1 4	0 3
9	oz.	Acid. glycerophosphoric. 20% ..	—	—	1 9	72	lb.	Æther chloricus		—	2 6	0 9	—
36	oz.	Acid. hippuricum	—	—	5 3	8	oz.	Æther ozonicus		—	—	1 1	0 3
6	oz.	Acid. hydriodicum dilutum	—	—	0 11	28	ea.	Æthylis chloride (30 c.c.) ..		ea.	3 6	—	—
36	lb.	Acid. hydrobrom. conc. 30% ..	—	1 9	0 6	40	ea.	Æthylis chloride (50 c.c.) ..		ea.	5 0	—	—
15	lb.	Acid. hydrobrom. dilutum	—	0 9	0 3	120	lb.	Agar (shredded)		—	4 3	1 2	—
10	lb.	Acid. hydrochlor. P.II. (8)	1 7	0 6	0 2	126	lb.	Agar pulvis		—	4 6	1 3	—
8	lb.	Acid. hydrochlor. dilutum P.II. (9)	—	0 5	0 2	51	oz.	Agotan R only		—	—	—	1 3
7	lb.	Acid. hydrochlor. coml. P.II. (8)	1 0	0 4	0 2	48	50	Agotan tablets R only		doz.	1 6	—	—
8	oz.	Acid. hydrocyan. (fort) S.I. (5)	—	—	1 2	18	lb.	Agropyrum Ang.		—	0 10	0 3	—
7	oz.	Acid. hydrocyan. dil. S.I. (5)	—	—	1 1	50	oz.	Airol		—	—	—	1 1
22	lb.	Acid. hydrofl. coml. (wt.) P.II. (8)	2 9	0 10	0 3	121	oz.	Albargin		—	—	—	2 6
12	lb.	Ac. hydrofl. dil. B.P.C. 1923 P.II. (10)	1 8	0 6	0 2	8	oz.	Albumen (egg) pulv.		—	—	1 2	0 2
30	lb.	Acid. hypophosphorosum dil. ..	—	1 2	0 7	5	oz.	Albumin. (blood) pulv. ..		—	—	0 9	—
6	oz.	Acid. lacticum	—	—	0 11	12	oz.	Albumin. tannic.		—	—	1 9	0 3
18	lb.	Acid. lacticum dilutum	2 8	0 8	0 3	262	pt.	Alcohol 90% sine rebate ..		24 0	7 0	1 9	0 4
27	oz.	Acid. mandelic	—	—	4 0	108	pt.	Alcohol 90% c rebate ..		11 0	3 3	1 0	0 2
12	oz.	Acid. molybdicum	—	—	2 0	274	pt.	Alcohol 95% s.r.		—	—	1 9	0 3
						315	lb.	Alcohol dehydrat.		—	10 3	2 8	0 5
						144	lb.	Alcoholammon. fort. B.P.C. P.II. (9)		—	—	1 6	0 3

Cost		Al—Am	Selling Price				Cost		Am—Aq Ammonium—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
42	lb.	Alcohol amylicum ..	5 0	1 5	0 5	0 1	48	lb.	Ammon. monocarb. arom. ..	—	—	0 6	0 2
27	lb.	Alcohol amylicum coml. ..	3 4	1 0	0 4	—	24	lb.	Ammon. nitrates pur. ..	3 0	0 11	0 3	—
24	pt.	Alcohol isopropylcum ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	9	lb.	Ammon. nitrates, coml. ..	1 2	0 4	0 2	—
360	lb.	Alcohol methylcum pur. ..	—	11 8	3 0	0 6	36	lb.	Ammon. oxalates pur. ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
24	oz.	Aldehydum alcoh. 20% ..	—	—	3 6	—	42	lb.	Ammon. persulphates ..	—	1 6	0 6	0 1
42	dr.	Allantoinum ..	—	—	—	6 2	39	lb.	Ammon. phosphates ..	4 10	1 5	0 5	0 1
18	lb.	Allium sativum ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	18	lb.	Ammon. phosphates coml. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
120	oz.	Allobarbitonum .. R only	—	—	—	2 6	42	lb.	Ammon. phosphates acid. ..	—	1 7	0 6	0 1
162	100	Allonal tablets .. R only	doz.	2 7	—	—	8	oz.	Ammon. salicylates ..	—	—	1 2	0 3
55	oz.	Allosan ..	—	—	7 0	1 4	21	oz.	Ammon. succinates ..	—	—	3 1	0 6
51	lb.	Aloe Barbadosensis ..	6 4	1 11	0 7	—	14	lb.	Ammon. sulphates pur. ..	—	0 7	0 2	—
51	lb.	Aloe Barbadosensis pulvis opt. ..	6 4	1 11	0 7	0 1	5	lb.	Ammon. sulphates coml. ..	0 8	0 3	—	—
16	lb.	Aloe Capensis ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	210	cwt.	Ammon. sulphates coml. ..	7 lb.	1 8	—	—
22	lb.	Aloe Capensis pulvis ..	2 9	0 10	0 3	—	54	lb.	Ammon. sulphocyanidum ..	—	—	0 6	0 1
54	lb.	Aloe Socot. pulvis ..	6 9	2 0	0 7	0 1	6	oz.	Ammon. tartarates ..	—	—	0 11	0 2
28	oz.	Aloinum ..	—	—	4 1	0 7	19	oz.	Ammon. valerianates cryst. ..	—	—	2 10	0 5
16	gm.	Alopon .. D.D.	per	gr.	0 3	—	67	5 amp	Amphotropin sol. ..	1 9	single	amp.	—
60	lb.	Althææ flores ..	—	2 2	0 8	—	33	lb.	Amygdala amara ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—
18	lb.	Althææ folia ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	45	lb.	Amygdala dulcis Jordan ..	5 8	1 8	0 6	—
30	lb.	Althææ rad. decort. ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	—	40	lb.	Amygdala dulcis Valent. ..	5 0	1 5	0 5	—
33	lb.	Althææ rad. dec. pulvis ..	4 0	1 3	0 5	—	66	lb.	Amygd. dulc. pulv. alb. ..	8 3	2 5	0 8	0 1
13	lb.	Alumen ..	1 8	0 6	0 2	—	24	lb.	Amygd. cont. (Almond meal) ..	3 0	0 11	0 3	—
15	lb.	Alumen pulv. ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	24	lb.	Amyl acetates pur. ..	—	0 11	0 3	—
4.5	lb.	Alumen coml. ..	0 7	0 2	0 1	—	21	lb.	Amyl acetates coml. ..	2 6	0 10	0 3	—
252	cwt.	Alumen coml. ..	7 lb.	2 0	—	—	9	oz.	Amyl nitrites .. P.I. (8)	—	—	—	0 3
5	lb.	Alumen coml. pulv. ..	0 8	0 3	—	—	20	doz.	Amyl nitrite caps. M3 P.I. (13)	doz.	2 6	—	—
276	cwt.	Alumen coml. pulv. ..	14 lb.	4 0	7 lb.	2 2	54	oz.	Amyleni hydrates ..	—	—	8 0	1 2
21	lb.	Alumen chromicum recryst. ..	—	0 10	0 3	—	360	cwt.	Amyli pulvis (maize) ..	7 lb.	3 3	—	—
14	lb.	Alumen chromicum coml. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	6	lb.	Amyli pulvis (maize) ..	0 9	0 3	0 1	—
18	lb.	Alumen exsiccatum ..	2 2	0 8	0 3	—	6	lb.	Amyli pulvis (potato) ..	0 9	0 3	0 1	—
19	lb.	Alumen exsiccatum pulv. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	7	lb.	Amyli pulvis (rice) ..	0 11	0 4	0 1	—
13	lb.	Alumen rupel ..	1 8	0 7	0 2	—	9	lb.	Amyli pulvis (wheat) ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—
6	oz.	Aluminii acetates ..	—	—	0 11	0 2	36	dr.	Amylocain hyd. .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 3	—
8	oz.	Aluminii aceto-tartarates ..	—	—	1 2	0 2	54	oz.	Anæsthesin .. P.I. (8)	—	—	—	1 0
45	lb.	Aluminii chloridum (hydrated) ..	—	1 8	0 6	0 1	14	lb.	Anchusæ radix ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
54	lb.	Aluminii hydroxidum ..	6 9	2 0	0 7	0 1	9	lb.	Anethi fructus E.I. ..	1 2	0 5	0 2	—
12	oz.	Aluminii salicylates ..	—	—	1 9	0 3	16	lb.	Anethi fructus pulvis ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
24	lb.	Aluminii sulphates ..	—	0 11	0 3	—	42	lb.	Angelicæ radix ..	5 3	1 6	0 6	—
9	lb.	Aluminii sulphates coml. ..	1 2	0 4	—	—	57	lb.	Angelicæ radicis pulvis ..	7 2	2 1	0 7	—
16	oz.	Aluminii tannates ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	4	oz.	Anilini hydrochlor. ..	—	—	0 7	0 1
16	oz.	Amidopyrina .. R only	—	—	2 4	0 4	16	lb.	Anilinum coml. opt. ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
42	oz.	Amidopyrin. camph. .. R only	—	—	6 2	1 0	12	lb.	Anisi fructus ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
38	oz.	Amidopyrin. salicyl. .. R only	—	—	5 7	0 10	15	lb.	Anisi fructus pulvis ..	2 0	0 7	0 3	—
51	lb.	Ammoniæ pulvis ..	—	—	0 6	0 1	14	lb.	Anisi fructus pulvis (crs.) ..	1 9	0 7	0 3	—
45	lb.	Ammoniacum opt. (gtt.) ..	—	—	0 6	0 1	14	oz.	Anisole ..	—	—	2 0	0 4
		Ammonium					54	lb.	Annatto (roll) ..	—	2 0	0 7	—
4	oz.	Ammon. acetates pur. ..	—	—	0 7	0 1	36	lb.	Annatto (liquid) ..	—	1 7	0 6	—
30	oz.	Ammon. benzoates nat. ..	—	—	4 5	0 8	42	lb.	Anthemidis flores Ang. ..	—	1 6	0 5	—
78	lb.	Ammon. benzoates synth. ..	—	2 10	0 10	0 2	39	lb.	Anthemidis flores exot. ..	4 10	1 5	0 5	0 1
20	lb.	Ammon. bicarb. ..	—	0 9	0 3	0 1	36	lb.	Anthemidis florum exot. pulv. ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
36	lb.	Ammon. bichromates cryst. ..	—	1 4	0 5	—	33	lb.	Anthemidis flores exot. sec. ..	4 1	1 2	0 4	—
38	lb.	Ammon. bromidum ..	—	1 4	0 5	—	60	oz.	Antikamnia, unstd. ..	—	—	—	1 6
20	lb.	Ammon. carb. gran. ..	—	0 9	0 3	—	60	oz.	Antikamnia tab., unstd. (v. comp.)	doz.	1 3	—	—
20	lb.	Ammon. carb. resub. ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	21	lb.	Antim. croc. pulv. .. S.I. (4)	2 8	0 10	0 3	—
17	lb.	Ammon. carb. resub. pulv. ..	2 2	0 8	0 2	—	8	oz.	Antim. et sod. tart. .. S.I. (4)	—	—	1 2	0 2
10	lb.	Ammon. carb. coml. ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—	15	lb.	Antim. nig. pulv. .. S.I. (4)	1 10	0 7	0 3	—
9	lb.	Ammon. carb. coml. (qty.) ..	1 2	—	7 lb.	7 0	6	oz.	Antim. oxidum .. S.I. (4)	—	—	1 0	0 2
11	lb.	Ammon. carb. coml. pulv. ..	1 4	0 5	0 2	—	42	lb.	Antim. sulph. .. S.I. (4)	5 3	1 6	0 5	0 1
11.5	lb.	Ammon. carb. coml. pulv. (qty.) ..	1 6	—	7 lb.	9 8	48	lb.	Antim. tartar. pulv. .. S.I. (4)	6 0	1 9	0 6	0 1
15	lb.	Ammon. chloridum pur. ..	1 10	0 7	0 2	—	43	oz.	Antitoxin tabs., unstd. ..	doz.	0 9	—	—
11	lb.	Ammon. chloridum coml. ..	1 5	0 5	0 2	—			Antitoxins (v. Serological Products, page 29) ..				
11	lb.	Ammon. chloridum "lumps" ..	1 5	—	7 lb.	8 3			Antuitrin 'S' .. P.I. (13)	—	18 0	each	—
7	oz.	Ammon. citrates ..	—	—	1 1	0 2	162	10c.c.	Apii grav. sem. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
60	lb.	Ammon. formas ..	—	2 3	0 8	0 2	18	lb.	Apiol ..	—	—	—	0 8
36	oz.	Ammon. hippurates ..	—	—	5 3	1 9	30	oz.	Apomorph. hydroch. .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 6	—
12	lb.	Ammon. hydrosulph. sol. ..	1 6	0 7	0 3	—	10	gr.	Aquæ				
14	oz.	Ammon. hypophosphis ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	8	lb.	Aqua anethi ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
18	oz.	Ammon. iodidum ..	—	—	2 8	0 5							

Cost		Aq—Ar	Selling Price				Cost		Ar—Bi	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
198	lb.	Aqua anethi conc. ..	—	7 0	2 0	0 4	12	oz.	Arsenii bromidum S.I. P.I. (4)	—	—	—	0 4
8	lb.	Aqua anisi dest. ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	36	oz.	Arsenii tri-iodidum S.I. P.I. (4)	—	—	—	0 9
162	lb.	Aqua anisi conc. 1-40 ..	—	5 9	1 7	0 4	39	lb.	Arsenii trioxid. .. S.I. P.I. (4)	—	—	0 5	—
16	lb.	Aqua aurantii flor. trip. ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	21	lb.	Ars. sulph. fl. pv. S.I. P.I. (4)	2 9	1 0	0 4	—
8	lb.	Aqua camphoræ ..	1 0	0 4	0 1½	—	18	lb.	Arsenii sulphid. rub. pulv. S.I. P.I. (4)	2 3	0 10	0 4	—
54	lb.	Aqua camphoræ conc. ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	30	25	Arthrytin tablets ..	3 9	per 25	—	—
8	lb.	Aqua cari dest. ..	1 0	0 4	0 1½	—	66	lb.	Asafetida opt. (gtt.) ..	—	2 6	0 9	0 2
174	lb.	Aqua cari conc. 1-40 ..	—	6 2	1 10	0 4	30	lb.	Asafetida coml. ..	—	1 2	0 5	—
8	lb.	Aqua caryophylli dest. ..	1 0	0 4	0 1½	—	63	lb.	Asafetidæ pulv. ..	—	—	0 8	0 2
210	lb.	Aqua caryophylli conc. ..	—	7 6	2 0	0 4	72	lb.	Asbestos opt. ..	—	2 7	0 9	—
8	lb.	Aqua chloroformi ..	1 0	0 4	0 1½	—	12	lb.	Asbestos coml. ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
72	lb.	Aq. chlorof. conc. B.P.C. P.I. (9)	—	2 7	0 9	0 2	78	oz.	Asparagin ..	—	—	11 4	1 9
9	lb.	Aqua cinnamomi ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—	9	lb.	Asphaltum ..	1 3	0 4	0 2	—
198	lb.	Aqua cinnamomi conc. ..	—	7 0	2 0	0 4	27	lb.	Asthma powder B.P.C. ..	—	1 0	0 4	—
13	gal.	Aqua destillata ..	0 4	0 2	—	—	72	oz.	Atophan .. R only	—	—	—	1 9
102	lb.	Aqua Florid. (isoprop.) ..	—	3 6	1 0	—	132	100	Atophan tablets gr. 7½ .. R only	doz.	2 1	—	—
8	lb.	Aqua fœniculi ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—	132	100	Atoquinol tablets .. R only	doz.	2 1	—	—
186	lb.	Aqua fœniculi conc. ..	—	6 7	1 10	0 4	48	dr.	Atropina .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 3	—
18	lb.	Aqua laurocerasi P.I. (9)	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	42	dr.	Atropinæ sulphas .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 3	—
13	lb.	Aqua menthæ pip. dest. ..	1 8	0 7	0 2	—	96	lb.	Aurantii cortex Ang. ..	—	3 5	0 11	0 2
216	lb.	Aqua menthæ pip. conc. Ang. 1-40	—	7 6	2 0	0 4	30	lb.	Aurantii cortex exot. ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	—
198	lb.	Aqua menthæ pip. conc. exot. 1-40	—	7 0	2 0	0 4	5	gr.	Auri bromidum ..	per	gr.	0 10	—
14	lb.	Aqua menthæ viridis dest. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	78	each	Auri chloridum (15 gr. tubes) ..	ea.	9 0	—	—
14	lb.	Aqua picis P.L.F. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	48	oz.	Auri chloridum sol. (2%) ..	—	—	6 0	—
9	lb.	Aqua pimentæ dest. ..	1 2	0 5	0 2	—			B				
198	lb.	Aqua pimentæ conc. 1-40 ..	—	7 6	2 1	0 4	26	lb.	Balsamum anisi P.L.F. ..	—	1 2	0 4	—
8	lb.	Aqua pulegii dest. ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—	9	oz.	Balsamum Peruvianum ..	—	—	1 6	0 3
13	lb.	Aqua rosæ dest. ..	1 8	0 7	0 2	—	21	lb.	Balsamum sulphuris ..	3 6	1 0	0 4	—
18	lb.	Aqua rosæ trip. opt. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	7	oz.	Balsamum toltanum ..	—	—	1 0	0 2
264	lb.	Aqua rosæ conc. 1-40 ..	—	9 5	2 9	0 5			Bandages—see page 31				
10	lb.	Aqua rosmarini ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—	17	oz.	Barbitonum .. R only	—	—	2 6	0 5
168	lb.	Aqua rosmarini conc. 1-40 ..	—	6 0	1 8	0 3	19	oz.	Barbitonum solubile .. R only	—	—	2 10	0 5
11	lb.	Aqua sambuci ..	1 5	0 6	0 2	—	23	lb.	Barii carb. pur. præc. S.I. P.I. (4)	2 10	0 10	0 3	—
20	lb.	Aqua sambuci trip. ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	10	lb.	Barii carb. coml. S.I. P.I. (4)	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
228	lb.	Aqua sambuci conc. 1-40 ..	—	—	2 3	0 4	12	lb.	Barii chlor. pur. S.I. P.I. (4)	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
10	oz.	Araroba ..	—	—	1 6	0 3	20	lb.	Barii hydrox. pur. S.I. P.I. (4)	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
24	dr.	Arbutin ..	—	—	—	3 6	27	lb.	Barii nit. pur. cryst. S.I. P.I. (4)	3 6	1 0	0 4	—
18	lb.	Archil ..	2 4	0 9	0 3	—	16	lb.	Barii nit. coml. S.I. P.I. (4)	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
17	lb.	Arctii radix ..	2 2	0 8	0 3	—	36	lb.	Barii peroxid. anhyd. S.I. P.I. (4)	4 6	1 4	0 5	—
26	lb.	Arctii radialis pulvis ..	3 3	1 0	0 4	—	20	lb.	Barii sulphas B.P. ..	2 6	0 9	—	—
12	lb.	Areca ..	—	—	0 2	—	108	doz.	Barii sulphas puriss. pkd. ..	—	1 4	—	—
16	lb.	Arecæ pulvis ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	4	oz.	Barii sulphidum S.I. P.I. (4)	—	—	0 7	0 2
3	gr.	Arecolinæ hydrobromidum ..	per	gr.	0 6	—	4.5	lb.	Bay salt ..	0 7	0 3	—	—
72	oz.	Argenti bromidum ..	—	—	—	1 6	360	cwt.	Bay salt ..	7 lb.	2 9	14 lb.	5 0
63	oz.	Argenti chloridum ..	—	—	—	1 4	21	dr.	Beberinæ sulphas ..	—	—	—	3 1
72	oz.	Argenti iodidum ..	—	—	—	1 6	51	lb.	Bellad. fol. Ang. S.I. (4)	—	—	0 7	—
32	oz.	Argenti nitras cryst. ..	—	—	4 8	0 8	69	lb.	Belladonna pulverata S.I. (5)	—	2 6	0 9	0 2
96	doz.	Argenti nit. (points in glass) ..	each	1 2	—	—	24	lb.	Belladonnæ rad. pulv. S.I. (4)	—	—	0 4	—
39	doz.	Argenti nit. ind. (in wood) ..	each	0 6	—	—	30	lb.	Benedict's reagent (qualit.) ..	4 3	1 4	—	—
37	oz.	Argenti nit. mitigat. (sticks) ..	each	0 10	—	—	5	oz.	Benzaldehydum pur. ..	—	—	0 9	0 2
36	oz.	Argenti nucleinas ..	—	—	5 3	0 9	33	dr.	Benzaminæ hydrochloridum ..	—	0 3	per 4 10	
63	oz.	Argenti oxidum ..	—	—	—	1 4	33	dr.	Benzaminæ lactas ..	—	0 3	gr. 4 10	
17	oz.	Argenti proteinatum ..	—	—	2 6	0 5	48	dr.	Benzamin. base ..	—	—	—	7 0
46	oz.	Argenti vitellin ..	—	—	6 9	1 0	15	lb.	Benzenum ..	1 9	0 6	0 2	—
60	oz.	Argentum colloidal ..	—	—	—	1 3	19	oz.	Benzocaina .. P.I. (8)	—	—	—	0 5
9	25	Argentum (fol.) ..	per	leaf	0 1	—	45	lb.	Benzoinum Sumat. ..	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
90	oz.	Argyrol ..	—	—	—	1 9	45	lb.	Benzoini pulv. ..	5 8	1 8	0 6	0 1
360	oz.	Aristochin ..	—	—	—	8 7	4	pt.	Benzol coml. ..	—	0 8	0 3	—
40	10 gm	Aristol ..	—	—	—	2 0	7	oz.	Benzonaphthol ..	—	—	1 1	0 2
21	lb.	Aristolochiæ radix ..	2 7	0 10	0 3	—	54	oz.	Benzosol ..	—	—	7 11	1 2
30	lb.	Aristolochiæ radialis pulvis ..	3 9	1 2	0 4	—	6	oz.	Benzyl benzoas ..	—	—	0 11	0 2
36	lb.	Arnica flores ..	—	1 4	0 5	—	28	lb.	Berberidis pulvis ..	3 6	1 0	0 4	0 1
36	lb.	Arnica rhizoma ..	—	1 4	0 5	—	27	dr.	Berberinæ sulphas ..	—	—	—	4 0
48	lb.	Arnica rhizomæ pulvis ..	—	—	0 6	0 1	33	oz.	Betainæ hydrochloridum ..	—	—	5 0	0 9
16	lb.	Arsen. alb. coml. S.I. P.I. (4)	2 0	0 7	0 3	—	16	oz.	Betanaphthylis Sal ..	—	—	2 4	0 4
11.5	lb.	Arsen. alb. coml. plv. S.I. P.I. (4)	1 6	0 5	—	—	40	oz.	Betol ..	—	—	5 10	1 0
600	cwt.	Arsen. alb. coml. plv. S.I. P.I. (4)	7 lb.	5 0	—	—			"Bipp" (v. Past. bis. et iod.)				

Cost		Bi—Ca	Selling Price				Cost		Ca	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
32	lb.	Bird-lime	4 0	1 2	0 4	—	27	oz.	Caffeinæ hydrobromidum ..	—	—	4 0	0 7
		Bismuthum					40	oz.	Caffeinæ iodidum	—	—	6 4	0 10
20	oz.	Bismuthi benzoas	—	—	3 0	0 6	21	oz.	Caffeinæ salicylas	—	—	3 1	0 6
26	oz.	Bismuthi betanaphthol. ..	—	—	3 9	0 7	16	oz.	Caffeinæ sodio-benzoas ..	—	—	2 4	0 4
114	lb.	Bismuthi carbonas	—	4 1	1 2	0 2	33	oz.	Caffeinæ sodio-iodidum ..	—	—	4 10	0 9
15	oz.	Bismuthi citras	—	—	2 3	0 4	15	oz.	Caffeinæ sodio-salicylas ..	—	—	2 3	0 4
22	oz.	Bismuthi et ammon. citras ..	—	—	3 3	0 6	44	oz.	Caffeinæ valerianas	—	—	6 5	1 0
21	oz.	Bismuthi hydroxidum	—	—	3 1	0 6	12	lb.	Calami aromatici radix ..	—	0 6	0 2	—
30	oz.	Bismuthi iodidum (oxy.) ..	—	—	4 5	0 8	18	lb.	Calami aromatici rad. pulvis ..	2 3	0 9	0 3	—
26	oz.	Bismuthi lactas	—	—	3 9	0 7	30	lb.	Calamina artif. P.L.F. ..	3 9	1 2	0 4	0 1
10	oz.	Bismuthi nitras cryst. ..	—	—	1 6	0 3	26	lb.	Calamina præparata ..	3 3	1 0	0 4	—
10	oz.	Bismuthi oleas	—	—	1 6	0 3			Calcium				
23	oz.	Bismuthi oxidum	—	—	3 5	0 6	27	lb.	Calcii acetat	—	1 0	0 4	0 1
21	oz.	Bismuthi oxychloridum ..	—	—	3 1	0 6	16	oz.	Calcii acetylsalicylas ..	—	—	2 4	0 4
21	oz.	Bismuthi oxychlor. puriss. ..	—	—	3 1	0 6	10	oz.	Calcii bromidum sic. ..	—	—	1 6	0 3
45	oz.	Bismuthi oxyiodogallas ..	—	—	6 9	1 0	7	lb.	Calcii carbonas	0 8	0 3	0 1	—
66	oz.	Bismuthum precip.	—	—	—	1 5	15	lb.	Calcii chloridum fusum ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
13	oz.	Bismuthi salicylas	—	—	1 11	0 4	6	lb.	Calcii chloridum coml. ..	0 10	0 4	—	—
14	oz.	Bismuthi subgallas	—	—	2 0	0 4	11	lb.	Calcii chloridum cryst. ..	1 5	0 6	0 2	—
105	lb.	Bismuthi subnitras	—	3 10	1 1	0 2	14	lb.	Calcii chloridum gran. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
15	oz.	Bismuthi tannas	—	—	2 3	0 4	8	oz.	Calcii citras	—	—	1 2	0 2
22	oz.	Bismuthi tartas solub. ..	—	—	3 3	0 6	45	lb.	Calcii et sodii lact. ..	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
20	oz.	Bismuthi tribromophen. ..	—	—	2 11	0 5	6	oz.	Calcii formas	—	—	0 9	0 2
45	oz.	Bismuthi valerianas	—	—	6 9	1 0	4	oz.	Calcii gluconas	—	—	0 7	0 1
							8	oz.	Calcii glycerophos. ..	—	—	1 2	0 2
80	lb.	Blue, Chin., pulv.	10 0	2 10	0 9	0 2	144	oz.	Calcii guaiacol-sulphonas ..	—	—	—	3 0
60	lb.	Blue, Pruss., pulv.	7 6	2 2	0 8	0 2	11	lb.	Calcii hydroxid.	1 5	0 6	0 2	—
15	lb.	Boldo folia	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	6	oz.	Calcii hypophosphis ..	—	—	0 11	0 2
8	lb.	Bole Armen.	1 0	0 4	0 1	—	22	oz.	Calcii iodidum	—	—	3 3	0 6
32	lb.	Boraldehyde	1 6	bot.	2 6	bot.	26	lb.	Calcii lactas	3 3	0 11	0 3½	0 1
14	lb.	Borax calcinatus	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	8	oz.	Calcii lactophosphas ..	—	—	1 2	0 2
7	lb.	Borax cryst. (Howards) ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	288	lb.	Calcii mandelas	—	10 3	0 0	0 6
6	lb.	Borax coml. cryst.	0 9	0 2	0 1	—	3	oz.	Calcii oxalas	—	—	0 6	0 1
7	lb.	Borax purificatus cryst. ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	16	oz.	Calcii peroxidum	—	—	2 3	0 4
7	lb.	Boracis purificati pulvis ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	15	lb.	Calcii phosphas	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
—	—	Boracis purificati pulvis (pkd.) ..	—	0 4½	0 1½	—	8	lb.	Calcii phosphas coml. ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
5	lb.	Boracis coml. pulvis	0 8	0 3	0 1	—	12	lb.	Calcii phosphatis acidi pulvis ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
360	cwt.	Boracis coml. pulvis	7 lb.	2 10	14 lb.	5 0	42	lb.	Calcii phosphas di-acidus ..	—	1 6	0 6	0 1
12	lb.	Bordeaux mixture	1 6	—	—	—	36	lb.	Calcii phosph. mono-acid. ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
		Boric lint (see p. 32)					24	lb.	Calcii saccharas	3 0	0 11	0 3	—
		Boric wool (see p. 32)					5	lb.	Calcii sulphas	0 7	0 3	—	—
84	oz.	Bornyl valerianas	—	—	—	1 10	6	oz.	Calcii sulphocarbolas ..	—	—	0 9	0 2
9	gm.	Borocaina .. S.I. (4)	gm.	1 0	—	—	4	lb.	Calcii superphosphas coml. ..	0 6	0 2	—	—
12	tube	Borocain c adren. tabs. S.I. (4)	tube	1 6	—	—	180	cwt.	Calcii superphosphas coml. ..	7 lb.	1 6	14 lb.	2 10
30	lb.	Borothymol	—	1 2	0 4	—	13	lb.	Calx	1 8	0 6	0 2	—
30	lb.	Boroglycerinum B.P.C. ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	0 1	75	lb.	Calx chlorinata	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
16	10 gm	Brilliant green	—	—	—	1 0	4	oz.	Calx sulphurata	—	—	0 7	0 1
55	4 oz.	Bromidia unstd.	—	6 11	1 9	0 3	57	lb.	Calendulæ flores	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
13	oz.	Bromoformum	—	—	—	0 11			Calf lymph (v. Lymph)				
6	oz.	Bromum	—	—	3 0	0 6	39	lb.	Calumbæ radix	4 10	1 5	0 5	—
42	doz.	Bromum (2 c.c. tubes) ..	each	0 7	—	—	19	lb.	Calumbæ radices pulvis ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
95	oz.	Bromural	—	—	—	2 4	7	oz.	Cambogia	—	—	1 1	0 2
39.5	20	Bromural tablets gr. 5 ..	doz.	3 0	—	—	9	oz.	Cambogiæ pulvis	—	—	1 4	0 3
27	oz.	Brucina .. S.I. (4)	—	—	4 0	0 7	57	lb.	Camphora (flores)	7 2	2 0	0 7	0 1
24	oz.	Brucinæ sulphas S.I. (4)	—	—	3 6	0 6	64	lb.	Camphora (1-oz. tab.) ..	—	—	0 8	—
18	lb.	Bryoniae albæ radix	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	66	lb.	Camphora (½-oz. tab.) ..	—	—	0 8	—
42	lb.	Buchu	—	1 6	0 6	0 1	16	oz.	Camphora monobromata ..	—	—	2 4	0 5
9	lb.	Burgundy mixture	1 2	—	—	—	48	lb.	Camphoræ synthet. pulv. ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
16	oz.	Butyl-chloral hydras P.I. (8)	—	—	2 3	0 4	58	5	Campolon, 2 c.c.	each	1 4	—	—
29	20	Butolan. tabs.	—	2 0	per	doz.	9	lb.	Canary seed	1 2	0 4	—	—
		C					30	lb.	Canellæ cortex	—	1 1	0 4	—
12	oz.	Cadmii bromidum	—	—	1 9	0 3	36	lb.	Canellæ corticis pulvis ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
21	oz.	Cadmii iodidum	—	—	3 1	0 6	78	oz.	Cannabinæ tannas .. S.I. (4)	—	—	11 4	1 8
11	oz.	Cadmii sulphide	—	—	1 8	0 3	65	gr.	Cantharidinum .. S.I. (4)	—	—	—	1 0
19	oz.	Caffeina	—	—	2 10	0 5	51	lb.	Cantharis Chinensis .. S.I. (4)	—	1 10	0 6	—
12	oz.	Caffeinæ benzoas	—	—	1 9	0 3	69	lb.	Cantharis Chin. pulv. .. S.I. (4)	8 9	2 5	0 8	0 2
13	oz.	Caffeinæ citras	—	—	1 11	0 4	96	lb.	Cantharis Russ. .. S.I. (4)	—	3 11	1 1	—
46	lb.	Caffeinæ citras effervescens ..	—	1 8	0 6	—	84	lb.	Caoutchouc	—	3 0	1 0	—

Cost		Ca—Ch	Selling Price				Cost		Ch—Co	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
56	box	Caprokol caps.	per	box	7 0	—	24	oz.	Chlorophyllum (spirit-sol.) . .	—	—	4 1	0 7
20	lb.	Capsici fructus	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	60	oz.	Cholesterol	—	—	8 9	1 3
22	lb.	Capsici fructus pulvis sec. . .	2 9	0 10	0 3	—	27	lb.	Chondrus crispus elect. . . .	3 5	1 0	0 4	—
21	oz.	Capsicin	—	—	—	0 6	6	oz.	Chromii trioxid	—	—	0 11	0 2
14	lb.	Carbo animalis gran.	1 9	0 6	0 2	—	9	oz.	Chromii trioxid pur.	—	—	1 4	0 3
11	lb.	Carbonis animalis pulvis . . .	1 4	0 5	0 2	—	24	oz.	Chrysarobinum	—	—	3 6	0 6
6	lb.	Carbo ligni	0 9	0 2½	0 1	—	11	oz.	Chrysoidin	—	—	1 8	0 3
9.5	lb.	Carbonis ligni pulvis levigatus .	1 3	0 4½	0 1½	—	13	gm.	Cignolin	—	0 3	per	grain
15	lb.	Carbonis ligni salicis pulvis . .	1 10	0 6	0 2	—	16	lb.	Cimicifugæ rhizoma	—	0 8	0 3	0 1
30	lb.	Carbon disulphidum	5 9	1 9	0 6	0 1	24	lb.	Cimicifug. rhizomæ pulvis . .	—	0 11	0 4	0 1
17	lb.	Carbon disulphidum coml. . . .	3 6	1 2	0 5	—	54	lb.	Cinchonæ calisayæ cort. pulvis .	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
24	lb.	Carbon tetrachloridum	5 4	1 8	0 6	0 1	51	lb.	Cinchonæ pallid. cort. pulvis . .	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
30	oz.	Carbromalum	—	—	4 5	0 8	45	lb.	Cinchonæ succirub. cortex . . .	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
102	lb.	Cardamomi sem. pulv. dec. . . .	—	3 8	1 0	0 2	30	lb.	Cinchonæ succirub. cort. parv. .	—	1 1	0 4	0 1
33	oz.	Carminum opt.	—	—	4 10	0 9	32	lb.	Cinchonæ succirubræ corticis pulvis	—	1 2	0 4	0 1
27	oz.	Carminum sec.	—	—	4 0	0 7	87	oz.	Cinchonidina	—	—	—	1 10
15	lb.	Carron oil P.L.F.	1 10	0 7	0 2	—	54	oz.	Cinchonidinæ hydrochloridum .	—	—	—	1 2
13	lb.	Carum	1 7	0 7	0 2	—	57	oz.	Cinchonidinæ sulphas	—	—	—	1 3
16	lb.	Carum pulvis	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	54	oz.	Cinchonina	—	—	—	1 2
14	lb.	Carum pulvis (coarse)	1 9	0 6	—	—	48	oz.	Cinchoninæ hydrochloridum . .	—	—	—	1 0
36	lb.	Caryophyllum opt.	—	1 4	0 5	—	42	oz.	Cinchoninæ sulphas	—	—	—	0 11
27	lb.	Caryophyllum sec.	3 5	1 0	0 4	—	27	oz.	Cinchophenum B only	—	—	4 0	0 7
28	lb.	Caryophylli pulvis sec.	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	10	oz.	Cinnamic aldehyde	—	—	1 6	0 3
125	16 oz.	Cascara evacuant	14 6	4 6	1 4	0 3	42	lb.	Cinnamomi cortex opt.	5 3	1 6	0 6	—
96	lb.	Cascarilla	—	3 5	1 0	0 2	33	lb.	Cinnamomi cortex sec.	4 2	1 3	0 5	—
24	lb.	Caseinum (solub.)	3 0	1 0	0 4	0 1	24	lb.	Cinnamomi cortex parv.	3 0	0 11	0 4	—
42	lb.	Caseinum album lev.	5 3	1 7	0 5	0 1	27	lb.	Cinnamomi cort. pulvis opt. . .	3 6	1 0	0 4	0 1
36	lb.	Caseinum glycerophos. B.P.C. . .	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	10	oz.	Cobalti chloridum	—	—	1 6	0 3
15	lb.	Cassia corticis pulvis	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	10	oz.	Cobalti nitras	—	—	1 6	0 3
16	lb.	Cassia fructus	—	0 7	0 2	—	96	dr.	Cocaina D.D.	per	gr.	0 5	14 0
36	lb.	Cassia pulpa	—	1 4	0 5	—	90	dr.	Cocainæ hydrochlor. D.D.	per	gr.	0 5	13 0
10	lb.	Cataplasma kaolini	1 3	0 6	—	—	90	dr.	Cocainæ nitras D.D.	per	gr.	0 5	13 0
21	lb.	Catechu	2 7	0 10	0 3	—	90	dr.	Cocainæ salicylas D.D.	per	gr.	0 5	13 0
26	lb.	Catechu pulvis	3 3	1 0	0 4	—	44	100cc	Cocaine eye-drops (factory) D.D.	3 ss.	1 8	—	—
14	lb.	Catechu nigrum	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	39	lb.	Coccus (silver grain)	4 10	1 5	0 5	0 1
20	lb.	Catechu nigri pulvis	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	39	lb.	Cocci pulvis	5 0	1 5	0 5	0 1
28	oz.	Caulophyllum	—	—	3 6	0 8	28	lb.	Cocculi indicis pulvis S.I. (4)	3 0	1 0	0 4	—
32	lb.	Cera alba in massa	4 0	1 2	0 4	—	26	lb.	Coconut stearin	3 3	1 0	0 4	—
34	lb.	Cera alba in placentis	4 3	1 3	0 4	—	72	dr.	Codeina D.D.	per	gr.	0 3	10 9
39	lb.	Cera carnauba (grey)	5 0	1 5	0 5	—	66	dr.	Codeinæ phosphas D.D.	per	gr.	0 3	9 0
54	lb.	Cera flava Ang.	6 9	2 0	0 7	—	60	dr.	Codeinæ sulphas D.D.	per	gr.	0 3	10 0
28	lb.	Cera flava exot.	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	255	oz.	Codeonal. D.D.	—	—	—	6 0
34	lb.	Cera flava exot. (1-oz. tab.)	4 0	1 3	0 4	—	29	10	Codeonal tablets, 2½ gr. D.D.	doz.	4 4	—	—
15	lb.	Cera Japonica	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	22	lb.	Colch.corm.exot.pv. (20) P.I. (8)	—	0 10	0 3	—
33	lb.	Ceratum calaminæ	4 2	1 3	0 5	—	36	lb.	Colch. sem. pulvis P.I. (8)	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
16	lb.	Ceresina coml. alba	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	15	gr.	Colchicina S.I. (4)	per	gr.	2 3	—
15	lb.	Ceresina coml. flava	1 11	0 7	0 2	—	15	gr.	Colchicinæ salicylas S.I. (4)	per	gr.	2 3	—
5	oz.	Cerri oxalas P.II. (8)	—	—	0 9	0 2	30	lb.	Collodia	—	—	—	—
28	lb.	Cetaceum	3 3	1 0	0 4	—	36	lb.	Collodium flexile meth.	—	1 2	0 4	0 1
36	lb.	Cetacei pulvis	4 3	1 3	0 4	—	14	oz.	Collodium acetoni B.P.C. . . .	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
14	lb.	Cetraria Islandica	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	7	oz.	Collod. anodyn. B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	—	2 0	0 4
		Charta epispat. (11 in. × 8 in.)	each	1 3	—	—	50	lb.	Collod. bellad. B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	—	1 1	0 2
42	oz.	Chinosol	—	—	—	1 0	84	lb.	Collod. salicyl. B.P.C. P.I. (9)	—	1 10	0 7	0 1
19	lb.	Chirata incisa	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	72	lb.	Collodium stypticum meth. . . .	—	—	—	—
9	oz.	Chloral camph. B.P.C. P.I. (9)	—	—	—	0 3	16	oz.	Collodium vesicans S.I. (5)	—	—	0 9	0 2
24	oz.	Chloral formamidum P.I. (8)	—	—	3 6	0 6	36	3iv.	Collosol argent.	—	4 0	1 6	0 3
6	oz.	Chloral hydras P.I. (8)	—	—	0 11	0 2	54	3iv.	Collosol arseni. S.I. F.I. (6)	—	6 0	1 9	0 3
8	oz.	Chloramina	—	—	1 2	0 2	54	3iv.	Collosol bism.	—	6 0	1 9	0 3
126	oz.	Chloralose	—	—	—	2 8	41	3iv.	Collosol hydr.	—	4 6	1 4	0 3
21	oz.	Chlorbutol	—	—	—	0 6	50	3iii.	Collosol hydrarg. et sulphur . .	—	5 6	1 6	0 3
122	doz.	Chloretone Inhalant, 10 c.c. . .	each	1 3	—	—	22.5	3iv.	Collosol iodine	—	2 6	0 9	0 2
		Chlorodynum (v. Tinct. chlor. et morph. 1885)	—	—	—	—	45	3iv.	Collosol iodine in oil	—	5 0	1 6	0 3
45	lb.	Chloroformum P.I. (8)	—	2 5	0 9	—	45	3j.	Collosol manganese (inj.) . . .	—	—	5 0	0 9
120	lb.	Chlorof. aconiti B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	6 5	1 10	0 4	36	3iv.	Collosol quinine.	—	4 0	1 2	0 2
120	lb.	Chlorof. bellad. B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	7 0	2 0	0 4	31.5	3viij.	Collosol sulphur	—	2 0	0 6	0 1
90	lb.	Chlorof. camph. B.P.C. P.I. (9)	—	—	1 4	0 3							
24	oz.	Chlorophyllum (oil-sol.)	—	—	3 6	0 6							

Cost		Co—Cu	Selling Price				Cost		Cu—Di	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
39	lb.	Colocynthis pulpa	—	1 5	0 5	0 1	48	lb.	Cupri oxyacet. pulv. (ærugeo) ..	6 0	1 9	0 6	—
42	lb.	Colocynthis pulpa pulvis ..	—	1 6	0 5	0 1	18	lb.	Cupri sulphas	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
35	4 oz.	Colofine	—	4 4	1 2	0 3	8	lb.	Cupri sulphas coml. opt. ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—
12	lb.	Colophonii pulv.	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	324	cwt.	Cupri sulphas coml.	7 lb.	3 0	14 lb.	7 6
9	lb.	Colophonium	1 2	0 4	0 2	—	9	lb.	Cupri sulphas coml. pulvis ..	1 2	0 4	—	—
27	lb.	Composition essence	—	1 0	0 4	—	30	lb.	Cupri sulphas exsiccatus ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	—
67	50	Compral tablets .. R only	doz.	2 4	—	—	60	lb.	Cuprum (filings)	—	2 2	0 8	—
30	lb.	Confectio guaiaci co. B.P.C. ..	4 0	1 2	0 4	0 1	54	lb.	Cuprum (foil)	—	2 0	0 7	—
30	lb.	Confectio paraffini B.P.C. ..	3 9	1 2	0 4	—	42	lb.	Cuprum (turnings)	5 3	1 6	0 5	0 1
30	lb.	Confectio petrolei	3 9	1 2	0 4	—	11	lb.	Curcumæ rhizoma	1 5	0 6	0 2	—
33	lb.	Confectio piperis	—	1 3	0 4	0 1	14	lb.	Curcumæ rhizomæ pulvis ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
39	lb.	Confectio rosæ gallic.	—	1 3	0 5	—	10	lb.	Curcumæ rhizomæ pulvis (crs.)	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
18	lb.	Confectio sennæ	2 4	0 9	0 3	—	66	lb.	Cydoniæ semina	—	2 6	0 9	—
33	lb.	Confectio sennæ et sulph. B.P.C.	4 2	1 3	0 4	—			D				
38	lb.	Confectio sulphuris	5 0	1 6	0 5	0 1	30	lb.	Dale's plaster S.I. (6)	—	1 1	0 4	—
54	oz.	Congo Red	—	—	—	1 2	42	lb.	Damar gummi	5 3	1 7	0 5	—
14	gr.	Coniina S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 2	—	30	lb.	Daturæ tatulæ pulvis ..S.I. (5)	—	1 1	0 4	0 1
8	gr.	Coniina hydrobrom. ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 2	—	24	gr.	Daturina S.I. (4)	per	gr.	3 6	—
45	lb.	Copaiba	5 9	1 7	0 6	0 1	24	gr.	Daturinæ sulphas ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	3 6	—
9	oz.	Copaibæ resina	—	—	1 4	0 3	36	lb.	Dec. agropyri conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 4	0 6	0 1
27	lb.	Copal elect.	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	12	lb.	Dec. agropyri recens	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
30	lb.	Copal pulv.	3 9	1 1	0 4	—	24	lb.	Dec. aloes co.	—	0 11	0 3	—
36	each	Coramine 17c., 5 amps. ..	—	4 0	per	box	26	lb.	Dec. aloes co. conc. 1 to 3 ..	—	1 0	0 4	0 1
11	lb.	Coriandrum	1 4	0 5	0 2	—	30	lb.	Dec. aloes co. recens	3 9	1 2	0 4	—
14	lb.	Coriand. pulvis	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	39	lb.	Dec. cinch. conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 6	0 6	0 1
12	lb.	Coriand. pulvis (crs.)	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	36	lb.	Dec. cinchonæ flav. c. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
		Corn solvent (v. Collod. callos.)					54	lb.	Dec. cuspariæ conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
110	lb.	Coster's paste	—	—	0 8	0 2	44	lb.	Dec. dulcamar. conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 7	0 6	0 1
87	16 oz.	Cosylan ..P.I. (10 & 13)	—	3 3	0 11	0 2	24	lb.	Dec. gossypii rad. cort. rec. ..	3 0	1 0	0 3	—
54	dr.	Cotarninæ hydrochlor. ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	2 2	8 4	51	lb.	Dec. granati cort. conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
54	dr.	Cotarninæ phthalas ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	2 2	8 4	30	lb.	Dec. hæmat. conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 1	0 4	0 1
96	dr.	Cotoinum	per	gr.	0 3	—	14	lb.	Dec. hæmatoxyli recens ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
14	oz.	Coumarinum	—	—	2 0	0 4	54	lb.	Dec. hemidesmi conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	2 1	0 8	0 2
66	lb.	Creme d'amandes, scented ..	8 6	2 5	0 8	—	42	lb.	Dec. mezerei conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 7	0 6	0 1
54	lb.	Creme d'amandes, unscented ..	6 9	2 0	0 7	—	33	lb.	Dec. papaveris conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	—	—	—
54	lb.	Cremor bismuthi	8 6	2 10	0 9	—			P.I. (10)	—	1 3	0 5	0 1
33	lb.	Crem. zinci B.P.C.	4 3	1 3	0 4	—	45	lb.	Dec. papav. et anth.conc.P.I. (10)	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
15	oz.	Creosoti carbonas	—	—	2 2	0 4	48	lb.	Dec. pareiræ conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
39	lb.	Creosotum P.I. (8)	—	1 6	0 6	0 1	36	lb.	Dec. quercus conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
18	lb.	Cresol P.I. (8)	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	66	lb.	Dec. sarsæ Jam. (simp.) conc.	—	—	—	—
21	lb.	Creta cum camphora 12½% ..	2 8	0 10	0 3	—			1 to 7	—	2 5	0 9	0 2
15	lb.	Creta c. camph. 10%	2 0	0 7	0 3	—	60	lb.	Dec. sarsæ co. conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	2 4	0 8	0 2
18	lb.	Creta Gallica (tab.)	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	30	lb.	Dec. scoparii conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 1	0 4	0 1
360	cwt.	Cretæ Gall. pulvis	7 lb.	2 9	14 lb.	5 0	48	lb.	Dec. senegæ conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
7	lb.	Cretæ Gall. pulvis	0 10	0 3	0 1	—	42	lb.	Dec. taraxaci conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
8	lb.	Cretæ Gall. pulvis subtil. ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—	57	lb.	Dec. ulmi conc. B.P.C. 1 to 7 ..	—	2 1	0 7	0 1
6	lb.	Creta præparata	0 9	0 3	0 1	—	32	lb.	Dec. uvæ ursi conc. 1 to 7 ..	—	1 2	0 4	0 1
8	lb.	Creta præparata rubra ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	40	oz.	Dermatol	—	—	5 9	0 10
138	oz.	Crocus	—	—	—	2 10	32	lb.	Derris pulv.	4 0	1 2	0 4	—
150	oz.	Crocus pulv.	—	—	—	3 0	40	30	Devegan tabs. S.I. (6)	doz.	1 10	—	—
36	10gm	Cryogenine	—	—	—	2 6	7	lb.	Dextrin. alb.	0 11	0 4	0 2	—
18	10	Cryogenine tablets gr. 4 ..	doz.	2 9	—	—	7	lb.	Dextrin. flav.	0 11	0 4	0 2	—
48	lb.	Cubebæ fructus	—	1 9	0 6	—	14	lb.	Dextrosium	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
60	lb.	Cubebæ fructus pulvis	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	12		Dial tablets, orig. tube .. R only	tube	2 0	—	—
26	lb.	Cucumber cream	—	1 0	0 4	—	100		Dial tablets R only	doz.	1 9	—	—
54	lb.	Cucumber paste	6 0	1 9	0 6	—	14	oz.	Diamidophenol. hydrochloridum	—	—	1 9	0 3
192	lb.	Cucumber pomade	—	6 10	2 0	—	93	dr.	Diamorphinæ hydrochl. D.D.	per	gr.	0 4	—
22	lb.	Cudbear	—	0 10	0 3	—	14	lb.	Diapente	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
21	lb.	Cumini fructus	2 7	0 10	0 3	—	24	oz.	Diastasum	—	—	3 0	0 7
24	lb.	Cumini fructus pulvis	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	48	lb.	Calcium phosphate (P.D.) ..	6 0	2 0	—	—
21	lb.	Cumini fructus pulvis (crs.)	2 7	0 10	0 3	—	36	oz.	Dichloramin.—T.	—	—	5 3	0 9
22	lb.	Cupri ammon. sulph.	2 9	0 10	0 3	—	24	lb.	Dichlorobenzene ortho. ..	—	1 4	0 5	—
54	lb.	Cupri carbonas pur.	—	2 0	0 7	—	24	lb.	Dichlorobenzene para ..	—	1 4	0 5	—
36	lb.	Cupri chloridum pur.	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	38	15c.c.	Digalen S.I. (6)	—	—	8 6	1 4
39	lb.	Cupri nitras	5 0	1 5	0 5	—	24	25	Digifoline tablets ..S.I. (6)	doz.	1 6	—	—
46	lb.	Cupri oleas	5 9	1 8	0 6	0 1	23	oz.	Digifortis S.I. (6)	—	—	—	0 7
6	oz.	Cupri oxidum pur.	—	—	0 11	0 2	15	gr. 15	Digipuratum S.I. (6)	per	gr.	0 2	—
21	lb.	Cupri oxidum coml.	2 8	0 9	0 3	—	21	10c.c.	Digipuratum liq. ..S.I. (6)	—	—	—	1 4

Cost		Di—El	Selling Price				Cost		El—Es Elixir—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
24	12	Digipuratum tablets ..S.I. (6)	doz.	3 0	—	—	52	lb.	Elixir rhei B.P.C.	—	2 2	0 7	0 2
7	gr.	Digitalinum amorph. ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 1	—	32	lb.	Elixir rubi idæi	—	1 9	0 6	—
108	gr.	Digitalinum cryst. ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	15 10	—	72	lb.	Elixir Saccharini	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
24	40	Digitaline gran. (Nativ.) S.I. (6)	doz.	0 11	—	—	33	lb.	Elixir sennæ fructus B.P.C. ..	—	1 3	0 5	—
42	lb.	Digitalis folia Ang. ..S.I. (4)	—	1 6	0 6	0 1	30	lb.	Elixir simplex B.P.C.	—	1 6	0 5	0 1
57	lb.	Digitalis pulverata ..S.I. (5)	—	—	0 8	0 2	72	16 oz.	Elixir terpheroini co. (D.F.) D.D.	—	3 0	0 10	—
9	gr.	Digitonin .. P.I. (10)	—	—	—	—	108	16 oz.	Elixir terpheroini (Squire) D.D.	—	3 6	1 0	0 2
54	100	Dimol pulverettes	doz.	1 0	—	—	78	lb.	Elixir terpheroini co. .. D.D.	—	3 6	1 0	—
41	4 oz.	Dimol syrup	—	—	1 4	0 3	108	lb.	Elixir viburn. prunif. B.P.C. ..	—	3 5	1 0	0 2
36	gm.	Dioninum D.D.	per	gr.	0 4	—	105	lb.	Elixir viburn. prun. co. B.P.C. ...	—	4 2	1 2	0 2
43	oz.	Diuretin	—	—	—	1 0	7	gr.	Emetina S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 2	—
22	20	Diuretin tablets gr. 7½ ..	doz.	1 8	—	—	7	gr.	Emetin. period S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 1	—
48	oz.	Dolichos pubes	—	—	7 6	1 2	6	gr.	Emetin. bismuthi iod. ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 11	—
124	oz.	Dormigene pulv.	—	—	—	2 7	6	gr.	Emetinæ hydrochlor. ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 11	—
12	gr.	Duboisinæ sulphas ..S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 10	—	30	lb.	Emuls. acriflavina B.P.C. ..	3 9	1 2	—	—
21	lb.	Dulcamara	—	0 9	0 3	—	84	lb.	Emulsio benzyl benzoate ..	—	3 4	1 0	—
		E											
30	lb.	Eau de Cologne	3 6	1 0	0 4	0 1	48	lb.	Emulsio bismuth et magnesiae..	—	2 2	0 8	—
6	gr.	Elaterinum P.I. (8)	per	gr.	1 0	—	15	lb.	Emulsio chloroformi B.P.C. ..	—	—	0 3	0 1
72	dr.	Elaterium Ang. P.I. (8)	per	gr.	0 3	—	60	lb.	Emuls. iodoformi 10 per cent. ...	—	3 0	0 10	—
24	lb.	Elemi	—	1 0	0 4	—	48	lb.	Emuls. menth. pip B.P.C. ..	—	1 9	0 6	—
		Elixir											
54	lb.	Elixir aletridis B.P.C.	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	18	lb.	Emuls. olei morrhuae B.P.C. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
96	lb.	Elixir aromaticum B.P.C. ..	—	3 4	0 11	0 2	27	lb.	Emuls. ol. morrh. 50% pkd. ..	3 vi.	1 9	3 xij.	3 0
96	lb.	Elixir aurantii B.P.C.	—	3 6	1 0	0 2	51	lb.	Emuls. ol. morrh. c. hypoph. B.P.C.	3 6	1 0	—	—
99	lb.	Elixir aurantii comp. B.P.C. ..	—	3 6	1 0	0 2	56	lb.	Emuls. ol. morrh. pancr. B.P.C. ..	6 6	2 0	0 7	—
54	lb.	Elixir benzyl benzoatis	—	2 2	0 7	—							
54	lb.	Elixir bismuthi B.P.C.	—	2 3	0 8	—	28	lb.	Emuls. ol. olivæ B.P.C.	3 10	1 2	—	—
48	lb.	Elixir bismuth sal. B.D.H. ..	—	2 2	0 8	—	66	lb.	Emuls. ol. olivæ co. B.P.C. ..	9 0	2 7	—	—
48	lb.	Elixir bromoformi B.P.C. ..	—	2 0	0 7	—	21	lb.	Emuls. petrolei (agar)	2 6	0 9	—	—
69	lb.	Elixir caffein iodid N.H.I. ..	—	2 6	0 9	0 2	18	lb.	Emuls. petrolei c. agar N.I.F. ...	2 4	0 9	0 3	—
72	lb.	Elixir camphoræ monobromatæ	—	2 10	0 9	—	18	lb.	Emuls. petr. agar phenolphthal.	—	—	—	—
123	lb.	Elixir cascaræ et euonymi B.P.C.	—	5 6	1 5	—	21	lb.	N.I.F.	2 4	0 9	0 3	—
33	lb.	Elixir cascaræ sag.	—	1 3	0 5	—	18	lb.	Emuls. petr. phenolphthal. (agar)	2 6	0 9	—	—
75	lb.	Elixir cinchonæ B.P.C.	—	2 10	0 9	0 2	18	lb.	Emuls. petr. c. hypoph. B.P.C. ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
54	lb.	Elixir cocæ B.P.C. P.I. (13)	—	2 0	0 7	—	144	doz.	Emuls. petrolei pkd.	—	1 6	3 viij.	1 9
57	lb.	Elixir codein. co. P.I. (13)	—	2 8	0 8	—	33	dr.	Ephedrina alk. P.I. (8)	per	gr.	0 2	4 10
57	lb.	Elixir codein. co. B.D.H. P.I. (13)	—	2 2	0 8	—	27	dr.	Ephedrinæ hydrochlor. P.I. (8)	per	gr.	0 2	4 0
48	lb.	Elixir diamorph. et pini co. D.D.	—	2 0	0 8	—	27	dr.	Ephedrine sulphas P.I. (8)	per	gr.	0 2	4 0
45	lb.	Elixir diamor. et ter. B.P.C. D.D.	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	14	oz.	Ergota preparata S.I. (5)	—	—	2 0	0 4
72	lb.	Elixir diamorph. et terp. c. apomorph. B.P.C. ..S.I. (5)	—	2 9	0 10	—	108	1 gm.	Ergotoxin ethanesulph. S.I. (4)	0 4	for	0.1	gm.
68	16 oz.	Elixir enzymes (Armour) ..	—	2 2	0 7	0 1	60	1 gm.	Ergotoxin phosph. ..S.I. (4)	0 3	for	0.1	gm.
51	lb.	Elixir ephedrin	—	1 11	0 7	—	90	4 oz.	Ernutin S.I. (6)	—	—	2 10	0 6
45	lb.	Elix. ethylmorph. et terp. P.I. (13)	—	1 9	0 6	—	51	dr.	Erythrityl tet. dil. P.I. (9)	per	gr.	0 3	—
45	lb.	Elixir formatum B.P.C.	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	102	dr.	Erythrol tetranitras P.I. (8)	per	gr.	0 5	—
56	lb.	Elixir formatum co. P.I. (13)	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	21	lb.	Esbach's solution	—	0 10	0 3	—
78	lb.	Elixir glusidi B.P.C.	—	2 10	0 10	—	42	oz.	Ess. ambra griseæ	—	—	6 2	1 0
92	lb.	Elixir guaiacol. co.	—	3 3	0 11	—	24	oz.	Ess. amygdalæ l in 16	—	—	3 6	0 6
32	lb.	Elixir idæi co.	—	1 10	0 6	—	24	oz.	Ess. anisi l in 5	—	—	3 6	0 6
36	lb.	Elixir ipecacuanhæ B.P.C. ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1	28	oz.	Ess. apricot	—	—	3 10	0 8
30	lb.	Elixir kolæ B.P.C.	—	1 2	0 4	0 1	114	lb.	Ess. camphoræ B.P.C.	—	3 9	1 0	—
19	4 oz.	Elixir lactated pepsin (Armour)	—	2 9	0 9	0 2	13	oz.	Ess. cherry, fruit	—	—	2 0	0 4
70	16 oz.	Elixir lactopeptin.	—	2 3	0 8	0 2	27	oz.	Ess. fridis	—	4 0	—	0 7
63	lb.	Elixir lecithin B.P.C.	—	2 4	0 8	—	252	lb.	Ess. limonis (soluble)	—	8 9	2 6	0 4
72	lb.	Elixir lecithini compositum ..	—	2 8	0 10	0 2	456	lb.	Ess. menth. pip. (Ang.) l in 5	—	—	3 6	0 7
56	lb.	Elixir luminal R only	—	1 8	0 6	—	336	lb.	Ess. menth. pip. (Ang.) l in 10	—	—	3 1	0 6
93	lb.	Elixir papaini B.P.C.	—	3 5	1 0	—	252	lb.	Ess. menth. pip. (exot.) l in 10	—	8 6	2 4	0 4
72	lb.	Elixir pepsini B.P.C.	—	2 7	0 9	0 2	51	oz.	Ess. moschi	—	—	7 5	1 2
68	lb.	Elixir pepsini co. P.L.F. ..	—	2 5	0 8	—	75	oz.	Ess. moschi fort.	—	—	10 2	1 6
57	lb.	Elixir pepsini et bism. co. B.P.C.	—	2 2	0 8	—	16	oz.	Ess. pear (jargonelle)	—	—	2 9	0 6
54	lb.	Elixir peptolacticum	—	2 3	0 8	—	22	oz.	Ess. pineapple	—	—	2 4	0 4
66	lb.	Elixir phosphori B.P.C.	—	2 5	0 8	0 2	96	lb.	Ess. pulegii l in 10	—	3 5	1 0	0 2
90	lb.	Elixir phosphori co. B.P.C. ..	—	3 3	1 0	—	14	oz.	Ess. raspberry (fruit)	—	—	2 0	0 4
54	lb.	Elixir pini compositum .. D.D.	—	2 3	0 9	—	14	lb.	Ess. rennet	1 9	0 7	0 3	—
30	lb.	Elixir pruni virg.	—	1 4	0 6	—	17	oz.	Ess. strawberry	—	—	2 6	0 5
90	lb.	Elixir quiniæ ammon. B.P.C.	—	3 3	0 11	0 2	30	oz.	Ess. vanillæ P.L.F.	—	—	4 5	0 8
78	lb.	Elixir quiniæ amm. co. B.P.C.	—	2 10	0 10	—	33	oz.	Ess. vanillæ fort.	—	—	4 10	0 9
		</											

Cost		Et—Ex	Selling Price				Cost		Ex Extracta—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
10	oz.	Ethyl bromidum	—	—	—	0 6	22	oz.	Ext. damianæ pulvis	—	—	3 3	0 7
74	50c.c.	Ethyl chaulmoogras	per c.c.	0 3	—	—	108	lb.	Ext. damianæ liquidum ..	—	4 0	1 1	0 2
31	ea.	Ethyl chloridum (30 c.c.) ..	ea.	4 0	—	—	19	oz.	Ext. droseræ rotund. liquidum	—	—	2 10	0 5
42	ea.	Ethyl chloridum (50 c.c.) ..	ea.	5 3	—	—	138	lb.	Ext. ephedræ liq.	—	4 10	1 4	0 3
74	50c.c.	Ethyl hydnocarpas	per c.c.	0 3	—	—	72	oz.	Ext. ergotæ S.I. (5)	—	—	10 6	1 6
31	oz.	Ethyl iodidum	—	—	—	1 4	132	lb.	Ext. ergot. liq. S.I. (5)	—	4 10	1 5	0 3
72	dr.	Ethyl morph. hydrochl. S.I. D.D.	per	gr.	0 4	—	156	lb.	Ext. ergotæ liq. '14 ..S.I. (5)	—	5 8	1 8	0 3
74	50c.c.	Ethyl morrhuas	per	c.c.	0 3	—	222	lb.	Ext. ergot. ammon. liq. S.I. (6)	—	8 0	2 5	0 4
5	oz.	Ethyl phthalate	—	—	0 9	0 2	36	oz.	Ext. euonymi	—	—	4 8	0 8
96	oz.	Eucaïnæ hyd. (beta)	—	—	—	2 4	75	lb.	Ext. euphorbiæ liquidum ..	—	2 11	0 10	0 2
96	oz.	Eucaïnæ lact. (beta)	—	—	—	2 4	17	oz.	Ext. fellis bovinum	—	—	2 6	0 5
20	lb.	Eucalypti folia Ang.	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	19	oz.	Ext. fellis bovinum pulv. ..	—	—	2 10	0 5
24	lb.	Eucalypti fol. pulv.	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	8	oz.	Ext. filicis	—	—	1 2	0 2
8	oz.	Eucalyptol	—	—	1 2	0 2	9	oz.	Ext. fuci B.P.C. pulv. ..	—	—	1 4	0 3
50	oz.	Eugallol	—	—	6 0	1 2	66	lb.	Ext. fuci liquidum	8 3	2 5	0 8	0 2
14	oz.	Eugenol	—	—	2 0	0 4	12	oz.	Ext. fuci pulvis	—	—	1 9	0 3
39	oz.	Euonyminum virid.	—	—	5 3	0 9	32	oz.	Ext. gelsemii S.I. (5)	—	—	4 8	0 8
16	lb.	Eupad	2 0	0 8	0 3	—	45	lb.	Ext. gentianæ	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
42	lb.	Euphorb. gum. pulv.	—	1 6	0 6	—	51	lb.	Ext. gentianæ pulvis	—	1 11	0 7	0 1
45	oz.	Euresol	—	—	—	1 1	54	lb.	Ext. glycyrrhizæ	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
22.4	1 gm.	Evipan sodium R only	—	2 6	per	amp.	26	lb.	Ext. glycyrrhizæ liquidum ..	—	1 0	0 4	0 1
Extracta													
21	oz.	Ext. aconiti radicis alc. S.I. (6)	—	—	3 2	0 6	144	lb.	Ext. gossypii rad. cort. liquidum	—	5 0	1 5	0 3
10	oz.	Ext. adonis vernalis liq. ..	—	—	1 8	0 3	93	lb.	Ext. granati rad. cort. liquidum	—	3 4	0 11	0 2
51	lb.	Ext. agropyri liquidum	—	2 0	0 8	0 2	66	lb.	Ext. grindeliæ liquidum ..	—	2 9	0 10	0 2
126	lb.	Ext. aletris liquidum B.P.C. ..	—	4 6	1 3	0 3	18	lb.	Ext. hæmatox. exot.	—	0 8	0 3	0 1
60	lb.	Ext. aloes pulvis	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	30	lb.	Ext. hæmatox. pulvis	—	1 2	0 4	0 1
18	oz.	Ext. aloes glac.	—	—	2 8	0 5	16	oz.	Ext. hamamelidis (fol.) ..	—	—	2 4	0 4
9	oz.	Ext. aloes Socotrinæ pulvis ..	—	—	1 9	0 3	72	lb.	Ext. hamamelidis liquidum ..	9 0	2 7	0 9	0 2
24	oz.	Ext. anthemidis pulvis '98 ..	—	—	3 1	0 6	12	oz.	Ext. hellebor. nig.	—	—	1 9	0 3
14	oz.	Ext. apocyni liquidum	—	—	2 0	0 4	79	—	Ext. hepatis siccum	9s.	for	3	tubes
150	lb.	Ext. arnica liq.	—	5 5	1 7	0 3	120	lb.	Ext. hepat. liq.	—	4 6	—	—
60	lb.	Ext. belæ liquidum	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	120	oz.	Ext. hydrastis siccum	—	—	—	2 5
12	oz.	Ext. bellad. siccum ..S.I. (5)	—	—	1 9	0 3	42	oz.	Ext. hydrastis liquidum ..	—	—	6 4	0 11
108	lb.	Ext. bellad. liquidum ..S.I. (5)	—	4 6	1 4	0 3	9	oz.	Ext. hyoscyam. liq. ..P.I. (9)	—	—	1 4	0 3
102	lb.	Ext. bellad. viride '98 ..S.I. (5)	—	3 9	1 0	0 2	16	oz.	Ext. hyoscyami siccum S.I. (5)	—	—	2 4	0 4
13	oz.	Ext. bellad. viridis pulv. '98 ..S.I. (5)	—	—	1 11	0 4	17	oz.	Ext. hyoscy. vir. pulv. ..S.I. (5)	—	—	2 6	0 5
13	oz.	Ext. boldo liquidum	—	—	1 10	0 4	24	oz.	Ext. ipecacuanhæ liquidum ..	—	—	3 8	0 7
36	oz.	Ext. bone marrow	—	—	4 6	0 11	16	oz.	Ext. iridis sicc. B.P.C. ..	—	—	2 4	0 4
24	oz.	Ext. buchu	—	—	3 6	0 6	108	lb.	Ext. jaborandi liq. ..P.I. (9)	—	3 11	1 1	0 2
150	lb.	Ext. buchu liquidum B.P.C. ..	—	5 5	1 7	0 3	18	oz.	Ext. jalapæ pulvis	—	—	2 8	0 5
15	oz.	Ext. cacti grandiflori liquidum ..	—	—	2 3	0 4	126	lb.	Ext. kavæ liquidum	—	4 8	1 4	0 3
39	oz.	Ext. calendulæ	—	—	5 9	0 10	81	lb.	Ext. kolæ liquidum	—	2 11	0 11	0 2
14	oz.	Ext. calendula liq.	—	—	2 2	0 4	22	oz.	Ext. krameria pulvis	—	—	3 3	0 6
24	oz.	Ext. calumbæ	—	—	3 6	0 6	17	oz.	Ext. lactucæ pulvis	—	—	2 2	0 5
52	dr.	Ext. cannabis indicæ .. D.D.	—	—	—	7 7	18	oz.	Ext. lupuli pulvis	—	—	2 8	0 5
108	lb.	Ext. cascaræ sag. sicci pulvis ..	—	3 10	1 1	0 2	10	lb.	Ext. malti	1 4	—	—	—
34	lb.	Ext. cascaræ sag. liquidum ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	0 1	14	lb.	Ext. malti ferratum	1 10	0 7	—	—
51	lb.	Ext. cascaræ sag. liquidum insip.	6 4	1 11	0 7	0 1	26	lb.	Ext. malti c. cascar. sag. wgt. ..	3 3	1 0	—	—
132	lb.	Ext. caulophylli liquidum	—	4 10	1 4	0 3	21	lb.	Ext. malti c. glycerophos. wgt. ..	—	—	—	—
7	oz.	Ext. cinchonæ	—	—	1 1	0 2	—	—	P.I. (13)	2 8	0 11	—	—
60	lb.	Ext. cinchonæ liquidum	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	24	lb.	Ext. malti c. hæmoglobin. wgt. ..	3 0	1 0	—	—
156	lb.	Ext. cocæ liquidum .. D.D.	—	5 7	1 7	0 3	22	lb.	Ext. malti c. hypophosph. wgt. ..	2 9	1 0	—	—
24	oz.	Ext. colchici acet. ..S.I. (5)	—	—	3 6	0 8	12	lb.	Ext. malti c. ol. morrh. B.P.C. ..	1 6	—	—	—
9	oz.	Ext. colchici liq. ..P.I. (9)	—	—	1 4	0 3	144	doz.	Ext. malti c. oleo morrh. pkd. ..	1 6	—	2-lb.	2 6
30	oz.	Ext. colchici sicc. S.I. (5)	—	—	4 5	0 8	14	lb.	Ext. malti c. syr. ferri phos. co. wgt. ..	1 10	0 7	—	—
30	oz.	Ext. colch. sem. acet. ..S.I. (5)	—	—	4 5	0 8	17	lb.	Ext. malti liquidum	2 8	1 0	0 3	—
10	oz.	Ext. collinsonia liq.	—	—	1 6	0 3	27	lb.	Ext. malti liq. c. casc. sag. ..	—	1 3	0 5	—
23	oz.	Ext. colocynthis pulvis	—	—	3 5	0 6	33	lb.	Ext. malti liq. c. glyceroph. ..	4 3	1 4	0 5	—
7	oz.	Ext. colocynthis co.	—	—	1 1	0 2	30	lb.	Ext. malti liq. c. hæmoglob. ..	4 0	1 3	0 4	—
111	lb.	Ext. condurango liquidum	—	4 2	1 2	0 2	24	lb.	Ext. malti liq. c. hypophos. ..	3 3	1 1	0 4	—
9	oz.	Ext. conii S.I. (5)	—	—	1 4	0 3	26	lb.	Ext. malt. liq. c. syr. East. P.I. (13)	3 6	1 1	0 4	—
11	oz.	Ext. conii liquidum ..S.I. (6)	—	—	1 8	0 3	20	lb.	Ext. malti liq. c. syr. ferri phos. co.	2 9	0 11	0 3	—
21	oz.	Ext. convallariæ liquidum	—	—	3 1	0 6	69	lb.	Ext. marubii liquidum	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
14	oz.	Ext. coto liquidum	—	—	2 0	0 4	13	oz.	Ext. maticæ liq.	—	—	2 0	0 4
							54	lb.	Ext. medullæ rubræ liquidum ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
							9	oz.	Ext. nuc. vom. sicc. ..S.I. (5)	—	—	1 4	0 3
							63	lb.	Ext. nuc. vom. liq. ..S.I. (5)	—	2 4	0 8	0 2

Cost		Ex—Fe Extracta—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Fe—Cl Ferrum—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
57	lb.	Ext. opii liquidum .. D.D.	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	14	lb.	Ferri oxidum præcipitatum rubrum ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
60	oz.	Ext. opii siccum. . . D.D.	—	—	—	1 3	30	lb.	Ferri oxidum sacch. B.P.C.	—	1 2	0 4	—
60	lb.	Ext. papaveris liq. . . P.I. (9)	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	14	lb.	Ferri perchloridum cryst.	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
96	lb.	Ext. pareiræ liquidum ..	—	3 5	0 11	0 2	30	lb.	Ferri phosphas saccharatus ..	—	1 2	0 4	—
51	oz.	Ext. physostigmatis .. S.I. (6)	—	—	7 5	1 1	4	oz.	Ferri phosphas solubilis ..	—	—	0 11	0 2
13	oz.	Ext. picrorhizæ liquidum ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	8	oz.	Ferri pyrophosphas ..	—	—	1 1	0 2
8	oz.	Ext. pini canadensis liquidum ..	—	—	1 4	0 3	14	oz.	Ferri salicylas ..	—	—	2 0	0 4
22	lb.	Ext. pini (for baths) ..	2 9	0 10	0 3	—	84	lb.	Ferri subchlor. cit.	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
11	oz.	Ext. pulsatillæ liquidum ..	—	—	1 8	0 3	15	oz.	Ferri succinas ..	—	—	2 3	0 4
126	lb.	Ext. pyrethri rad liq. ..	—	4 7	1 4	0 3	7	lb.	Ferri sulphas pur.	0 11	0 3	0 1	—
16	oz.	Ext. quassia B.P.C. ..	—	—	2 4	0 4	8	lb.	Ferri sulphas pur. granulatus ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—
18	oz.	Ext. quassia pulvis ..	—	—	2 8	0 5	14	lb.	Ferri sulphas exsiccatus ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
48	lb.	Ext. quassia liq. ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	4	lb.	Ferri sulphas coml. ..	0 6	0 2	—	—
66	lb.	Ext. quillaia liquidum ..	—	2 6	0 9	0 2	8	lb.	Ferri sulphidum (cake) ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
12	oz.	Ext. rhamni frang. liquidum ..	—	—	1 9	0 3	20	oz.	Ferri valerianas ..	—	—	2 8	0 5
22	oz.	Ext. rhei pulvis ..	—	—	3 3	0 6	31.5	8 oz.	Ferro-malt ..	—	2 0	0 6	—
11	oz.	Ext. rhus. arom. liquidum ..	—	—	1 8	0 3	36	8 oz.	Ferro-malt glycerophos.	—	2 3	0 7	0 1
14	oz.	Ext. rhus. toxicod. liquidum ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	43	oz.	Ferropyrin ..	—	—	—	1 0
27	oz.	Ext. rutæ ..	—	—	4 0	0 9	6	oz.	Ferrum redactum ..	—	—	0 11	0 2
13	oz.	Ext. sabal liq. ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	21	oz.	Fluorescein technical ..	—	—	3 1	0 6
102	lb.	Ext. salicis nigra liquidum ..	—	3 9	1 1	0 2	30	oz.	Fluorescein solubile ..	—	—	4 5	0 8
16	oz.	Ext. sarsæ Jam. simp. ..	—	—	2 4	0 4	16	lb.	Fœniculi pulvis ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
13	oz.	Ext. sarsæ Jam. co. ..	—	—	1 11	0 4	14	lb.	Fœniculi pulvis (coarse) ..	1 9	0 6	0 2	—
7	oz.	Ext. scillæ liquidum ..	—	—	1 1	0 2	8	lb.	Fœnugreci sem. pulvis ..	1 0	0 3	—	—
120	lb.	Ext. senegæ liquidum ..	—	—	1 3	0 3	7	lb.	Fœnugreci sem. pulvis (crs.) ..	0 11	0 3	—	—
36	lb.	Ext. sennæ liquidum ..	—	1 6	0 6	0 1	570	cwt.	Fœnugreci sem. pulvis (crs.) ..	0 9	—	7 lb.	4 6
23	oz.	Ext. serpentariæ liq. ..	—	—	3 4	0 6	13	oz.	Formamol ..	—	—	2 0	0 4
20	oz.	Ext. stramonii foliæ .. S.I. (5)	—	—	2 11	0 6	54	lb.	Frosting ..	6 9	2 0	0 7	—
33	oz.	Ext. stramonii sem. .. S.I. (5)	—	—	4 10	0 8	26	oz.	Fuchsinum pur. ..	—	—	3 9	0 7
24	oz.	Ext. strophanthi .. S.I. (5)	—	—	3 6	0 6	5	lb.	Fuller's earth ..	0 8	0 3	—	—
30	oz.	Ext. sumbul ..	—	—	—	0 8	6	lb.	Fuller's earth pulvis ..	0 9	0 3	—	—
66	lb.	Ext. taraxaci ..	—	2 5	0 8	0 2	7	lb.	Fuller's earth levig. ..	0 11	0 4	—	—
66	lb.	Ext. taraxaci pulvis ..	—	2 5	0 10	0 2	1	lb.	Fuller's earth levig. alb. ..	0 11	0 4	—	—
84	lb.	Ext. thymi. liq. ..	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	32	oz.	Galactosum ..	—	—	4 8	0 8
9	oz.	Ext. uvæ ursi liq. ..	—	—	1 4	0 3	12	lb.	Galangalæ rhizoma ..	1 8	0 6	0 2	—
18	oz.	Ext. valerianæ pulvis ..	—	—	2 8	0 5	10	oz.	Galbani pulvis ..	—	—	1 6	0 3
39	oz.	Ext. viburni prunifolii ..	—	—	5 9	1 10	21	lb.	Gallæ cærul. ..	2 8	0 9	0 3	—
120	lb.	Ext. viburni liquidum ..	—	4 4	1 2	0 2	27	lb.	Gallæ cærul. pulvis ..	3 5	1 0	0 4	—
		F					22	25	Gardan tablets .. R only	per bot.	2 6	—	—
30	lb.	Fehling's solution No. 1 ..	—	1 6	0 5	—	66	lb.	Gelatinum sheet No. 1 ..	8 3	2 5	0 8	—
30	lb.	Fehling's solution No. 2 P.I. (15)	—	1 6	0 5	—	84	lb.	Gelatinum incisum ..	10 6	3 0	0 10	—
		Ferrum					102	lb.	Gel. codein. et glyc. P.I. (13)	—	3 9	1 0	—
21	oz.	Ferri albuminas ..	—	—	3 1	0 6	20	lb.	Gelatum zinci ..	2 6	0 9	—	—
26	lb.	Ferri alum. pur. ..	3 3	1 0	0 4	—	30	gr.	Gelseminæ hydrochlor. S.I. (4)	per gr.	4 6	—	—
8	oz.	Ferri arsenas .. S.I. (4)	—	—	1 2	0 2	14	lb.	Gentianæ rad. incis. ..	1 9	0 6	0 2	—
56	oz.	Ferri cacodylas .. S.I. (4)	—	—	—	1 4	16	lb.	Gentianæ rad. pulvis ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
18	lb.	Ferri carbonas saccharatus ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	598	cwt.	Gentianæ rad. pulvis (crs.) ..	7 lb.	4 8	14 lb.	9 0
9	oz.	Ferri citras ..	—	—	1 4	0 3	18	oz.	Geraniol ..	—	—	2 8	0 5
34	lb.	Ferri et ammonii citras ..	—	1 3	0 4	0 1	20	oz.	Geraniol acetat ..	—	—	3 0	0 6
66	lb.	Ferri et ammonii citras vir. ..	—	2 5	0 8	0 2	22	oz.	Gingerin. (African) ..	—	—	3 3	0 6
6	oz.	Ferri et ammonii tartras ..	—	—	0 11	0 2	54	oz.	Gingerin. (Jam.) ..	—	—	7 11	1 2
16	oz.	Ferri et bismuthi citras ..	—	—	2 4	0 4	8	lb.	Glucosum (liq.) .. wgt.	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
11	oz.	Ferri et mangan. citras ..	—	—	1 8	0 3	8	lb.	Glucosum (solid) ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
10	oz.	Ferri et mang. phosphas ..	—	—	1 6	0 3	12	lb.	Glucosum pulv. ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
7	oz.	Ferri et potassii tartras ..	—	—	1 1	0 2	36	lb.	Glue, surg. (Sinclair) ..	4 6	1 2	—	—
21	oz.	Ferri et quiniæ citras ..	—	—	2 11	0 5	72	lb.	Glycerina				
30	oz.	Ferri et quin. cit. c. strych. S.I. (6)	—	—	4 1	0 7	60	lb.	Glycerin bismuth carb. ..	—	3 9	1 0	0 2
14	oz.	Ferri et strych. citras .. S.I. (5)	—	—	1 9	0 3	24	lb.	Glycerin pepsin fort. ..	—	2 10	0 10	0 2
14	oz.	Ferri glycerophosphatis pulvis ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	14	lb.	Glycerin phenolis P.I. (9)	—	1 3	0 4	0 1
13	oz.	Ferri hypophosphis ..	—	—	1 11	0 4	14	lb.	Glycerinum ..	2 4	0 9	0 3	—
15	oz.	Ferri iodidum ..	—	—	2 3	0 4	14	lb.	Glycerinum (wgt.) ..	1 9	0 6	—	—
10	oz.	Ferri lactas ..	—	—	1 6	0 3	26	lb.	Glyc. acidi boric	4 2	1 3	0 4	—
18	oz.	Ferri lactophosphas ..	—	—	3 0	0 6	38	lb.	Glyc. acidi gallici ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
11	lb.	Ferri limat. ..	1 5	0 6	0 2	—	86	8 oz.	Glyc. ac. pepsin (Bullock) ..	—	6 0	1 7	0 4
30	lb.	Ferri nitras ..	—	1 2	0 4	—	30	lb.	Glyc. acidi tannici ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
48	lb.	Ferri oleas ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	26	lb.	Glyc. aluminis ..	—	1 3	0 4	—
4	oz.	Ferri oxalas (ferric) .. P.I. (8)	—	—	0 7	0 1							

Cost		Glycerina—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Ho—In	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
33	lb.	Glyc. amyli	—	1 3	0 5	—	70	100	Hormotone tablets	per	doz.	1 3	—
43	lb.	Glyc. atropinæ S.I. (5)	—	2 4	0 8	—			Hydrargyrum				
36	lb.	Glyc. bellad. 25% S.I. (5)	5 9	1 7	0 6	—	120	lb.	Hyd. bisulph. (vermilion) ..	17 0	4 10	1 4	—
60	lb.	Glyc. bellad. S.I. (5)	—	3 0	0 10	—	14	oz.	Hyd. bromidum	—	—	2 0	0 4
20	lb.	Glyc. boracis	—	0 10	0 3	—	24	oz.	Hyd. cyanidum S.I. (4)	—	—	3 6	0 6
72	lb.	Glyc. carminini B.P.C. ..	—	3 11	1 2	—	19	oz.	Hyd. iodid. flav. S.I. P.II. (4)	—	—	2 10	0 5
29	lb.	Glyc. diamorph. B.P.C. D.D.	—	1 8	0 6	—	16	oz.	Hyd. iodid. rub. S.I. P.II. (4)	—	—	2 4	0 4
34	lb.	Glyc. Eastoni P.I. (10 and 13)	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	19	oz.	Hyd. iodid. virid.	—	—	2 10	0 5
26	lb.	Glyc. et cucum.	—	1 0	0 4	—	72	lb.	Hyd. oleas S.I. (4)	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
14	lb.	Glyc. et aqua rosæ l in 3	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	156	lb.	Hyd. oxid. flav. P.I. (8)	—	—	1 8	0 3
32	lb.	Glyc. glycerophosphatum co. ..	—	1 6	0 5	—	174	lb.	Hyd. oxid. rub. P.I. (8)	—	—	1 10	0 4
30	lb.	Glyc. ichthammol.	—	1 5	0 5	0 1	24	oz.	Hyd. oxycyanidum S.I. (4)	—	—	3 6	0 6
6	oz.	Glyc. iodi B.P.C.	—	—	1 9	—	129	lb.	Hyd. perchloridum S.I. P.II. (4)	—	—	1 4	0 3
48	lb.	Glyc. pancreatini	—	1 10	0 6	0 1	150	lb.	Hyd. persulphas (alb.)	—	5 5	1 7	0 3
81	lb.	Glyc. papaini	—	3 4	1 0	0 2	22	oz.	Hyd. salicylas S.I. (4)	—	—	3 3	0 6
36	lb.	Glyc. pepsini	—	1 6	0 5	0 1	144	lb.	Hyd. subchloridum	—	—	1 6	0 3
25	lb.	Glyc. plumbi subacet. .. P.I. (9)	—	1 6	0 5	0 1	14	oz.	Hyd. subchl. præc. subtil. ..	—	—	2 0	0 4
11	lb.	Glyc. thymolis co.	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	156	lb.	Hyd. subsulphas flavus	—	5 7	1 8	0 3
75	lb.	Glyc. tragacanthæ	—	2 6	0 9	0 2	150	lb.	Hyd. sulphuretum c. sulphure ..	—	5 5	1 7	0 3
30	oz.	Glycine	—	—	4 5	0 8	18	oz.	Hyd. sulphocyanid. .. P.I. (8)	—	—	2 8	0 5
33	lb.	Glycothymoline, unsd.	—	1 3	0 4	—	23	oz.	Hyd. tannas S.I. (4)	—	—	3 5	0 7
24	lb.	Glycyrrhizæ radix decort. ..	3 0	1 0	0 4	—	108	lb.	Hydrargyrum	13 6	4 0	1 2	—
12	lb.	Glycyrrhizæ radicis pulvis ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	150	lb.	Hyd. ammoniatum .. P.I. (8)	—	5 5	1 7	0 3
28	lb.	Glycyrrhizæ radicis decort. pulv.	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	51	lb.	Hyd. cum creta	—	1 11	0 7	0 2
10	lb.	Glycyrrhizæ radicis pulvis (crs.)	1 3	0 5	0 2	—							
560	cwt.	Glycyrrhizæ radicis pulvis (crs.)	7 lb.	4 2	14 lb.	7 9	8	gr.	Hydrastina	per	gr.	1 2	—
16	oz.	Glycyrrhizinum ammoniatum ..	—	—	2 4	0 4	8	gr.	Hydrastininæ hydrochlor. ..	per	gr.	1 2	—
54	lb.	Gossypii radicis cort. pulvis ..	—	2 0	0 7	—	84	lb.	Hydroquinone	—	2 9	0 9	0 2
45	lb.	Gran. paradisi pulv.	5 8	1 8	0 6	—	7	gr.	Hyoscin. hydrobrom. .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 2	—
17	lb.	Granati cortex	—	0 8	0 3	—	39	lb.	Hyoscyami semina S.I. (4)	—	1 5	0 5	—
27	lb.	Granati radicis cortex	—	1 0	0 4	—	5	gr.	Hyoscyamina cryst. .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 10	—
35	4 oz.	Grindeline (Oppenheimer) ..	—	4 4	1 2	0 3	5	gr.	Hyoscyamin. sulph. .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 10	—
7	lb.	Guaiaci ligni rass.	0 11	0 4	0 1	—			I				
5	oz.	Guaiaci resinæ pulvis	—	—	0 9	0 2	43	oz.	Ichthalbin	—	—	—	1 0
14	oz.	Guaiacol (cryst.)	—	—	2 0	0 4	20	30	Ichthalbin tablets gr. 5 ..	doz.	1 2	—	—
16	oz.	Guaiacol	—	—	2 5	0 5	40	lb.	Ichthammol	—	1 5	0 5	0 1
30	oz.	Guaiacol. benzoas	—	—	4 5	0 8	63	lb.	Ichthyocolla Brazil. incis. ..	8 0	2 4	0 8	0 2
16	oz.	Guaiacol. carbonas	—	—	2 4	0 4	114	lb.	Ichthyol	—	4 2	1 2	0 2
42	oz.	Guaiacol cinnamas	—	—	6 4	0 11	6.6	amp.	Icoral 0.5%	0 10	per	amp.	—
108	oz.	Guaiacol. salicylas	—	—	—	2 4	7.3	amp.	Icoral 5.0%	1 0	per	amp.	—
8	oz.	Guaranæ pulvis	—	—	1 2	0 2	51	lb.	Incense P.L.F.	6 5	1 10	—	—
9	oz.	Guttæ fluorescinæ B.P.C. ..	—	—	1 4	0 3	42	oz.	Indicarminum	—	—	6 4	1 0
		H					22	oz.	Indigo synthetic	—	—	3 3	0 6
8	lb.	Hæmatox. lignum incis. ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—	24	oz.	Indigo (carminic dry)	—	—	3 6	0 6
13	lb.	Hæmatox. ligni pulvis	1 8	0 7	0 2	—	42	lb.	Indigo (carminic paste)	—	1 6	0 5	—
19	dr.	Hæmatoxylinum	—	—	—	2 10	40	lb.	Indigo sulphatis sol.	—	1 5	0 5	—
6	oz.	Hæmoglobini pulvis	—	—	0 11	0 2	12	lb.	Infusa recenta	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
90	lb.	Hæmorrhaline	—	3 3	0 11	0 2			Infusa Concentrata 1—7				
33.6	10c.c.	Halibut liver oil	4 0	each	—	—	37	lb.	Inf. agropyri conc.	—	1 5	0 5	0 1
33.5	box 25	Haliverol capsules M3	4 0	each	—	—	46	lb.	Inf. anthemidis conc.	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
302	doz.	Haliverol	—	—	5 c.c.	3 0	22	lb.	Inf. amarum conc.	—	1 0	0 4	0 1
21	oz.	Hamamelinum	—	—	3 1	0 6	36	lb.	Inf. aromat. co.	—	1 6	0 6	0 1
30	10 v.	Hebaral sod. gr. 3 B only	3 3	each	—	—	36	lb.	Inf. aurantii conc.	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
12	oz.	Heliotropin. cryst.	—	—	1 9	0 3	36	lb.	Inf. aurantii co. conc.	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
22	lb.	Hellebori nigri radicis pulvis ..	2 9	0 10	0 3	—	45	lb.	Inf. buchû conc.	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
40	oz.	Helmitol	—	—	—	0 11	30	lb.	Inf. calumbæ conc.	—	1 1	0 4	0 1
16	lb.	Hennæ folia	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	30	lb.	Inf. caryophylli conc.	—	1 1	0 4	0 1
16	lb.	Hennæ fol. pulvis	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	51	lb.	Inf. casca-illæ conc.	—	1 11	0 7	0 1
18	oz.	Hexamin benzoas.	—	—	2 8	0 5	45	lb.	Inf. catechu conc.	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
18	oz.	Hexamin salicylas	—	—	2 8	0 5	45	lb.	Inf. chiratæ conc.	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
30	lb.	Hexamina	—	1 1	0 4	0 1	46	lb.	Inf. cinchonæ acid. conc. ..	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
24	oz.	Hexamina resorcin.	—	—	3 6	0 8	54	lb.	Inf. cinchonæ flav. conc. ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
12	oz.	Hexamin. sodii acet.	—	—	1 9	0 3	60	lb.	Inf. cinchonæ pallid. conc. ..	—	2 2	0 7	0 1
90	doz.	Hirudines	ea.	1 2	—	—	45	lb.	Inf. cuspariæ conc.	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
5	gr.	Homatropina S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 9	—	43	lb.	Inf. dulcamaræ conc.	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
5	gr.	Homatrop. hydrobrom. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 9	—	69	lb.	Inf. ergotæ conc. S.I. (5)	—	2 6	0 9	0 2
5	lb.	Hordeum perlatum	0 8	0 3	0 1	—	25	lb.	Inf. gentianæ (simp.) conc. ..	—	1 0	0 4	0 1

Cost		In—La Infusa—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		La—Li	Selling Price				
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	
27	lb.	Inf. gentianæ co. conc.	—	1 0	0 4	0 1	15	oz.	Lævulosum	—	—	2 3	0 4	
39	lb.	Inf. jaborandi conc.	—	1 5	0 6	0 1	24	50	Lamellæ	3 6	per	tube	—	
36	lb.	Inf. krameria conc.	—	1 4	0 5	0 1	36	50	Lamellæ homotropin. ..S.I. (5)	4 6	per	tube	—	
48	lb.	Inf. lupuli conc.	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	6	lb.	Lapis cariosi pulvis	0 9	0 3	0 1	—	
44	lb.	Inf. marubii conc.	—	1 9	0 6	—	11	oz.	Lapis divinus (sticks)	—	—	1 8	0 3	
45	lb.	Inf. maticæ conc.	—	1 10	0 7	0 1	7	lb.	Lapis Hibern. pulvis	0 10	0 4	0 2	—	
40	lb.	Inf. pruni serot. conc.	—	1 5	0 6	0 1	8	lb.	Lapis pumicis elect.	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	
24	lb.	Inf. quassia conc.	—	1 0	0 4	0 1	5	lb.	Lapis pumicis pulvis	0 8	0 3	0 1	—	
54	lb.	Inf. rhei conc.	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	7	lb.	Lapis pumicis pulvis levig.	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	
57	lb.	Inf. rosæ acidum conc.	—	2 1	0 8	0 2	18	lb.	Laricis cortex	—	0 9	0 2	—	
30	lb.	Inf. scoparii conc.	—	1 1	0 5	0 1	30	lb.	Laricis corticis pulvis	—	1 1	0 4	—	
50	lb.	Inf. senegæ conc.	—	1 10	0 6	0 1	14	lb.	Lauri fructus	—	0 6	0 2	—	
36	lb.	Inf. sennæ conc.	—	1 4	0 5	0 1	18	lb.	Lauri fructus pulvis	—	0 8	0 3	—	
90	lb.	Inf. serpentaria conc.	—	3 3	0 11	0 2	84	lb.	Lavandulæ flores Ang.	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	
45	lb.	Inf. simarubæ conc.	—	1 8	0 6	0 1	36	lb.	Lavandulæ flores Gall. opt.	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	
36	lb.	Inf. uvæ ursi conc.	—	1 4	0 5	0 1	30	lb.	Lavandulæ flores Gall. sec.	3 9	1 2	0 4	—	
30	lb.	Inf. valerianæ conc.	—	1 1	0 4	0 1	42	oz.	Lecithin (ovo)	—	—	6 2	1 0	
		Injections						36	lb.	Leeming's ess. .. S.I. (11)	4 6	1 4	—	
23	oz.	Inject. apomorph. hypod. S.I. (6)	—	—	3 10	0 7	48	oz.	Lenigallol	—	—	—	1 2	
32	oz.	Inject. cocainæ hypod. .. D.D.	—	—	4 8	0 8	10	oz.	Leptandrinum	—	—	1 6	0 3	
48	oz.	Inject. coc. hyp. (10%) .. D.D.	—	—	7 0	1 0	15	lb.	Ligroinum	—	0 6	0 2	—	
28	oz.	Inject. morphinæ hypod. D.D.	—	—	5 0	0 9	54	lb.	Limonis cortex sicc. Ang. / ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	
6	oz.	Inject. strychnin. hypod. S.I. (5)	—	—	1 0	0 2	36	lb.	Linctus diamorphinæ .. D.D.	—	1 6	0 6	—	
								24	lb.	Linctus diamorph. N.H.I. D.D.	—	1 0	0 4	—
28	lb.	Insect powder (Dalm.)	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	36	lb.	Linctus diamorph. camph.	—	—	—	—	
20	lb.	Insect powder sec.	2 6	0 9	0 3	—			B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	1 5	0 6	—	
13.5	ea.	Insulin, 100 units P.I. (13)	orig.	bot.	1 6	—	42	lb.	Linctus diamorph. c. ipecac.	—	—	—	—	
25.5	ea.	Insulin, 200 units P.I. (13)	orig.	bot.	2 10	—			B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	1 9	0 7	—	
28	lb.	Inulæ radicis pulvis	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	36	lb.	Linctus diamorph. et scillæ	—	—	—	—	
26	lb.	Inulæ radicis pulvis (crs.)	3 3	1 0	0 4	—			B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	1 5	0 6	—	
15	oz.	Iodatol 10%	—	—	2 0	0 5	66	lb.	Linctus diamorph. et thymi	—	—	—	—	
30	oz.	Iodatol 25%	—	—	3 9	0 9			B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	2 7	0 9	—	
150	100	Iodipin 10%	—	—	—	0 9	22	lb.	Linctus scillæ co. (Gee) P.I. (13)	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	
								28	lb.	Linctus simplex P.L.F.	—	1 4	0 5	—
96	oz.	Iodival	—	—	—	2 4	480	cwt.	Lini semina	7 lb.	3 6	14 lb.	7 0	
14	oz.	Iodoformum	—	—	2 0	0 4	6	lb.	Lini semina Ang. sifted	0 11	0 4	—	—	
108	lb.	Iodoform varnish (Whitehead's)	—	4 0	1 3	—	420	cwt.	Lini semina contusa E.I. ..	7 lb.	3 6	14 lb.	6 0	
10	oz.	Iodum resubl.	—	—	1 6	0 3	5.5	lb.	Lini semina contusa	0 9	0 3	—	—	
38	oz.	Iononum 10%	—	—	5 7	0 10	5	lb.	Lini sem. farina (sine oleo) ..	0 9	0 3	—	—	
18	oz.	Ipecac. pulverata	—	—	2 8	0 5			Linimenta					
180	lb.	Ipecac. rad. (Rio) pulvis ..	—	6 5	1 11	—	96	lb.	Lin. A.B.C. S.I. (5)	—	3 4	0 11	0 2	
17	lb.	Iridis rad. flor.	—	0 8	0 3	—	39	lb.	Lin. A.B.C. meth. ..S.I. (5)	—	1 5	0 5	0 1	
84	lb.	Iridis rad. flor. trimmed ..	—	3 0	0 10	—	102	lb.	Lin. aconiti S.I. (5)	—	3 3	0 9	0 2	
20	lb.	Iridis rad. flor. pulv.	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	42	lb.	Lin. acon. co. meth. N.I.F. S.I. (5)	—	1 5	0 5	—	
122	lb.	Iridis rad. flor. (fingers) ..	—	4 4	1 2	—	24	lb.	Lin. aconiti meth. ..S.I. (5)	—	0 11	0 3	—	
		J						34	lb.	Lin. æruginis P.L.F.	—	1 3	0 4	—
18	lb.	Jaborandi fol. P.I. (8)	—	0 8	0 3	—	16	lb.	Lin. album (acetic)	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	
30	lb.	Jalap. pulverata	—	1 2	0 4	0 1	15	lb.	Lin. album (ammon.)	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	
28	oz.	Jalapæ resinæ pulvis	—	—	4 1	0 7	32	lb.	Lin. album conc.	4 0	1 2	0 4	—	
60	oz.	Jalapin	—	—	8 9	1 3	21	lb.	Lin. anodyn. P.I. (12)	—	0 10	0 3	—	
9	lb.	Juniperi fructus	1 2	0 4	0 2	—	15	lb.	Lin. album (B.P.C.)	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	
19	lb.	Juniperi fructus contus. ..	2 5	0 9	0 3	—	14	lb.	Lin. alb. N.H.I.	—	0 7	0 2	—	
								36	lb.	Lin. ammoniæ	—	1 4	0 5	—
		K						96	lb.	Lin. belladonnæ S.I. (5)	—	3 3	0 11	0 2
5	lb.	Kainit	0 8	0 3	—	—	28	lb.	Lin. bellad. meth. ..S.I. (5)	—	0 11	0 4	0 1	
5	oz.	Kamala (sifted)	—	—	0 9	—	126	lb.	Lin. betulæ co. (Hewlett) ..	—	4 6	1 3	—	
18	lb.	Kaolinum puriss.	2 3	0 8	0 3	—			Lin. calaminæ B.P.C.	4 0	1 9	0 6	—	
9	lb.	Kaolinum pur. pulvis	1 2	0 5	1 1	—			Lin. calaminæ co. B.P.C. ..	4 0	1 9	0 6	—	
6	lb.	Kaolinum coml. pulvis opt.	0 9	0 3	—	—	15	lb.	Lin. calcis	1 10	0 7	0 2	—	
68	dr.	Kerocain S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 3	8 6	24	lb.	Lin. camphoræ	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	
25	50	Kerol caps. (intest.) P.II. (10)	doz.	0 9	—	—	78	lb.	Lin. camph. ammon. P.II. (9)	—	2 9	0 9	—	
20.5	50	Kerol caps. (stom.) P.II. (10)	doz.	0 8	—	—	21	lb.	Lin. camph. ammon. meth. P.II. (9)	—	0 9	0 3	—	
8	lb.	Kieselguhr (alb.)	1 0	0 4	0 1½	—	96	lb.	Lin. capsici B.P.C.	—	3 8	1 0	—	
7	lb.	Kieselguhr (grey)	0 11	0 4	0 1½	—	33	lb.	Lin. capsici co. meth.	—	1 3	0 5	—	
		L						33	lb.	Lin. capsici meth.	—	1 3	0 4	—
18	lb.	Lactosum	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	52	lb.	Lin. chloroformi P.I. (12)	—	2 4	0 8	0 2	
12	dr.	Lactucarium	—	—	—	1 9	66	lb.	Lin. crotonis meth. P.I. (12)	—	2 5	0 8	0 2	

Cost		Li Linimenta—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Li Liquores—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
51	lb.	Lin. hydrargyri	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	97	lb.	Liq. euonymi et pepsini c̄ bis. co. (Oppenheimer)	—	3 9	1 0	—
24	oz	Lin. menthol	—	—	3 6	0 7	20	lb.	Liq. ferri acetatis	—	1 0	0 4	—
57	lb.	Lin. methyl salicylatis	—	2 1	0 8	0 2	72	lb.	Liq. ferri albuminatis B.P.C. ..	—	2 10	0 10	—
60	lb.	Lin. methyl salicylatis co. ..	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	20	lb.	Liq. ferri dialysatus '85 ..	—	0 10	0 3	—
22	lb.	Lin. methyl sal. N.H.I. ..	—	0 11	0 4	—	72	lb.	Liq. ferri peptonatis	—	2 8	0 9	—
87	lb.	Lin. opii S.I. (5)	—	3 1	0 10	0 2	10	lb.	Liq. ferri perchloridi fortis ..	—	0 8	0 3	—
96	lb.	Lin. opii ammon. ..S.I. (6)	—	3 5	1 0	0 2	9	lb.	Liq. ferri perchloridi	—	0 6	0 2	—
39	lb.	Lin. opii ammon. meth. S.I. (6)	—	1 5	0 5	—	13	lb.	Liq. ferri pernitratitis	—	0 7	0 2	—
45	lb.	Lin. opii meth. S.I. (5)	—	1 7	0 6	0 1	16	lb.	Liq. ferri persulphatis	—	0 9	0 3	—
72	lb.	Lin. potassii iodidi B.P.C. ..	—	2 7	0 9	0 2	12	lb.	Liq. formaldehydi P.II. (9)	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
33	lb.	Lin. potassii iodidi c. sapone. ..	—	1 3	0 5	—	48	lb.	Liq. formald. sap. P.II. (9 or 12)	6 0	1 9	0 6	—
72	lb.	Lin. saponis	—	2 6	0 8	—	10	oz.	Liq. gutta-perch. B.P.C. P.I. (9)	—	—	2 10	—
12	lb.	Lin. saponis meth.	1 8	0 6	0 2	—	11	oz.	Liq. glyceryl trinit. P.I. (9 or 13)	—	—	1 8	0 3
102	lb.	Lin. sinapis	—	3 11	1 1	0 2	21	lb.	Liq. hamamelidis	2 9	0 10	0 3	—
42	lb.	Lin. sinapis meth.	—	1 6	0 5	—	7	oz.	Liq. hydrarg. nit. acid. S.I. (5)	—	—	2 0	0 4
18	lb.	Lin. terebinthinæ	2 4	0 8	0 3	—	10	lb.	Liq. hydrarg. perchlor. P.II (9)	—	0 6	0 2	—
24	lb.	Lin. terebinthinæ aceticum ..	3 0	0 11	0 4	—	7	lb.	Liq. hydrogenii perox. 10 vol. ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
		Liquores					11	lb.	Liq. hydrogenii perox. 20 vol. ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
38	lb	Liq. acidi chromici	—	1 5	0 5	0 1	36	lb.	Liq. iodi. aquos.	—	1 4	0 5	—
24	lb.	Liq. acriflavini B.P.C.	3 0	1 0	0 4	—	24	lb.	Liq. iodi. decoloratus (meth.) ..	—	1 0	0 4	—
20	oz.	Liq. adren. hydrochlor. P.I. (13)	—	—	2 11	0 5	96	lb.	Liq. iodi. decolor. fort. B.P.C. 23	—	3 6	1 0	—
20	lb.	Liq. aluminii acetatis	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	84	lb.	Liq. iodi. fortis	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
21	lb.	Liq. alumin. aceto-tart.	2 8	0 9	0 3	—	69	lb.	Liq. iodi. mitis	8 6	2 6	0 9	0 2
8.5	lb.	Liq. ammoniæ dil. P.II. (9)	1 2	0 4	0 1	—	102	lb.	Liq. iodi. simp.	—	3 8	1 0	—
9	lb.	Liq. ammon. ft. 0.888 P.II. (9)	1 2	0 4	0 2	—	10.5	lb.	Liq. magnesi bicarbonatis	1 6	0 5	0 2	—
10	lb.	Liq. ammon. ft. 0.880 P.II. (9)	1 3	0 5	0 2	—			Liq. magnesi bicarbonatis pkd.	3vj	1 0	—	
11	lb.	Liq. ammonii acetatis dil. ..	1 5	0 5	0 2	—	11	oz.	Liq. morphinæ acetatis D.D.	—	—	1 8	0 3
15	lb.	Liq. ammon. acet. fort.	—	0 10	0 3	—	14	oz.	Liq. morph. bimeconatis D.D.	—	—	2 0	0 4
18	lb.	Liq. ammon. citratis	2 3	0 9	0 3	—	10	oz.	Liq. morph. hydrochlor. D.D.	—	—	1 6	0 3
33	lb.	Liq. ammon. cit. fort. (1 to 3)..	—	1 6	0 6	—	10	oz.	Liq. morphinæ sulphatis D.D.	—	—	1 11	0 4
15	lb.	Liq. antim. chlor. compl. S.I. (5)	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	13	oz.	Liq. morphinæ tartratis D.D.	—	—	1 9	0 4
15	lb.	Liq. arsenicalis S.I. (5)	—	0 8	0 3	—	72	lb.	Liq. opii sedativus B.P.C. D.D.	—	2 7	0 8	0 2
14	lb.	Liq. arsen. hydrochlor. S.I. (5)	—	0 9	0 3	—	258	lb.	Liq. opii sed. (Battley) .. D.D.	—	8 6	2 5	0 5
28	lb.	Liq. arsenii bromidi ..S.I. (5)	—	1 2	0 4	—	101	lb.	Liq. pancreat. (Benger) ..	—	3 6	1 0	0 2
24	lb.	Liq. arsen. et hydr. iod. S.I. (5)	—	0 11	0 4	—	60	lb.	Liq. pancreatis	—	2 2	0 8	0 2
10	oz.	Liq. atropinæ sulphatis S.I. (5)	—	—	1 9	0 4	48	lb.	Liq. papaini et iridini B.P.C. ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
17	oz.	Liq. auri et arsen. brom. S.I. (5)	—	—	2 2	0 5	84	lb.	Liq. pepsini et papaini	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
18	lb.	Liq. azorubri	—	—	0 3	0 1	24	lb.	Liq. pepticus B.P.C.	—	0 11	0 3	—
30	lb.	Liq. bismuthi conc. B.P.C. ..	—	—	0 5	0 2	120	lb.	Liq. pepticus (Benger)	—	3 9	1 0	0 2
19	lb.	Liq. bismuthi et am. cit. ..	—	0 10	0 3	—	96	lb.	Liq. picis carbonis	—	3 5	1 0	0 2
54	lb.	Liq. bismuthi (Schacht) ..	—	1 10	0 6	0 1	18	lb.	Liq. picis carbonis meth. ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
84	lb.	Liq. bromidi co. B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	12	lb.	Liq. plumbi subacet. ft. P.I. (9)	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
57	lb.	Liq. bromochloral co. B.P.C. S.I. (5)	—	2 0	0 7	—	4	lb.	Liq. plumbi subacetatis ..	0 6	0 2	0 1	—
							10	lb.	Liq. potassæ	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
4	lb.	Liq. calcii bisulphitis	0 7	0 3	—	—	8.5	lb.	Liq. potassii permanganatis ..	1 1	0 4	0 2	—
9	lb.	Liq. calcii chloridi	1 2	0 4	0 2	—	54	lb.	Liq. quin. ammon.	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
21	gal.	Liq. calcii hydroxid.	pint	0 5	—	—	75	lb.	Liq. quin. ammon. c. cinnam. ..	—	2 8	0 9	0 2
9	lb.	Liq. calcis chlorinatæ	1 2	0 5	0 2	—	63	lb.	Liq. rhei dulcis B.P.C. ..	—	2 4	0 8	0 2
9	lb.	Liq. calcis chlor. c. ac. bor. B.P.C.	1 0	0 4	—	—	42	lb.	Liq. rosæ dulcis B.P.C. ..	—	1 6	0 5	0 1
11	lb.	Liq. calcis saccharatus	1 5	0 5	0 2	—	63	lb.	Liq. sabal. co.	—	—	0 8	0 2
12	lb.	Liq. calcis sulphuratæ	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	12	lb.	Liq. sacch. ust. B.P.C. ..	—	—	0 2	0 1
66	lb.	Liq. caoutchouc	—	3 7	1 0	—	144	lb.	Liq. santali co. B.P.C. ..	—	5 2	1 4	—
56	pt.	Liq. carb. deter. (Wright) unstd.	—	—	0 5	0 1	150	lb.	Liq. santali flav. c. buchu et cubeb. (Hewlett)	—	4 10	1 3	0 3
48	lb.	Liq. carmini	6 0	1 9	0 6	0 1	39	lb.	Liq. saponis æther meth. ..	4 9	1 4	0 5	—
84	lb.	Liq. cauloph. et pulsat. B.P.C.	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	114	lb.	Liq. sedans (P.D.)	—	3 9	1 0	0 2
15	lb.	Liq. chlori	2 0	0 8	—	—	30	lb.	Liq. sennæ dulcis	—	1 3	0 5	0 1
32	lb.	Liq. cocci cact.	—	1 2	0 4	—	11	oz.	Liq. senecio co.	—	—	1 8	0 3
96	lb.	Liq. cocci cact. B.P.C. ..	—	3 5	1 0	—	11	lb.	Liq. sodæ	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
75	lb.	Liq. cop. et buc. et cub. B.P.C.	—	2 9	0 10	0 2	11	lb.	Liq. sodæ chlorinatæ	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
13	lb.	Liq. cresol. sap. P.II. (9 or 12)	2 1	1 1	0 4	—	11	lb.	Liq. sodæ chlor. c. ac. bor. B.P.C. (conc. 1-9)	—	1 5	0 6	0 1
13	oz.	Liq. epispasticus ..S.I. (5)	—	—	1 10	0 4	11	lb.	Liq. sod. chlor. c. sod. bic. B.P.C. (conc. 1-9)	—	1 5	0 6	0 1
26	25 gm	Liq. ergosterol irrard.	—	0 2	per mil	0 4	11	lb.	Liq. sod. chlor. chir.	1 6	0 6	—	—
15	oz.	Liq. ethyl nitritis	—	—	2 0	0 4	15	lb.	Liq. sodii arsenatis ..S.I. (5)	—	0 7	0 3	—
10	oz.	Liq. euonymi	—	—	1 6	1 3	4.5	lb.	Liq. sodii bisulphitis	0 7	0 3	0 1	—
96	lb.	Liq. euonymi et cascaræ ..	—	3 9	1 0	0 2							
84	lb.	Liq. euonymi et iridini ..	—	3 0	0 10	0 2							
75	lb.	Liq. euonymini et papaini ..	—	2 9	0 10	0 2							
66	lb.	Liq. euonymini et pepsini ..	—	2 5	0 8	0 2							

Cost		Li—Ma Liquores—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Ma—Me Magnesium—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
26	oz.	Liq. sodii ethylatis	—	—	3 9	0 7	13	oz.	Magnes. hypophosphis ..	—	—	2 0	0 4
20	lb.	Liq. sodii phenatis co. P.II. (9)	—	0 9	0 3	—	11	oz.	Magnes. lactas	—	—	1 8	0 3
30	lb.	Liq. strych. hydrochlor. S.I. (5)	—	1 1	0 6	0 1	9	oz.	Magnes. peroxidum 15% ..	—	—	1 4	0 3
45	lb.	Liq. taraxaci	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	4	oz.	Magnes. phosph. acid ..	—	—	0 7	0 1
16	lb.	Liq. tartrazin co.	—	—	0 2	0 1	42	lb.	Magnes. phosphas	—	1 6	0 5	0 1
30	lb.	Liq. thymol. co.	3 6	1 1	0 4	—	12	oz.	Magnes. salicylas	—	—	1 9	0 3
90	lb.	Liq. trinitrophenolis P.I. (9)	11 3	3 2	—	—	48	lb.	Magnes. silicas pur. precip. ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
76	lb.	Liq. trypsin.	—	—	0 10	0 2	4	lb.	Magnes. sulphas. opt. ..	0 6	0 3	0 1	—
9	oz.	Liq. viburni prunif. co. ..	—	—	1 4	0 3	—	—	Magnes. sulphas opt. pkd. ..	—	0 4	0 2	—
30	lb.	Liq. zinci chloridi pur. ..	—	1 4	0 5	—	5	lb.	Magnes. sulphas (Howards) ..	0 8	0 4	0 2	—
12	lb.	Liq. zinci chloridi coml. ..	2 2	0 8	—	—	7	lb.	Magnes. sulphatis pulvis ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
47	14 oz.	Listerine, antiseptic	—	1 7	0 6	—	10	lb.	Magnes. sulphatis pulvis exsicc. ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
33	oz.	Lithii acetylsalicylas	—	—	4 10	0 9	5	lb.	Magnes. sulphatis pulvis color. ..	0 9	0 3	—	—
14	oz.	Lithii benzoas	—	—	2 0	0 4	8	lb.	Magnes. sulphatis pulvis exsicc. ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
19	oz.	Lithii bromidum	—	—	2 10	0 5	5	lb.	Magnes. sulphatis pulvis color. ..	0 9	0 3	—	—
15	oz.	Lithii carbonas	—	—	2 3	0 4	312	cwt.	Magnes. sulphas color. ..	7 lb.	2 5	14 lb.	4 4
11	oz.	Lithii citras	—	—	1 8	0 3	3	lb.	Magnes. sulphas coml. ..	0 5	0 2	—	—
45	lb.	Lithii citras effervescens ..	—	1 8	0 6	—	240	cwt.	Magnes. sulphas coml. ..	7 lb.	2 0	14 lb.	3 6
39	oz.	Lithii glycerophos.	—	—	5 9	0 10	27	lb.	Magnes. sulphas efferv. ..	3 5	1 0	0 4	—
40	oz.	Lithii guaiacas	—	—	5 10	0 10	48	lb.	Magnes. Trisilicate	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
45	oz.	Lithii hippuras	—	—	6 7	1 1	14	oz.	Magnesium (powder)	—	—	2 0	0 4
23	oz.	Lithii iodidum	—	—	3 5	0 6	21	oz.	Magnesium (ribbon)	foot	0 3	2 9	—
24	oz.	Lithii lactas	—	—	3 9	0 7	24	16 oz.	Magnesium (lait)	bot.	1 3	0 4	—
13	oz.	Lithii salicylas	—	—	1 11	0 4	15	oz.	Malachite green	—	—	2 3	0 4
15	oz.	Lithii sulphas	—	—	2 3	0 4	30	oz.	Maltose	—	—	4 5	0 8
210	24v.	Liver extract (P., D. & Co.) ..	each	23 4	—	—	36	lb.	Mangan. carbonas	—	—	0 5	0 1
39	lb.	Lobelia pkts. P.I. (8)	—	1 5	0 5	—	21	lb.	Mangani chloridum	—	0 8	0 3	—
24	lb.	Lobelia pulvis P.I. (8)	—	0 11	0 3	—	26	oz.	Mangani glycerophosphas ..	—	—	3 9	0 7
8	lb.	Lotio acidi borici 1 in 32 ..	1 0	0 6	0 2	—	11	oz.	Mangani hypophosphis. ..	—	—	1 8	0 3
12	lb.	Lotio ac.carbol.rub.5% P.II.(12)	1 8	0 7	0 3	—	8	lb.	Mangani oxidum nig. coml. ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
16	lb.	Lotio calaminæ B.P.C. ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	9	lb.	Mangani oxidum nig. gran. ..	1 2	0 4	0 2	—
222	lb.	Lotio crinalis B.P.C. ..	—	8 0	2 2	0 4	7	oz.	Mangani peroxidum pur. præcip. ..	—	—	1 1	0 2
15	lb.	Lotio hydrarg. flav. P.I. (12)	2 3	0 10	0 3	—	6	oz.	Mangani sulphas	—	—	0 11	0 2
15	lb.	Lotio hydrarg. nig. P.I. (12)	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	20	lb.	Mange dressing P.L.F. ..	2 6	0 9	—	—
8.5	lb.	Lot.hyd.perch.1 in 1,000 P.II.(12)	1 2	0 4	0 2	—	78	lb.	Manna elect. nov.	—	2 9	0 9	0 2
14	lb.	Lotio plumbi c. opio P.I. (12)	1 9	0 6	—	—	15	oz.	Mannite	—	—	2 3	0 4
44	lb.	Lotio resorcin. composita ..	6 0	1 9	0 6	—	120	lb.	Maranta Bermuda ver. ..	15 0	4 3	1 2	0 2
15	lb.	Lotio rubra	2 0	0 7	—	—	39	lb.	Maranta Bermuda	4 11	1 5	0 5	—
8	lb.	Lot. plumbi	1 0	0 4	—	—	24	lb.	Maranta St. Vincent opt. ..	3 0	0 11	0 3	—
115	oz.	Luminal R only	—	—	—	2 4	18	lb.	Maranta St. Vincent sec. ..	2 3	0 9	0 3	—
72	100	Luminal tablets gr. 1½ .. R only	doz.	1 4	—	—	180	lb.	Marking ink P.L.F.	—	—	1 9	0 4
126	oz.	Luminal, sodium .. R only	—	—	—	2 8	12	lb.	Marrubium sicc.	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
18	oz.	Lupulinum	—	—	2 8	0 5	14	lb.	Marylebone cream	1 9	0 7	—	—
39	lb.	Lupulus	4 10	1 5	0 5	—	72	lb.	Mastich. elect.	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
9	oz.	Lycopodium	—	—	1 4	0 3	14	lb.	Maw seed	1 9	0 6	0 2	—
5	ea.	Lymph. calf	ea.	0 8	—	—	86	oz.	Medinal R only	—	—	—	2 0
12	lb.	Lysol P.II (9 or 12)	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	97	100	Medinal tablets gr. 5 .. R only	doz.	2 0	—	—
		M					144	100	Medinal tablets gr. 7½ .. R only	doz.	2 9	—	—
60	lb.	Macis opt.	7 6	2 2	0 8	—	24	lb.	Mel Ang.	3 0	0 11	0 4	—
48	lb.	Macis opt. parv.	5 9	1 9	0 6	—	15	lb.	Mel Calif.	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
54	lb.	Macidis pulvis opt.	6 9	2 0	0 7	—	12	lb.	Mel Jam.	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
48	lb.	Madder	6 0	1 9	0 6	—	14	lb.	Mel New Zealand	1 9	0 7	—	—
22	50	Magisal tab. (Martindale) ..	doz.	0 9	—	—	10	lb.	Mel W.I.	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
60	25	M. & B., 693	per doz.	3 9	—	—	19	lb.	Mel boracis	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
		Magnesium					15	lb.	Mel depuratum	2 0	0 7	0 3	—
32	lb.	Magnesia levis	4 0	1 2	0 4	—	28	lb.	Mel rosæ	—	1 0	0 4	—
48	lb.	Magnesia ponderosa	6 0	1 9	0 6	—	16	lb.	Mentha pulegium	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
78	lb.	Magnes. boro-citras	—	2 9	0 9	0 2	25	oz.	Menthol	—	—	3 8	0 7
16	lb.	Magnes. carbonas levis	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	15	oz.	Menthol, synthetic	—	—	2 3	0 4
16	lb.	Magnes. carbonas ponderosus ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	45	oz.	Menthol cones (8 to oz.) ..	ea.	0 10	—	—
18	lb.	Magnes. chlorid. pur.	—	—	0 3	0 1	18	oz.	Menthol snuff	—	—	2 8	0 5
84	lb.	Magnes. citras (ver.)	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	126	oz.	Menthol camphoras	—	—	—	3 0
21	lb.	Magnes. cit. gran. efferv. ..	2 9	0 9	0 3	—	60	oz.	Menthol valerianas	—	—	—	1 3
		Magnes. cit. eff. opt. pkd. ..	—	1 0	8 oz.	1 9	12	lb.	Mercurial cream wgt.	—	—	1 6	0 4
19	lb.	Magnes. cit. gran. eff. sec. ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	60	10 c.c.	Mercurochrome solut. S.I. (4)	per	c.c.	0 11	—
8	oz.	Magnes. formas	—	—	1 2	0 2	48	16 oz.	Metatone	6 0	8 oz.	3 6	—
24	oz.	Magnes. glycerophosphas ..	—	—	3 6	0 6	24	oz.	Methylacetanilidum ..P.I. (8)	—	—	3 6	0 6
34	lb.	Magnes. hydroxidum	—	1 4	0 5	0 1	20	oz.	Methyl orange	—	—	2 9	0 6

Cost		Me—Na	Selling Price				Cost		Ne—Ol	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
96	lb.	Methyl orange sol. ..	—	3 6	1 0	—	15	oz.	Nebula ephedrine co. .. S.I.	—	—	2 3	—
28	lb.	Methyl salicylas ..	—	1 0	0 4	0 1	26	25	Neo-bornyval perles ..	doz.	1 9	ea.	3 6
30	oz.	Methylsulphonat .. R only	—	—	4 5	0 8	99	oz.	Neo-protosil ..	—	—	—	1 7
26	oz.	Methylthionin chlor. ..	—	—	3 9	0 7	39	oz.	Nepenthe .. D.D.	—	5 0	1 4	0 3
18	oz.	Metol ..	—	—	2 3	0 4	42	lb.	Nessler's solution ..	—	1 8	0 6	—
18	lb.	Mezerei cortex ..	—	0 8	0 3	—	36	lb.	Nickel chloridum ..	—	1 4	0 5	—
22	21	Migraine tablets gr. 5½ ..	doz.	1 8	—	—	17	lb.	Nickel sulphas coml. ..	2 2	0 8	0 3	—
		Misturæ					18	oz.	Nicotina coml. .. S.I. P.II. (4)	—	—	2 8	0 5
85	lb.	Mistura alba ..	1 0	0 5	0 2	—	16	lb.	Nitrobenzenum .. P.II. (8)	—	0 7	0 2	—
120	lb.	Mist. ammoniaci co. conc. (1 to 7)	—	4 3	1 2	0 2	58	oz.	Novalgin pulv. ..	—	—	8 2	1 2
15	lb.	Mist. amygdalæ ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	18	25 t.	Novalgin tabs. ..	—	2 3	tube	—
54	lb.	Mist. bism. c. morph. P.I. (13)	7 0	2 1	0 8	—	13	gm.	Novocain .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 2	—
30	lb.	Mist. bism. co. B.P.C. P.I. (13)	4 0	1 2	0 4	—	21	lb.	Nux vomic. pulverata .. S.I. (5)	2 9	1 0	0 4	0 1
39	lb.	Mist. bis. co. cum pepsin. B.P.C. P.I. (13)	—	1 7	0 6	—			O				
123	16 oz.	Mist. bismuthi (Seller) .. fl.	—	3 10	1 0	0 2	4	oz.	Oculentum acidi borici ..	—	—	0 6	0 1
36	lb.	Mist. carminativa B.P.C., 1923	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	72	doz.	Oculenta in tubes ..	—	1 0	each	—
14	lb.	Mist. cascaræ co. B.P.C. ..	1 10	0 7	0 2	—	14	oz.	Oculent. atropinæ .. S.I. (5)	—	—	2 0	0 4
18	lb.	Mist. chlori B.P.C. ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	6	oz.	Oculent. flavum .. P.I. (9)	—	—	0 10	0 2
22	lb.	Mist. chlorof. co. B.P.C. P.I. (13)	2 10	0 10	0 3	—	10	oz.	Oculent. flav. c. atrop. .. S.I. (5)	—	—	1 6	0 4
26	lb.	Mist. creosoti conc. ..	—	—	1 1	0 2	12	oz.	Oculent. physostigminæ S.I. (5)	—	—	1 6	0 4
20	lb.	Mist. cretæ co. B.P.C. ..	2 9	0 9	—	—	30	oz.	Oleo-resin cubebæ ..	—	—	4 5	0 9
38	lb.	Mist. ferri aromatica ..	5 0	1 7	0 5	—			Olea				
26	lb.	Mist. ferri composita ..	3 3	1 0	0 4	—	66	lb.	Oleum abietis ..	—	2 5	0 8	0 2
27	lb.	Mist. guaiaci ..	3 4	1 0	0 4	—	28	lb.	Ol. adipis ..	—	1 0	0 3	—
16	lb.	Mist. magnesi hydroxidi ..	2 7	0 9	0 3	—	150	dr.	Ol. allii ..	per	min.	0 6	—
24	lb.	Mist. olei ricini ..	3 0	1 0	0 3	—	48	oz.	Ol. amygd. Ang. ess. s.a.p. ..	—	—	7 0	1 0
30	lb.	Mist. pepsini co. P.I. (13)	4 0	1 3	0 5	—	63	lb.	Ol. amygdalæ Ang. ..	—	2 3	0 8	—
150	lb.	Mist. pepsini et bis. (Hewlett) ..	—	5 5	1 7	—	60	lb.	Ol. amygdæ dulc. exot. ..	7 6	2 2	0 8	—
15	lb.	Mist. sennæ co. ..	2 1	0 7	0 2	—	24	oz.	Ol. anethi Ang. ..	—	—	3 6	0 6
33	lb.	Mist. tussi rub. (Hewlett) P.I. (13)	—	1 3	0 4	—	252	oz.	Ol. angelicæ rad. ..	—	—	—	5 2
126	lb.	Mist. veronigen compos. (Hewlett) .. R only	—	4 5	1 3	—	96	gal.	Ol. animalis ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
36	lb.	Mithridate (vet.) P.L.F. ..	4 6	1 4	—	—	84	lb.	Ol. anisi ..	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
18	75 g.	Mitigal liquid ..	—	each	2 0	—	25	dr.	Ol. anthemidis ..	per	min.	0 2	3 8
87	dr.	Morphina pur. .. D.D.	per	gr.	0 4	12 7	57	oz.	Ol. apii ..	—	—	8 4	1 3
69	dr.	Morphinæ acetat .. D.D.	per	gr.	0 4	10 1	10	lb.	Ol. arachis ..	1 3	0 6	0 2	—
69	dr.	Morphinæ hydrochloridum D.D.	per	gr.	0 4	10 1	18	lb.	Ol. arachis pallid ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
69	dr.	Morphinæ sulphas .. D.D.	per	gr.	0 4	10 1	12	oz.	Ol. aurantii amari ..	—	—	—	0 5
87	dr.	Morphinæ tartaras .. D.D.	per	gr.	0 4	12 7	18	oz.	Ol. aurantii dulcis ..	—	—	—	0 3
360	dr.	Moschus Chin. in gran. ..	per	gr.	1 2	—	48	oz.	Ol. aurantii tangerin ..	—	—	—	0 10
27	oz.	Moschus artificial. ..	—	—	4 0	0 8	28	oz.	Ol. bergamottæ ..	—	—	4 1	0 7
21	lb.	Mucilago acaciæ ..	2 8	0 10	0 3	—	51	lb.	Ol. cadinum ..	—	1 10	0 6	0 1
20	lb.	Mucilago tragacanthæ ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	5	oz.	Ol. cajuputi ..	—	—	0 11	0 2
30	lb.	Mustard F ..	3 9	1 2	0 5	—	27	oz.	Ol. calam. arom. ..	—	—	4 0	0 7
36	lb.	Mustard D.S.F. ..	4 6	1 3	0 5	—	32	lb.	Ol. camphoræ ess. alb. ..	—	1 2	0 4	—
7	lb.	Mustard bran ..	0 10½	0 4	—	—	36	lb.	Ol. camphoræ ess. fusc. ..	—	1 4	0 5	—
16	tube	Mycozol ointment ..	2 0	per	tube	—	27	oz.	Ol. canangæ ..	—	—	4 0	0 7
16	50c.c.	Mycozol liquid ..	2 0	50c.c.	—	—	20	lb.	Ol. carbolisat. 5% P.II. (9)	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
30	lb.	Myristicæ 64's ..	—	1 1	0 4	—	18	lb.	Ol. carbol. (vet.) 5% P.II. (9)	2 3	0 8	—	—
24	lb.	Myristicæ 80's ..	—	0 11	0 4	—	15	oz.	Ol. cari exot. ..	—	—	2 3	0 4
28	lb.	Myristicæ pulvis ..	—	1 0	0 4	—	12	oz.	Ol. caryophylli ..	—	—	1 9	0 3
96	lb.	Myrrh. elect. ..	—	3 5	1 0	0 2	7	oz.	Ol. cassiæ ..	—	—	1 1	0 2
51	lb.	Myrrh. sorts ..	—	1 11	0 7	0 1	15	oz.	Ol. cedri ligni (micros.) ..	—	—	2 3	0 4
42	lb.	Myrrh. sorts, parv. ..	5 3	1 6	0 5	0 1	30	lb.	Ol. cedri ligni ..	—	1 2	0 4	0 1
78	lb.	Myrrh. pulv. opt. ..	—	2 8	0 9	—	10	lb.	Ol. cetacei ..	1 3	0 6	0 2	—
42	lb.	Myrrh. pulv. sec. (vet.) ..	5 3	1 6	—	—	6	oz.	Ol. chaulmoogræ ..	—	—	1 0	0 2
		N					22	oz.	Ol. chenopodii ..	—	—	3 6	0 6
21	10c.c.	Nadola ..	2 6	each	—	—	8	oz.	Ol. cinereum ..	—	—	2 4	0 4
21	25	Nadola caps. ..	2 6	each	—	—	120	oz.	Ol. cinnamomi ..	—	—	—	2 6
14	pt.	Naphtha solvent ..	—	1 9	—	—	7	oz.	Ol. cinnamomi fol. ..	—	—	1 1	0 2
48	lb.	Naphthalin. pur. ..	—	1 9	0 6	—	4	oz.	Ol. citronellæ ..	—	—	0 7	0 1
5	lb.	Naphthalin. coml. flake ..	0 8	0 3	0 1	—	15	lb.	Ol. cocois nuciferæ ..	2 0	0 7	0 3	—
5	lb.	Naphthal. coml. glob. ..	0 8	0 3	0 1	—	52	gal.	Ol. colzæ (quantity) ..	gal.	6 6	pint	0 11
30	oz.	Naphthalin tetrachlor. ..	—	—	4 5	0 8	8	oz.	Ol. copaibæ ..	—	—	1 2	0 2
6	oz.	Naphthol (beta) ..	—	—	0 11	0 2	114	oz.	Ol. coriandri Ang. ..	—	—	—	2 5
24	oz.	Naphthol salicyl. ..	—	—	3 6	0 6	72	oz.	Ol. coriandri exot. ..	—	—	—	1 6
23	dr.	Narcotina ..	—	—	—	3 5	12	oz.	Ol. crotonis .. P.I. (8)	—	—	1 9	0 3
							24	oz.	Ol. cubebæ Ang. ..	—	—	3 6	0 6
							36	lb.	Ol. eucalypti opt. ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—

Cost		Ol Olea—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Ol—Pa Olea—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
24	lb.	Ol. eucalypti amygdalæ ..	—	0 11	0 4	—	100	oz.	Ol. pulegii Ang. ..	—	—	14 0	2 5
11	oz.	Ol. eucalypti citriodoræ ..	—	—	1 8	0 3	144	lb.	Ol. pulegii exot. ..	—	4 3	1 2	0 2
54	oz.	Ol. fœniculi Ang. ..	—	—	—	1 4	72	gal.	Ol. rapii ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
14	oz.	Ol. fœniculi exot. ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	36	oz.	Ol. rhodii (fact.) ..	—	—	5 3	0 9
14	oz.	Ol. gaultheriæ ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	20	lb.	Ol. ricini Ital. insip. ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
30	oz.	Ol. geranii Afric. ..	—	—	4 5	0 8	14	lb.	Ol. ricini (first) ..	1 9	0 7	0 3	—
18	oz.	Ol. geranii E.I. ..	—	—	2 8	0 5	11	lb.	Ol. ricini (cattle) ..	1 5	0 6	—	—
54	oz.	Ol. geranii Gall. ..	—	—	8 0	1 2	84	gal.	Ol. ricini (cattle) ..	pint	1 6	gal.	10 6
60	gal.	Ol. gossypii sem. ..	0 10	0 4	0 2	—	48	lb.	Ol. ricini aromaticum ..	—	1 9	0 6	—
27	lb.	Ol. gurgun. ..	—	1 0	0 4	—	60	lb.	Ol. rosæ color. ..	—	2 2	0 7	—
30	oz.	Ol. hippoglossi ..	—	—	4 5	0 8	180	oz.	Ol. rosmarini Ang. ..	—	—	—	4 4
5	oz.	Ol. hydnocarp. ..	—	—	0 9	0 2	75	lb.	Ol. rosmarini exot. ..	—	2 9	0 10	0 2
90	dr.	Ol. iridis concret. ..	—	—	—	13 2	84	lb.	Ol. rosmarini Gall. ..	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
13	oz.	Ol. jasmini ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	24	lb.	Ol. rusci B.P.C. ..	—	0 11	0 4	—
48	oz.	Ol. juniperi bacc. Ang. ..	—	—	7 0	1 0	72	lb.	Ol. rusci ver. ..	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
7	oz.	Ol. juniperi bacc. exot. ..	—	—	1 1	0 2	30	oz.	Ol. rutæ ..	—	—	4 5	0 8
48	lb.	Ol. juniperi ligni ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	16	oz.	Ol. sabinae .. S.I. (4)	—	—	—	2 4
126	oz.	Ol. lavandulæ Ang. ..	—	—	—	2 8	9	oz.	Ol. salviæ ..	—	—	1 4	0 3
28	oz.	Ol. lavandulæ ..	—	—	4 1	0 7	18	lb.	Ol. sambuci viride ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
23	oz.	Ol. lavandulæ No. 2 ..	—	—	3 5	0 6	26	oz.	Ol. santal. Aust. ..	—	—	3 9	0 7
312	lb.	Ol. lavandulæ Gall. ..	—	—	3 2	0 6	36	oz.	Ol. santali flav. Ang. ..	—	—	5 3	0 9
126	lb.	Ol. lavandulæ spic. ver. ..	—	4 6	1 3	0 3	36	oz.	Ol. santali flav. E.I. ..	—	—	5 3	0 9
132	lb.	Ol. lavandulæ spic. coml. ..	—	4 9	1 4	0 3	9	oz.	Ol. sassafras nat. ..	—	—	1 4	0 3
36	oz.	Ol. limettæ dest. ..	—	—	5 3	0 9			Ol. sassaf. artif. (v. Safrol.) ..	—	—	—	—
120	oz.	Ol. limettæ (hand pressed) ..	—	—	—	2 6	11	lb.	Ol. sesami ..	1 5	0 6	0 2	—
21	oz.	Ol. limonis ..	—	—	3 1	0 6	12	lb.	Ol. sinapis expressum ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
19	oz.	Ol. limonis (Messina) ..	—	—	2 10	0 5	30	oz.	Ol. sinapis volatile ..	—	—	4 5	0 8
60	gal.	Ol. lini opt. ..	pint	1 0	0 2	—	18	oz.	Ol. staphisagriæ .. S.I. (4)	—	—	2 8	0 5
69	gal.	Ol. lini (boiled) ..	pint	1 0	0 2	—	22	oz.	Ol. staphisagriæ (æther.) S.I. (4)	—	—	3 3	0 7
42	gal.	Ol. lini (cattle) ..	pint	0 8	gal.	5 3	20	lb.	Ol. succini rectificatum ..	—	0 9	0 3	—
174	dr.	Ol. lupuli Ang. ..	per	min.	0 5	—	57	gal.	Ol. terebinthinæ ..	pint	0 11	0 2	—
15	oz.	Ol. marjoram ..	—	—	2 3	0 4	21	lb.	Ol. terebinthinæ rectificatum ..	2 5	0 9	0 3	—
114	lb.	Ol. menthæ Jap. (dementh.) ..	—	4 1	1 1	0 2	27	lb.	Ol. theobromatis opt. ..	3 6	1 0	0 4	0 1
78	oz.	Ol. menthæ pip. (Mitcham) ..	—	—	—	1 8	10	oz.	Ol. thymi alb. ..	—	—	1 6	0 3
240	lb.	Ol. menthæ pip. redest. ..	—	8 6	2 6	0 5	120	lb.	Ol. thymi ..	—	3 10	1 0	—
100	oz.	Ol. menthæ vir. Ang. ..	—	—	—	2 6	10	oz.	Ol. thymi rub. ..	—	—	1 6	0 3
18	oz.	Ol. menthæ vir. exot. ..	—	—	2 8	0 5	66	gal.	Ol. "train" opt. ..	pint	1 0	—	—
114	gal.	Ol. morrhuae (British) ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	5	oz.	Ol. verbenæ ..	—	—	0 9	0 2
102	gal.	Ol. morrhuae (Newfd.) ..	1 4	0 6	0 2	—	42	oz.	Ol. vetivert ..	—	—	—	1 0
126	gal.	Ol. morrhuae (Nor.) ..	1 8	0 7	0 2	—	78	gal.	Ol. "whale" opt. ..	pint	1 3	—	—
69	gal.	Ol. morrhuae (vet.) ..	pint	1 0	gal.	8 6	60	oz.	Ol. ylang-ylang ..	—	—	—	1 3
10	oz.	Ol. myricæ acris ess. ..	—	—	1 6	0 3	28	lb.	Olibanum ..	—	1 1	0 4	0 1
17	oz.	Ol. myristicæ Ang. ..	—	—	2 6	0 5	43	gm.	Omnopon pdr. .. D.D.	per	gr.	0 6	—
12	oz.	Ol. myristicæ exot. ..	—	—	1 9	0 3	27	oz.	Omnopon tabs. .. D.D.	doz.	2 0	—	—
14	oz.	Ol. myristicæ express. ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	28	oz.	Opium Turc. .. D.D.	—	—	4 1	0 7
14	lb.	Ol. neatsfoot ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	30	oz.	Opium pulveratum .. D.D.	—	—	4 5	0 8
63	dr.	Ol. neroli ..	per	min.	0 3	—	60	5 gm.	Opioidine .. D.D.	per	gr.	0 5	—
54	dr.	Ol. neroli Ital. ..	per	min.	0 2	—	50	100	Opioidine tablets gr. $\frac{1}{8}$.. D.D.	doz.	1 0	—	—
60	oz.	Ol. neroli synth. ..	—	—	—	1 3	21	oz.	Optannin ..	—	—	—	0 6
168	gal.	Ol. olivæ (cream) ..	2 1	0 8	0 3	—	11	20	Optannin tablets gr. $7\frac{1}{2}$..	doz.	0 10	—	—
156	gal.	Ol. olivæ (sublime) ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	96	oz.	Orthocaina .. P.I. (8)	—	—	—	2 0
138	gal.	Ol. olivæ (fine) ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	103	oz.	Orthoform. .. P.I. (8)	—	—	—	2 2
13	oz.	Ol. origani alb. ..	—	—	1 8	0 4	24	lb.	Ossis sepia (medium) ..	3 0	0 11	0 3	—
54	lb.	Ol. origani coml. ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	27	lb.	Ossis sepia pulv. subtil. ..	3 4	1 0	0 4	—
15	lb.	Ol. palmæ ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	22 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	Ostelin liquid ..	—	—	—	0 10
22	oz.	Ol. palmarosæ ..	—	—	3 3	0 6	150	dr.	Otto rosæ (virgin) ..	per	min.	0 5	—
27	oz.	Ol. patchouli ..	—	—	—	0 7	30	dr.	Otto rosæ (synthetic) ..	per	min.	0 2	4
30	lb.	Ol. persicæ Ang. ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	—	15	lb.	Oxymel ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
39	lb.	Ol. persicæ Ang. pall. ..	4 10	1 5	0 5	—	26	lb.	Oxymel ipecacuanhæ ..	3 10	1 2	0 4	—
18	oz.	Ol. petitgrain ..	—	—	2 8	0 5	12	lb.	Oxymel scilla ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
13	oz.	Ol. phosphoratum ..	—	—	1 11	0 4	24	oz.	Oxyquinolin. sulph. (ortho.) ..	—	—	3 9	0 7
12	lb.	Ol. picis ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—			P				
16	lb.	Ol. picis rectificatum ..	2 0	0 7	0 3	—	21	oz.	Pancreatini ..	—	—	3 1	0 6
16	oz.	Ol. pimentæ exot. ..	—	—	—	0 4	42	oz.	Papainum ..	—	—	6 4	0 10
14	oz.	Ol. pini pumilionis ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	69	dr.	Papaverina .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 4	—
90	lb.	Ol. pini sylvestris fact. ..	—	—	0 11	0 2	69	dr.	Papaverin. sulph. .. S.I. (4)	per	gr.	0 4	—
144	lb.	Ol. pini (spruce) ..	—	5 2	1 6	0 3	132	100	Papaveris capsulæ Ang. P.I. (8)	ea.	0 3	—	—
42	oz.	Ol. piperis ..	—	—	5 0	1 0	12	lb.	Papaveris capsulæ cont. P.I. (8)	1 9	0 6	—	—

Cost		Pa—Pi	Selling Price				Cost		Pi—Po	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
18	20	Paracodin tablets	doz.	1 7	—	—	48	lb.	Pig. iodi fort. N.I.F.	—	1 10	0 7	—
8	lb.	Paraffinum durum	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	25	lb.	Pigmentum iodi meth.	—	1 0	0 4	—
10	lb.	Paraffinum liquidum	1 4	0 6	0 2	—	48	lb.	Pigmentum iodi meth. fort. ..	—	1 10	0 7	—
		Paraffinum liquidum, pkd. ..	—	0 10	3 xij.	2 4	7	oz.	Pig. iodoformi	—	—	1 2	—
8	lb.	Paraffinum liquidum flavum ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	8	oz.	Pig. salol	—	—	1 4	—
12	lb.	Paraffinum molle album	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	3	gr.	Pilocarpin. hydrochlor. S.I.(4)	per	gr.	0 5	—
16	lb.	Paraffinum molle album	1-lb.	tins	2 0	—	3	gr.	Pilocarpinæ nitras ..S.I.(4)	per	gr.	0 5	—
8	lb.	Paraffinum molle flavum	1 0	0 4	0 2	—			Pilulæ				
11	lb.	Paraffinum molle flavum	1-lb.	tins	1 5	—	63	lb.	Pil. aloes pulvis	—	2 4	0 8	0 2
10	lb.	Paraffinum (toilet)	1 3	0 5	0 2	—	66	lb.	Pil. aloes et asafetidæ pulvis ..	—	2 6	0 9	0 2
4	oz.	Paraformaldehydum	—	—	0 7	0 1	78	lb.	Pil. aloes et ferri pulvis	—	2 8	0 9	0 2
4	oz.	Paraldehydum	—	—	0 7	0 1	72	lb.	Pil. aloes et myrrhæ pulvis	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
18	oz.	Paramidophenol hyd.	—	—	2 3	0 6	75	lb.	Pil. aloes socot. pulvis	—	2 9	0 10	0 2
34	lb.	Paranol (alb.) B.P.C.	4 0	1 2	0 4	—	18	50	Pil. Alophen	ea.	2 0	—	—
44	lb.	Paranol liq. (alb.) B.P.C. ..	5 6	1 7	0 5	—	84	lb.	Pil. cambogiæ co. pulvis	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
96	lb.	Parogenum B.P.C.	—	2 0	0 7	—	64	lb.	Pil. cochiae	—	2 2	0 7	0 1
66	lb.	Parogenum iodi B.P.C.	—	2 5	0 8	0 2	108	lb.	Pil. colocynthidis co. pulvis ..	—	4 0	1 1	0 2
41	lb.	Parolein (B.W.)	5 0	1 3	0 4	0 1	120	lb.	Pil. coloc. et hyos. pv. P.I.(13)	—	4 3	1 2	0 2
14	oz.	Pasta bismuthi et iodoformi ..	—	—	2 0	0 4	52	lb.	Pil. conii co.	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
33	lb.	Pasta mag. sulph.	—	1 3	0 4	—	24	lb.	Pil. ferri	—	1 0	0 4	0 1
15	lb.	Pasta zinci ox. co.	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	15	oz.	Pil. ferri iodidi	—	—	2 3	0 4
22	lb.	Pasta zinci et gelat. B.P.C. ..	2 9	0 10	0 3	—	114	lb.	Pil. galbani co. pulvis	—	5 0	1 3	0 3
30	lb.	Pasta zinci et ichtham. B.P.C. ..	3 11	1 1	0 4	—	84	lb.	Pil. hydrargyri pulvis	—	2 11	0 10	0 2
60	lb.	Pastilles, fumigating	—	2 2	0 8	—	102	lb.	Pil. hydiarg. subchlor. co. pulvis	—	—	—	—
95	100	Pavon tablets D.D.	doz.	1 6	—	—			S.I.(5)	—	3 9	1 0	0 2
4	gr.	Pelletierinæ tannas ..S.I.(4)	per	gr.	0 8	—	126	lb.	Pil. ipecac. c. scilla ..S.I.(5)	—	4 3	1 2	0 2
102	lb.	Pepsencia	—	3 6	1 0	0 2	10	oz.	Pil. phosphori	—	—	1 6	0 3
66	8 oz.	Pepsin. c. bism. co. (Schacht) ..	—	4 1	1 1	0 2	8	oz.	Pil. plumbi c. opio ..S.I.(5)	—	—	1 2	0 2
66	8 oz.	Pepsin. liquid. (Schacht)	—	4 1	1 1	0 2	48	oz.	Pil. quininae sulphatis	—	—	7 0	1 0
24	oz.	Pepsinum porci	—	—	3 6	0 6	66	lb.	Pil. rhei co. pulvis	—	2 5	0 8	0 2
18	oz.	Pepsin. (scale)	—	—	2 8	0 5	12	oz.	Pil. saponis co. pulvis .. D.D.	—	—	1 9	0 3
64	8 oz.	Peptenzyme elixir unstd.	—	4 0	1 0	0 2	21	oz.	Pil. scammonii co. pulvis	—	—	3 0	0 6
64	oz.	Peptenzyme pwdr., unstd.	—	—	7 4	1 1	78	lb.	Pil. scillæ co. pulvis	—	2 9	0 10	0 2
17	oz.	Peptonum siccum	—	—	2 6	0 5	57	gal.	Pine disinfecting fluid	1 0	per	pint	—
58	5 gm.	Percaine S.I.(4)	1 gm.	2 0	—	—	20	lb.	Pimentæ fructus	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
42	lb.	Perichthol	5 3	1 6	0 6	0 1	24	lb.	Pimentæ fructus pulvis	3 0	0 11	0 4	—
33	lb.	Petroleum leve.	3 9	1 0	0 4	—	27	lb.	Piper album	4 2	1 2	0 4	—
18	10	Phanodorm tablets ..B only	—	2 3	for 10	—	27	lb.	Piperis albi pulvis	3 6	1 0	0 4	—
6	oz.	Phenacetinum	—	—	0 11	0 2	36	lb.	Piper longum	4 6	1 4	0 5	—
57	oz.	Phenalgine unstd. ..P.I.(13)	—	—	—	1 5	16	lb.	Piper nigrum extra	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
51	oz.	Phenalgine tbs. gr. 5 unstd. P.I.(13)	doz.	1 0	—	—	16	lb.	Piperis nigri pulvis	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
13	oz.	Phenazonum	—	—	1 11	0 4	72	oz.	Piperazina	—	—	10 6	1 6
22	oz.	Phenazonum caff. cit.	—	—	3 3	0 6	120	oz.	Piperina	—	—	—	2 6
18	oz.	Phenazoni salicylas	—	—	2 8	0 5	54	6	Pitocin amps. P.I.(13)	ea.	6 0	—	—
30	oz.	Phenobarbital B only	—	—	—	0 7	54	6	Pitressin P.I.(13)	ea.	6 0	—	—
30	oz.	Phenobarbital, solubile ..B only	—	—	—	0 7	15	lb.	Pix Barbadiense	2 0	0 9	—	—
63	oz.	Phenocoli hydrochloridum	—	—	8 0	1 6	18	lb.	Pix Burgundica ver.	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
28	lb.	Phenol cryst. P.I.(8)	3 6	1 0	0 4	0 1	15	lb.	Pix Burgundica fact.	1 9	0 6	0 2	—
72	lb.	Phenol (iodised) P.I.(9)	—	—	0 9	0 2	16	lb.	Pix carbonis præp.	2 0	0 6	0 2	—
18	lb.	Phenol. liquefact. ..P.I.(9)	—	0 8	0 3	—	10	lb.	Pix liquida	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
16	lb.	Phenol 2% alcoholic ..P.I.(10)	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	66	gm.	Platini chloridum	per	gr.	0 9	—
7	oz.	Phenolphthaleinum	—	—	1 1	0 2	84	oz.	Platini chloridi sol. 5 per cent.	—	—	11 9	1 9
26	oz.	Phenylenediaminæ hyd.	—	—	3 9	0 7	15	lb.	Plumbi acetat pur. ..P.I.(8)	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
24	oz.	Phenylhydrazinæ hydroch. ..	—	—	3 6	0 8	12	lb.	Plumbi acetat coml. ..P.I.(8)	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
8	gm.	Phloroglucin.	per	gr.	0 2	—	42	lb.	Plumbi carbonas pur.	5 3	1 6	0 6	0 1
7	oz.	Phosphorus, amorph.	—	—	1 1	0 3	22	oz.	Plumbi iodidum	—	—	3 3	0 6
9	oz.	Phosphorus, yellow ..P.I.(8)	—	—	1 4	0 3	48	lb.	Plumbi oleas (normal) ..S.I.(4)	6 0	1 9	0 7	—
8	gr.	Physostigmin. sal. ..S.I.(4)	per	gr.	1 2	—	12	lb.	Plumbi oxidum (litharge) ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
62	25 gm	Phytin	—	—	9 3	1 9	12	lb.	Plumbi oxidum rubrum	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
67.5	100	Phytin tablets	doz.	1 0	—	—	21	oz.	Podophylli resina	—	—	3 1	0 6
84	oz.	Phytolaccinum	—	—	12 4	2 0			Potassium				
60	dr.	Picrotoxinum S.I.(4)	—	—	—	8 0	39	lb.	Potassa caustica (st.) ..P.I.(15)	4 10	1 5	0 5	—
48	lb.	Pigmentum aconiti co. meth. S.I.(5)	—	—	0 7	0 1	18	lb.	Potassa caustica (bl. ash) P.I.(15)	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
60	lb.	Pig. caseini B.P.C.	—	2 3	0 7	—	21	lb.	Potassa caustica (gran.) P.I.(15)	2 8	0 9	0 3	—
12	oz.	Pig. chrysarobini B.P.C.	—	—	3 6	0 6	15	lb.	Pot. caust. lump. coml. P.I.(15)	2 0	—	—	—
36	lb.	Pig. iodi (Mandl)	—	1 5	0 5	—	16	lb.	Potassa sulphurata	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
33	lb.	Pig. iodi N.I.F.	—	1 4	0 5	—	22	lb.	Potassii acetat gran.	2 9	0 11	0 3	—

Cost		Po—Pu Potassium—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Pu—Rh	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
6	oz.	Potassii arsenas .. S.I.(4)	—	—	1 0	—	60	lb.	Pulv. catechu co. ..	—	2 2	0 8	0 2
27	oz.	Potassii benzoas nat. ..	—	—	4 0	0 7	84	lb.	Pulv. cinnamomi co. ..	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
8	oz.	Potassii benzoas synth. ..	—	—	1 2	0 3	102	lb.	Pulv. conf. aromat. ..	—	3 8	1 0	0 2
12	lb.	Potassii bicarbonatis pulvis ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	16	lb.	Pulv. cretæ aromaticus ..	—	0 7	0 3	—
28	lb.	Potassii bichromas ..	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	36	lb.	Pulv. cret. arom. c. opio S.I.(5)	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
14	lb.	Potassii bichrom. coml. ..	1 9	0 6	0 2	—	48	oz.	Pulv. elaterini co. ..	—	—	7 0	1 3
54	lb.	Potassii borotartras ..	6 9	2 0	0 7	—	15	lb.	Pulv. glycyrrhizæ co. ..	2 0	0 7	0 3	0 1
34	lb.	Potassii bromidum gran. ..	4 3	1 2	0 4	—	8	oz.	Pulv. ipecacuanhæ et opii S.I.(5)	—	—	1 2	0 2
14	lb.	Potassii carbonas ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	36	lb.	Pulv. jalapæ co. ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
8	lb.	Potassii carbonas coml. ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—	9	oz.	Pulv. kino co. .. S.I.(5)	—	—	1 4	0 3
14	lb.	Potassii chloras. pulvis pur. ..	—	0 7	0 2	—	27	lb.	Pulv. lobeliæ co. B.P.C. ..	—	1 0	0 4	—
9	lb.	Potassii chloratis pulvis coml. ..	—	0 4	0 2	—	60	lb.	Pulv. magnes. borocit. co. ..	—	2 2	0 8	—
16	lb.	Potassii chloridum pur. ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	9	oz.	Pulv. opii co. .. D.D.	—	—	1 4	0 3
8	lb.	Potassii chloridum coml. ..	1 0	0 4	—	—	8	oz.	Pulv. pepsini co. ..	—	—	1 2	0 2
114	gm.	Potassii chloroplatinis ..	per	gr.	1 0	—	30	lb.	Pulv. pro mist. cretæ ..	3 9	1 2	0 4	0 1
34	lb.	Potassii chromas ..	—	1 3	0 5	—	36	lb.	Pulv. rhei co. ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
30	lb.	Potassii citras ..	—	1 1	0 4	0 1	72	lb.	Pulv. scammonii co. ..	—	2 7	0 10	0 2
42	lb.	Potassii citras eff. B.P.C. ..	5 3	1 6	0 5	0 1	20	lb.	Pulv. seidlitz ..	ea.	3d.	—	—
48	lb.	Potassii cyanidum 40% S.I.(4)	6 0	1 9	0 7	0 2	24	lb.	Pulv. stramon. co. B.P.C. ..	—	1 0	0 4	—
42	lb.	Potassii ferricyanidum ..	5 3	1 6	0 5	0 1	60	lb.	Pulv. tragacanthæ co. ..	—	2 2	0 8	0 2
36	lb.	Potassii ferricyanidum coml. ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	15	lb.	Pulv. zinc. amylo ac. bor. ..	2 0	0 7	—	—
14	lb.	Potassii ferrocyanidum ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	29	oz.	Pyramidon .. R only	—	—	—	0 7
5	oz.	Potassii formas ..	—	—	0 9	0 2	30	lb.	Pyrethri radices pulvis ..	—	1 1	0 4	—
6	oz.	Potassii glycerophosph. 50% ..	—	—	0 11	0 2	21	oz.	Pyridina pura ..	—	—	3 1	0 6
10	oz.	Potassii guaiaacolsulphonas ..	—	—	1 6	0 3	18	oz.	Pyrocatechin ..	—	—	2 8	0 5
48	oz.	Potassii hippuras ..	—	—	7 0	1 0	39	oz.	Pyrogallol monoacet. sol. ..	—	—	5 9	1 0
24	oz.	Potassii hydroxyquin. sulph. ..	—	—	3 6	0 6	36	oz.	Pyrogallol triacetat ..	—	—	5 3	1 0
7	oz.	Potassii hypophosphis ..	—	—	1 1	0 2			Q				
99	lb.	Potassii iodidum ..	—	3 7	1 10	0 2	8	lb.	Quassia ligni rass. ..	1 0	0 4	0 2	—
13	lb.	Potassii metasulphis ..	1 8	0 6	0 2	—	14	lb.	Quassia ligni pulvis ..	—	0 7	0 3	0 1
15	lb.	Potassii nitras ..	2 0	0 8	0 3	—	108	dr.	Quassinum amorph. ..	—	—	—	15 0
7	lb.	Potassii nitras coml. ..	11	0 4	0 2	—	48	lb.	Quebracho cortex .. S.I.(4)	—	1 9	0 6	—
540	cwt.	Potassii nitras coml. ..	7 lb.	4 2	14 lb.	8 0	12	lb.	Quercus cortex ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
20	lb.	Potassii oxalas neut. P.II.(8)	—	0 9	0 3	0 1	12	lb.	Quillaia cortex ..	—	0 6	0 2	—
20	lb.	Potassii permanganas ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	15	lb.	Quillaia cortex contusus ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
45	lb.	Potassii persulphas ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1	18	lb.	Quillaia cortex pulvis ..	—	0 8	0 3	—
48	lb.	Potassii phosphas ..	6 0	1 9	0 6	0 1			Gr.x.				
24	lb.	Potassii phosphas coml. ..	3 0	1 0	0 3	—	102	oz.	Quinidina ..	0 4	—	—	2 0
48	lb.	Potassii phosph. (tribasic) ..	—	1 9	0 6	—	69	oz.	Quinidinæ sulph. ..	0 4	—	—	1 6
12	oz.	Potassii salicylas ..	—	—	1 9	0 3	78	oz.	Quinina ..	0 3	—	—	1 6
36	lb.	Potassii silicas fus. ..	—	1 4	0 5	—	94	oz.	Quinin. acetylsalicylas ..	0 4	—	—	2 0
15	oz.	Potassii succinas ..	—	—	2 3	0 4	70	oz.	Quinin. ethylcarbonas ..	0 3	—	—	1 6
13	lb.	Potassii sulphas pulv. ..	—	0 7	0 2	0 1	82	oz.	Quinin. glycerophosphas ..	0 4	—	—	1 8
6	lb.	Potassii sulphas coml. ..	0 9	0 3	0 1	—	94	oz.	Quinin. hydriodidum acidum ..	0 4	—	—	2 0
30	lb.	Potassii sulph. c. sulph. ..	—	1 1	0 4	—	57	oz.	Quinin. hydrobromidum ..	0 3	—	—	1 2
7	oz.	Potassii sulphis ..	—	—	1 1	0 2	57	oz.	Quinin. hydrobromid. acidum ..	0 3	—	—	1 2
7	oz.	Potassii sulphocarbolas ..	—	—	1 1	0 2	57	oz.	Quinin. hydrochlor.-bi. ..	0 3	—	—	1 2
8	oz.	Potassii sulphocyanidum ..	—	—	1 2	0 2	94	oz.	Quinin. hypophosphis ..	0 4	—	—	2 0
39	lb.	Potassii tartras ..	4 10	1 5	0 5	0 1	74	oz.	Quinin. phosphas ..	0 3	—	—	1 6
19	lb.	Potassii tartras acidus ..	2 4	0 8	0 3	—	70	oz.	Quinin. salicylas ..	0 3	—	—	1 6
12	lb.	Potassii tartras acidus 92% ..	7 lb.	11 0	—	—	41	oz.	Quinin. sulphas ..	0 2	—	—	0 10
42	oz.	Procaïn. hyd. .. S.I.(4)	—	—	6 4	1 0	42	oz.	Quinin. sulphas acidus ..	0 2	—	—	0 11
12	gm.	Proflavinum ..	per	gr.	0 2	—	66	oz.	Quinin. urethane ..	—	—	8 9	1 6
13	10	Prominal tablets. .. R only	—	—	1 8	tube	92	oz.	Quinin. valerianas ..	0 4	—	—	1 8
31	tube	Prontosil rubrum tab. S.I.R only	3 6	per	tube	—			R				
117	100	Prontosil album tab. S.I.R only	1 10	per	dozen	—	20	25c.c.	Radiostoleum ..	—	—	3 6	0 6
36	25	Proseptasine tablets S.I.R only	4 6	per	25	—	11	lb.	Rapii semina ..	1 5	0 6	0 2	—
85	oz.	Protargol ..	—	—	—	1 9	20	lb.	Red squill compound ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
40	oz.	Protargol granulate ..	—	—	5 10	0 10	8	lb.	Resina (amber) ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—
21	lb.	Psyllii sem. ..	—	0 10	0 3	—	11	lb.	Resin. flav. pulv. ..	1 5	0 6	0 2	—
84	lb.	Pulv. acetanilidi co. P.I.(13)	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	12	oz.	Resorcinol ..	—	—	1 9	0 3
27	lb.	Pulv. alkalinus (Maclean's) ..	—	1 0	0 4	—	27	oz.	Resorcini acetat ..	—	—	4 0	0 8
32	lb.	Pulv. aloes cap. c. canella ..	—	1 2	0 4	—	54	200g.	Resyl syrup ..	—	4 6	1 3	—
48	lb.	Pulv. aloes c. canella (super.) ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	34	lb.	Rhei rhizoma Ang. pulv. ..	—	1 3	0 4	—
54	lb.	Pulv. amygdalæ co. ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	264	lb.	Rhei rhiz. "E. I." elect. ..	—	9 5	2 9	0 5
48	lb.	Pulv. antimonialis .. S.I.(5)	—	—	0 6	0 1	210	lb.	Rhei rhiz. "E. I." (trimmed) ..	—	7 8	2 4	0 4
264	lb.	Pulv. aromaticus co. ..	—	9 7	2 7	0 5							
26	lb.	Pulv. bismuth. co. N.I.F. ..	—	1 0	0 4	—							

Cost		Rh—Se	Selling Price				Cost		Se—So	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
156	lb.	Rhei rhiz. "E. I." sec. ..	—	5 7	1 7	0 3	54	lb.	Sennæ folia Alex. opt. ..	6 9	2 0	0 7	—
162	lb.	Rhei rhiz. "E. I." pulv. elect. ..	—	5 10	1 8	0 3	24	lb.	Sennæ fol. Alex. pulv. ..	3 0	0 11	0 4	—
120	lb.	Rhei rhiz. "E. I." pulv. sec. ..	—	4 3	1 2	0 2	30	lb.	Sennæ fol. Tinnev. ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	—
84	lb.	Rhei rhiz. "E. I." pulv. ..	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	20	lb.	Sennæ fol. Tinnev. pulv. ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
63	dr.	Rhubidii iodidum ..	—	—	—	9 2	96	lb.	Sennæ fructus Alex. (picked) ..	12 0	3 5	1 0	—
14	lb.	Rosmarini folia ..	1 8	0 6	0 2	—	16	lb.	Sennæ fructus Tinnev. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
36	lb.	Rouge, jewellers' ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	90	lb.	Serpentariæ rhizoma ..	—	3 2	0 11	—
192	lb.	Rosæ pet. Ang. ..	—	6 10	2 0	—	40	lb.	Sevum benzoatum ..	—	1 6	0 5	—
144	lb.	Rosæ pet. exot. ..	—	5 2	1 6	—	36	lb.	Sevum præparatum ..	—	1 5	0 5	—
		S					11	oz.	Sevum phosphoratum ..P.I. (9)	—	—	1 8	0 4
54	oz.	Saccharinum 550 ..	per	gr.	0 1	1 2	28	lb.	Shampoo pdr. (borax soap) ..	—	1 0	0 4	—
48	oz.	Saccharinum solubile ..	per	gr.	0 1	1 0	21	lb.	Shampoo pdr. (coconut soap) ..	2 8	0 10	0 3	—
6	lb.	Saccharum pur. pulv. subtil. ..	—	0 2½	0 1	—	36	lb.	Shellac alb. ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—
		Saccharum lactis (tins) ..	½ lb.	1 6	1 lb.	2 8	18	lb.	Shellac aurant. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
14	lb.	Saccharum lactis pulv. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	14	lb.	Shellac aurant. sec. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
18	lb.	Saccharum ustum Ang. ..	2 3	0 9	0 3	—	4	oz.	Silica pur. præcip. ..	—	—	0 8	—
11	lb.	Saccharum ustum exot. ..	1 4	0 6	0 2	—	6	lb.	Silica coml. ..	0 10	0 3	0 1	—
		Sachet powder opt. (var.) P.L.F. ..	—	—	1 4	—	10	lb.	Sinapis albæ semina ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
		Sachet powder sec. P.L.F. ..	—	3 4	1 0	—			Sodium				
51	lb.	Safrol ..	—	1 10	0 7	0 1	30	lb.	Soda caustic.(sticks)pur.P.II.(15)	3 9	1 2	0 4	—
24	lb	Sal acetos. pulv. P.L.F. P.II. (10)	—	0 11	0 3	—	11	lb.	Soda caustic.(gran. or fl.)P.II.(15)	1 5	0 6	0 2	—
18	lb.	Sal acetos. pulv. P.II. (10)	—	0 8	0 3	—	15	lb.	Soda lime ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
14	lb.	Sal Carlsbad artif. N.F. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	18	lb.	Sodii acetat pur. cryst. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
36	lb.	Sal Carol. fact. eff. pulv. ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	0 1	30	lb.	Sodii ammon. phos. ..	—	1 1	0 4	—
18	lb.	Sal Cheltenham artif. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	6	oz.	Sodii arsenas anhyd. S.I.,P.II.(4)	—	—	0 11	0 2
33	lb.	Sal Harrogate artif. ..	4 2	1 3	0 5	—	30	oz.	Sodii benzoas nat. ..	—	—	4 5	0 8
12	lb.	Sal Kissingen artif. ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	36	lb.	Sodii benzoas artif. ..	—	1 4	0 5	—
54	lb.	Sal limonis P.L.F. P.II. (10)	—	2 0	0 7	—	6	lb.	Sodii bicarb. (Howards)	0 9	0 3	0 2	—
13	lb.	Sal prunella glob. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	5	lb.	Sodii bicarb. opt. pulv. ..	0 8	0 3	0 1	—
19	lb.	Sal prunella glob. parv. ..	2 4	0 9	0 3	—			Sodii bicarb. opt. pkd. ..	—	0 4½	0 1½	—
18	lb.	Sal Vichy artif. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	4	lb.	Sodii bicarb. coml. pulv. ..	0 6	0 2	0 1	—
20	oz.	Salicinum ..	—	—	2 11	0 5	264	cwt.	Sodii bicarb. coml. pulv. ..	7 lb.	1 8	14 lb.	3 0
45	oz.	Salipyrine ..	—	—	—	1 1	11	lb.	Sodii bichromas ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
6	oz.	Salol ..	—	—	—	0 2	15	lb.	Sodii bisulphas pur. ..	1 11	0 7	0 2	—
33	lb.	Sambuci flores sicc. ..	4 3	1 3	0 4	—	54	lb.	Sodii bitartras ..	6 9	2 0	0 7	0 1
36	lb.	Sandaraca ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	37	lb.	Sodii bromidum ..	4 7	1 4	0 5	—
24	lb.	Sanguinariæ radix ..	—	1 0	0 4	—	48	oz.	Sodii cacodylas .. S.I. (4)	—	—	7 0	1 0
27	dr.	Sanguinarin. ..	—	—	—	4 0	5	lb.	Sodii carbonas cryst. ..	0 8	0 3	0 1	—
133	lb.	Sanguis draconis pulv. opt. ..	—	4 9	1 4	0 3	8	lb.	Sodii carbonas exsic. ..	1 0	0 4	0 1	—
102	lb.	Sanguis draconis pulv. sec. ..	12 9	3 8	1 0	0 2	3	lb.	Sodii carbonas coml. ..	0 5	0 2	0 1	—
30	lb.	Santal. flav. lig pulv. ..	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	54	oz.	Sodii chaulmoogras ..	—	—	—	1 2
27	dr.	Santoninum ..	per	gr.	0 2	4 0	21	lb.	Sodii chlorate ..	2 8	0 9	0 3	—
18	lb.	Sapo albus pulv. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	10	lb.	Sodii chloridum pur. ..	1 3	0 6	0 2	—
24	lb.	Sap. alc. sol. indust. ..	—	0 10	0 3	—	14	oz.	Sodii cinnamas ..	—	—	2 0	0 4
13	lb.	Sapo animalis ..	1 7	0 6	0 2	—	31	lb.	Sodii citras ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	0 1
20	lb.	Sapo animal. pulv. ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	42	lb.	Sodii citro-tartras eff. ..	5 3	1 6	0 6	—
15	lb.	Sapo Cast. mottled ..	1 10	0 7	0 2	—	30	lb.	Sodii cyanid. .. S.I. (4)	3 9	1 1	0 4	—
24	lb.	Sapo "coconut oil" ..	3 0	1 0	0 3	—	3	oz.	Sodii formas ..	—	—	0 6	0 1
24	lb.	Sapo durus ..	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	9	oz.	Sodii glycerophos. pulv. ..	—	—	1 4	0 3
30	lb.	Sapo durus pulv. ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	—	26	oz.	Sodii guaiacas ..	—	—	3 9	0 8
24	lb.	Sapo kalinus, B.P.C. ..	3 0	0 11	0 4	—	42	oz.	Sodii hippuras ..	—	—	6 2	1 0
12	lb.	Sapo mollis ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—	54	oz.	Sodii hydnocarpas ..	—	—	8 0	1 4
10	lb.	Sapo mollis coml. opt. ..	1 3	0 4	—	—	26	lb.	Sodii hydroxid. sticks P.II. (15)	—	1 0	0 4	—
12	oz.	Saponinum ..	—	—	1 9	0 4	6	oz.	Sodii hypophosphis ..	—	—	0 11	0 2
39	lb.	Sarsæ radix Jam. ..	4 10	1 5	0 5	0 1	45	lb.	Sodii hyposulphis opt. ..	0 8	0 3	0 1	—
48	lb.	Sarsæ radix Jam. incis. ..	6 0	1 10	0 6	0 1	3	lb.	Sodii hyposulphis (photog.) ..	0 5	—	—	—
18	lb.	Sassafras radix incis. ..	2 3	0 9	0 3	—	12	oz.	Sodii iodidum ..	—	—	1 9	0 3
8	oz.	Scammonia resinæ pulv. ..	—	—	1 2	0 2	6	lb.	Sodii lactas (syrupy) ..	—	—	1 3	0 3
23	dr.	Scammonia virgin. pulv. ..	—	—	—	3 5	75	oz.	Sodii lith. cit. co. ..	—	—	1 2	0 2
42	oz.	Scarlet red ..	—	—	6 2	1 0	30	oz.	Sodii mandelas ..	—	—	4 5	0 8
60	lb.	Schlippe's salt ..	7 6	2 2	0 7	0 1	21	lb.	Sodii manganas coml. ..	2 9	0 9	0 3	—
3	oz.	Scilla pulv. ..	—	—	0 6	0 1	18	lb.	Sodii metasulphis ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
146	100	Sedobrol tablets ..	doz.	2 4	—	—	54	oz.	Sodii morrhuas ..	—	—	8 0	1 4
242	gross	Seltzogene charges 3-pt. ..	doz.	2 3	—	—	18	lb.	Sodii nitras pur. ..	—	0 8	0 3	—
312	gross	Seltzogene charges 5-pt. ..	doz.	4 6	—	—	45	lb.	Sodii nitras coml. ..	0 7	0 3	0 1	—
75	lb.	Senegæ rad. ..	—	2 9	0 10	—	24	lb.	Sodii nitris pur. cryst. ..	—	0 11	0 4	0 1
84	lb.	Senegæ rad. pulv. ..	—	3 0	0 11	—	18	oz.	Sodii nitroprussidum ..	—	—	2 8	0 5
							60	oz.	Sodii nucleinas ..	—	—	8 9	1 3

Cost		So—Sp Sodium—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Sp—Sy Spiritus—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
42	lb.	Sodii oleas	—	1 6	0 5	—	41	gal.	Spt. vini meth. 64o.p.(10gal.lots)	pint	0 6	—	—
26	lb.	Sodii oxalas P.II. (8)	—	1 0	0 4	—	29	gal.	Spt. vini meth. 64 o.p. (indust.) (10 gal. lots)	pint	0 7	gal.	4 0
26	lb.	Sodii perboras	3 3	1 0	0 4	0 1	43	gal.	Spt. vini meth. (indust.) 64 o.p.	pint	0 8	—	—
39	lb.	Sodii peroxidum	—	1 5	0 5	0 1	28	80	Stannoxyd tablets, unstd. ..	doz.	0 6	—	—
66	lb.	Sodii persulphas	—	2 4	0 8	0 2	48	lb.	Stanni oxid. pulv. coml. opt. ..	6 0	1 9	0 6	—
3	lb.	Sodii phenas P.II. (9)	—	—	0 6	0 1	84	lb.	Stannum gran. pur.	10 6	3 0	0 10	0 2
13	lb.	Sodii phosphas "pea" ..	1 9	0 6	0 2	—	24	lb.	Staphisagriae sem. ..S.I. (4)	—	1 0	0 4	—
14	lb.	Sodii phosphas "feathery" ..	2 0	0 8	0 2	—	33	lb.	Staphisagriae sem. pulv. S.I. (4)	—	1 3	0 5	—
16	lb.	Sodii phosph. pulv.	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	13	gm.	Stovaine S.S.I. (4)	—	—	—	—
30	lb.	Sodii phosph. pulv. excis. ..	—	1 1	0 4	—	32	25	Stovarsol vaginal compound tablets S.S.I. (4)	4 0	per	25	—
24	lb.	Sodii phosph. acidus	—	0 11	0 4	—	13	lb.	Stramonii folia S.S.I. (4)	1 8	0 7	0 3	—
42	lb.	Sodii phosph. eff.	5 3	1 6	0 5	—	16	lb.	Stramonii fol. pulv. ..S.S.I. (4)	2 0	0 7	0 3	—
24	lb.	Sodii phosph. (tribasic) ..	—	1 0	0 4	—	7	oz.	Strontii bromidum cryst. ..	—	—	1 1	0 2
18	lb.	Sodii et potass. tart. pulv. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	8	oz.	Strontii bromid. excis. ..	—	—	1 2	0 2
18	lb.	Sodii pyrophosph.	2 3	0 9	0 3	—	20	oz.	Strontii iodidum	—	—	3 0	0 6
31	lb.	Sodii salicylas cryst.	—	1 2	0 4	0 1	18	oz.	Strontii lactas	—	—	2 8	0 6
30	oz.	Sodii salicylas nat.	—	—	4 5	0 8	17	lb.	Strontii nitras coml. pulv. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
4.5	lb.	Sodii silicatis solut. (wgt.) ..	0 8	0 3	—	—	18	oz.	Strontii salicylas	—	—	2 8	0 6
36	lb.	Sodii stearas	—	1 4	0 5	—	9	gr.	Strophanthinum ..S.S.I. (4)	per	gr.	1 4	—
18	oz.	Sodii succinas	—	—	2 8	0 6	33	oz.	Styrchnina cryst. ..S.S.I. (4)	—	—	4 10	0 8
5	lb.	Sodii sulphas "pea"	0 8	0 3	0 2	—	33	oz.	Strych. pulv. S.S.I. (4)	—	—	4 10	0 8
5	lb.	Sodii sulphas "feathery" ..	0 9	0 3	0 2	—	28	oz.	Strych. hydrochlor. ..S.I. (4)	—	—	3 8	0 7
6	lb.	Sodii sulph. pulv.	0 10	0 4	0 2	—	28	oz.	Strych. nitras S.S.I. (4)	—	—	3 8	0 7
7	lb.	Sodii sulph. pulv. excis. ..	1 0	0 5	0 2	—	24	oz.	Strych. sulphas S.S.I. (4)	—	—	3 6	0 6
216	cwt.	Sodii sulph. coml. cryst. ..	0 4	—	7 lb.	1 8	27	20	Stypticin tablets.. ..S.S.I. (4)	doz.	1 10	—	—
294	cwt.	Sodii sulph. coml. pulv. ..	0 5	—	7 lb.	2 4	29	20	Styptol tablets S.S.I. (4)	doz.	2 1	—	—
27	lb.	Sodii sulph. eff.	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	61	oz.	Styrol	—	—	—	1 6
176	cwt.	Sodii sulph. vet... .. .	7 lb.	1 5	14 lb.	2 8	84	lb.	Styrax præparatus	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
21	lb.	Sodii sulphidum cryst.	—	0 9	0 3	—	48	lb.	Succus allii	—	1 9	0 6	—
5	lb.	Sodii sulphis	0 9	0 3	0 1	—	39	lb.	Succus belladonnæ P.I. (10)	—	1 5	0 5	—
37	lb.	Sodii sulphocarbolutis pulv. ..	—	1 5	0 5	0 1	38	lb.	Succus conii P.I. (9)	—	1 5	0 5	—
6	oz.	Sodii sulphocyanid.	—	—	0 9	0 2	48	lb.	Succus digitalis S.S.I. (4)	—	1 10	0 7	—
36	lb.	Sodii tartras (neutral) ..	—	1 4	0 5	0 1	24	lb.	Succus glycyrrhizæ (Apollo) ..	3 0	0 11	0 3	—
18	oz.	Sodii tauruglycocholas B.P.C. ..	—	—	2 8	0 5	15	lb.	Succus glycyrrhizæ (block) ..	1 11	0 7	0 3	0 1
20	oz.	Sodii tungstas pur.	—	—	2 8	0 5	42	lb.	Succus glycyrrhizæ (Solazzi) ..	—	1 6	0 5	—
24	oz.	Sodii valerianas	—	—	2 11	0 5	36	lb.	Succus hyosciami P.I. (9)	—	1 4	0 5	—
108	lb.	Sol. ætheris nitrosi (1-7) ..	—	3 6	1 0	—	108	gal.	Succus limettæ	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
13.5	12	Soneryl tablets R only	1 8	per	doz.	—	108	gal.	Succus limonis	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
129	oz.	Sozoiodol. hydrarg.	—	—	—	2 2	32	lb.	Succus scoparii	—	1 3	0 5	—
54	oz.	Sozoiodol. zinc.	—	—	—	1 4	34	lb.	Succus taraxaci	—	1 3	0 5	—
13	dr.	Sparteinae sulphas	—	—	—	2 0	26	oz.	Sulphonal R only	—	—	3 9	0 7
60	lb.	Spigelia	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	21	oz.	Sulphanilamide S.I. R only	—	—	3 1	0 6
Spiritus													
75	lb.	Spiritus ætheris	—	2 7	0 9	0 2	9	lb.	Sulphur lotum	1 2	0 4	0 1½	—
96	lb.	Spt. ætheris comp.	—	3 2	0 10	0 2	12	lb.	Sulphur præcipitatum	—	0 6	0 2	—
67	lb.	Spt. ætheris nitrosi	7 6	2 2	0 7	0 1	5	lb.	Sulphur rotundum	0 9	0 3	0 1	—
52	lb.	Spt. ammoniæ aromaticus ..	5 9	1 7	0 6	0 1	6	lb.	Sulphur sublimatum	0 9	0 3	0 1	—
96	lb.	Spt. ammon. ar. pkd. (std. bot.)	—	2 6	3ij.	1 6	312	cwt.	Sulphur sublimatum sec. ..	7 lb.	2 3	14 lb.	4 0
24	oz.	Spt. ammoniæ fetidus	—	3 2	0 10	0 2	5	lb.	Sulphur vivum	0 9	0 3	—	—
66	lb.	Spt. armoraciæ co.	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	312	cwt.	Sulphur vivum	7 lb.	2 4	—	—
96	lb.	Spt. cajuputi	—	3 2	0 11	0 2	18	lb.	Sulphur hair wash P.L.F. ..	—	8 oz.	1 4	—
81	lb.	Spt. camphoræ	—	2 9	0 10	0 2	6	lb.	Sulphur wash P.L.F.	1 0	—	—	—
68	lb.	Spt. chloroformi	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	3j	lb.	Sulphuris chloridum (liq.) ..	—	2 0	0 7	—
33	oz.	Spt. cinnamomi	—	—	4 4	0 8	20	oz.	Sulphuris iodidum	—	—	3 0	0 6
102	lb.	Spt. juniperi	—	3 5	1 0	0 2	Suppositoria (see Pricing Prescriptions)						
18	oz.	Spt. juniperi co. P.L.	—	—	2 6	0 5	Syrupi						
630	lb.	Spt. lavandulæ Ang.	—	—	4 9	0 9	8	lb.	Syrupus	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
426	lb.	Spt. lavandulæ exot.	—	15 0	4 2	0 7	21	lb.	Syr. ac. hydriodici	—	1 0	0 4	—
32	oz.	Spt. menthæ pip. Ang.	—	—	4 3	0 8	24	lb.	Syr. allii	—	1 3	0 5	—
312	lb.	Spt. menthæ pip. exot.	—	10 6	2 9	0 5	16	lb.	Syr. althææ	—	0 10	0 4	—
26	oz.	Spt. myristicæ	—	—	3 9	0 7	28	lb.	Syr. anisi	—	1 4	0 5	—
126	lb.	Spt. nucis juglandis	—	4 0	1 1	0 2	39	lb.	Syr. apomorph. B.P.C. P.I. (9)	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
300	lb.	Spt. rosmarini exot.	—	10 0	2 8	0 5	42	lb.	Syr. aromaticus	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
22	lb.	Spt. saponatus meth.	6 9	2 0	0 7	—	36	lb.	Syr. aurantii	—	1 9	0 6	—
21	lb.	Spt. saponis kalini meth. ..	2 8	0 10	0 3	—	24	lb.	Syr. aurantii floris	—	1 2	0 4	—
72	gal.	Spt. sick-room (surgical) ..	pint	1 2	—	—	54	lb.	Syr. bromoformi (Martind.) ..	—	2 3	0 8	—
53	gal.	Spt. vini meth. 64 o.p. (min'l) ..	0 10	0 3	0 1	—	27	lb.	Syr. butyl-chloral hydrat. P.I. (10)	—	1 4	0 7	0 1

Cost		Sy Syrupi—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Sy—Th Syrupi—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
28	lb.	Syr. calcii chlor. B.P.C.	—	1 6	0 6	—	36	lb.	Syr. rosæ	—	1 6	0 5	—
18	lb.	Syr. calcii hypophosphitis ..	—	1 0	0 4	—	35	lb.	Syr. rubi fructicosi	—	1 6	0 5	—
16	lb.	Syr. calcii lactophosphatis ..	—	0 10	0 4	0 1	27	lb.	Syr. rubi idæi	—	1 3	0 4	—
20	lb.	Syr. calcii lactophosphatis c. ferro	—	1 0	0 4	—	27	lb.	Syr. rutæ	—	1 3	0 4	—
18	lb.	Syr. camphoræ co. ..P.I. (9)	—	0 10	0 4	—	12	lb.	Syr. scillæ	—	0 8	0 3	—
63	lb.	Syr. cascaræ aromaticus ..	—	3 1	0 11	0 2	38	lb.	Syr. senegæ	—	1 10	0 7	—
24	lb.	Syr. chloral P.I. (9)	—	1 1	0 4	0 1	24	lb.	Syr. sennæ Alex.	—	1 4	0 5	—
48	lb.	Syr. cocillanæ co. N.H.I.	—	2 2	0 8	—	18	lb.	Syr. sennæ	—	0 10	0 3	—
42	lb.	Syr. cocillanæ co. P.I. (10 and 13)	—	2 2	0 7	0 1	30	lb.	Syr. sennæ fruct. Alex. ..	—	1 5	0 5	0 1
33	lb.	Syr. codinæ phosph. ..P.I. (9)	—	1 6	0 5	0 1	22	lb.	Syr. tamarindi	—	1 1	0 4	—
34	lb.	Syr. croci B.P.C.	—	1 6	0 6	0 1	13	lb.	Syr. tolutanus	—	0 9	0 3	—
42	lb.	Syr. cydoniæ	—	2 0	0 7	—	20	lb.	Syr. triplex B.P.C. P.I. (9 and 13)	—	1 0	0 4	—
48	lb.	Syr. eucalypti gummi	—	2 2	0 7	0 1	26	lb.	Syr. tussilaginis	—	1 4	0 5	—
24	lb.	Syr. ferri bromidi	—	1 3	0 5	0 1	16	lb.	Syr. violæ	—	0 10	0 4	—
51	lb.	Syr. ferri bromidi c. quin. ..	—	2 4	0 8	0 2	16	lb.	Syr. zingiberis	—	0 10	0 3	—
48	lb.	Syr. ferri bromidi c. quin. et strych P.I. (9 and 13)	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	T						
19	lb.	Syr. ferri dial.	—	1 0	0 4	—	104	oz.	Taka diastase	—	—	13 0	2 0
20	lb.	Syr. ferri hypophosphitis ..	—	1 0	0 4	—	36	4 oz.	Taka diastase elixir	—	4 6	1 2	0 2
17	lb.	Syr. ferri iodidi	—	0 10	0 3	—	32	4 oz.	Taka diastase liq.	—	4 0	1 0	0 2
24	lb.	Syr. ferri lactophosphatis ..	—	1 3	0 5	—	77	100	Taka diastase tablets gr. 2½	doz.	1 3	—	—
15	lb.	Syr. ferri phosphatis	2 9	0 10	0 4	—	22	ea.	Takazyma	2 9	each	—	—
12	lb.	Syr. ferri phosphatis co. ..	2 3	0 9	0 3	—	18	lb.	Talcum opt.	2 3	0 8	0 2½	—
		Syr. ferri phosphatis co. pkd. ..	—	1 0	3 viii.	1 9	5.5	lb.	Talcum compl.	0 8	0 2½	0 1	—
38	lb.	Syr. ferri phosphatis c. mang. ..	—	1 6	0 5	—	10	lb.	Tallow	1 3	0 5	0 1½	—
32	lb.	Syr. ferri phosphatis c. quin. ..	—	1 7	0 5	—	38	lb.	Tamarindi pulpa	4 9	1 5	0 5	—
22	lb.	Syr. fer. phos. c. quin. et strychn.	—	—	—	—	17	lb.	Tamarindus W.I.	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
		P.I. (9 and 13)	—	1 0	0 4	—	24	oz.	Tannalbin	—	—	3 6	0 6
36	lb.	Syr. ferri subchlor N.I.F. ..	—	1 9	0 6	—	20	20	Tannalbin tablets gr. 7½	doz.	1 6	—	—
21	lb.	Syr. fici	3 4	1 0	0 4	—	36	25 gm	Tannoform	—	—	—	0 11
30	lb.	Syr. format. co. .. P.I. (13)	—	1 6	0 5	—	16	vial	Tar Dermament	2 0	per	tube	—
12	lb.	Syr. glucosi	—	0 8	0 3	—	26	lb.	Taraxaci radix Ang. incis	3 3	1 0	0 4	—
32	lb.	Syr. glycerophosph. flav. ..	5 0	1 6	0 5	0 1	33	lb.	Terebenum	—	1 2	0 4	—
28	lb.	Syr. glyceroph. c. form. ..	—	—	—	—	78	lb.	Terebinth. Canad.	—	2 10	0 10	—
		P.I. (9 and 13)	4 3	1 4	0 5	—	15	oz.	Terebinth. chia.	—	—	2 3	0 4
20	lb.	Syr. glycerophos. co. ..	—	—	—	—	14	lb.	Terebinth. Venet. fact.	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
		P.I. (9 and 13)	3 2	1 0	0 4	—	48	lb.	Terebinth. Venet. ver. ..	6 0	1 9	0 6	—
48	lb.	Syr. glycerophosph. co. cum medulla rub. ..P.I. (9 and 13)	8 0	2 4	0 8	0 2	6	oz.	Terpini hydras	—	—	0 11	0 2
24	lb.	Syr. glycerophos. co. (Robin)	—	—	—	—	6	oz.	Terpineol	—	—	1 0	0 2
		P.I. (9 and 13)	—	1 3	0 4	—	4	oz.	Terpinol	—	—	0 7	0 1
24	lb.	Syr. hemidesmi	—	1 3	0 4	—	30	lb.	Terra rosæ	3 9	1 2	0 4	—
72	lb.	Syr. hydrobrom. co. (Hewlett) ..	—	3 5	0 11	0 2	108	oz.	Tetronal	—	—	—	2 10
13	lb.	Syr. hypophos. co. B.P.C. ..	—	—	—	—	72	oz.	Thallii acetat S.I. (4)	—	—	—	1 8
		P.I. (9 and 13)	2 2	0 8	0 3	—	189	oz.	Thallii sulph. S.I. (4)	—	—	—	5 8
		Syr. hypophos. co. pkd. ..	—	—	—	—	56.3	6	Theelin ampoules 1.0 ..	6 3	per	box	—
		PI. (9. and 13)	—	1 0	3 ij.	0 8	56	6	Theelin in oil amps. ..	6 3	per 6	amps.	—
42	lb.	Syr. iodotannicus	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	90	20	Theelol capsules	10 0	—	—	—
32	lb.	Syr. ipecacuanhæ	—	1 6	0 5	—	15	oz.	Theobromina	—	—	2 3	0 4
22	lb.	Syr. limonis	3 6	1 0	0 4	—	28	oz.	Theobrominæ acetylsal. ..	—	—	4 1	0 7
18	lb.	Syr. marrubii	3 3	1 0	0 4	—	18	oz.	Theobrominæ-sod. acet. ..	—	—	2 8	0 5
40 5	12 oz.	Syr. minadex	—	1 9	0 6	—	13	oz.	Theobrominæ-sod. sal. ..	—	—	1 11	0 4
33	lb.	Syr. mori	5 6	1 9	0 6	—	22	oz.	Theobromin. et sodii benz. ..	—	—	3 3	0 7
22	lb.	Syr. papaveris albæ ..P.I. (9)	—	1 0	0 4	—	39	oz.	Theobromin. et sodii iod ..	—	—	5 9	0 10
18	lb.	Syr. picis liquidæ	—	1 0	0 4	—	24	oz.	Theobromin. salicyl	—	—	3 6	0 6
28	lb.	Syr. pini B.P.C.	—	1 4	0 5	—	144	oz.	Theocinæ-sod. acet.	—	—	—	3 0
36	lb.	Syr. pruni cerasi	—	1 9	0 6	—	58	50	Theominal tablets ..R only	doz.	2 1	—	—
13	lb.	Syr. pruni serot. ..P.I. (9)	—	0 8	0 3	—	90	oz.	Theophyllina	—	—	—	1 10
39	lb.	Syr. quinina hypophosphitis ..	—	2 0	0 7	—	78	oz.	Theophyllin.-sod. acet. ..	—	—	—	1 8
39	lb.	Syr. quinina iodidi	—	2 0	0 7	—	6	lb.	Theriaca	—	—	0 3	0 1
39	lb.	Syr. quinina phosph.	—	2 0	0 7	—	14	oz.	Thiocarbamide	—	—	2 0	0 4
17	lb.	Syr. rhamni	—	0 10	0 4	—	65	oz.	Thiocol.	—	—	—	1 7
30	lb.	Syr. rhamni frang.	—	1 6	0 5	—	43	6 oz.	Thiocol syrup	—	—	0 11	0 2
16	lb.	Syr. rhei	—	0 10	0 3	—	27	25	Thiocol tablets	doz.	1 8	—	—
16	lb.	Syr. rheados	2 8	0 10	0 4	—	28	oz.	Thioform	—	—	3 6	0 8
21	lb.	Syr. ribis nig.	—	1 0	0 4	0 1	60	oz.	Thiol	—	—	7 6	1 6
51	lb.	Syr. ribis rub.	—	2 6	0 8	0 2	30	gm.	Thiol. amino. methyl. glyox. hyd.	0 4	per	grain	—
63	lb.	Syr. robor. (Roberts) unstd. ..	—	2 3	0 7	0 2	36	oz.	Thiosinamina	—	—	5 3	0 9
			—	2 3	0 7	0 2	12	oz.	Thio-urea	—	—	1 9	0 3

Cost		Th—Ti	Selling Price				Cost		Ti	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
24	oz.	Thorii nitras pur.	—	—	3 6	0 6	90	lb.	Tr. condurango	—	3 1	0 11	0 2
18	lb.	Thus	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	8	oz.	Tr. conii S.I. (6)	—	—	1 2	0 2
13	oz.	Thymol	—	—	1 11	0 4	8	oz.	Tr. convallariæ	—	—	1 2	0 2
84	oz.	Thymol carbonas	—	—	12 4	1 0	120	lb.	Tr. coto	—	4 3	1 2	0 2
36	oz.	Thymol iodidum	—	—	5 3	0 9	17	oz.	Tr. croci	—	—	2 6	0 5
84	lb.	Thymotussin	—	3 3	0 10	—	9	oz.	Tr. cubebæ	—	—	1 4	0 3
42	oz.	Thyroideum	—	—	6 4	1 0	26	oz.	Tr. curcumæ	—	—	3 9	0 7
24	lb.	Tiliæ flores	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	86	lb.	Tr. cuspariæ	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
		Tincturæ					81	lb.	Tr. damianæ	—	2 10	0 11	0 2
74	lb.	Tr. aconiti S.I. (5)	—	2 8	0 9	0 2	10	oz.	Tr. daturæ sem. P.I. (10)	—	—	1 6	0 3
105	lb.	Tr. aconiti fort S.I. (5)	—	3 9	1 0	0 2	69	lb.	Tr. digitalis S.I. (5)	—	2 6	0 9	0 2
87	lb.	Tr. adonis vernalis	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	9	oz.	Tr. droseræ rot.	—	—	1 4	0 3
9	oz.	Tr. alii	—	—	1 4	0 3	102	lb.	Tr. ergotæ ammoniata S.I. (5)	—	3 8	1 0	0 2
48	lb.	Tr. aloes	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	7	oz.	Tr. eucalypti fol.	—	—	1 1	0 2
96	lb.	Tr. aloes co. B.P.C.	—	3 4	0 11	0 2	9	oz.	Tr. eucalypti gum.	—	—	1 4	0 3
57	lb.	Tr. ammoniæ co. B.P.C.	7 0	2 0	0 7	—	7	oz.	Tr. euonymi	—	—	1 1	0 2
75	lb.	Tr. anthemidis	—	2 8	0 9	0 2	10	oz.	Tr. euonymin. virid.	—	—	1 5	0 3
90	lb.	Tr. antiperiodica B.P.C. P.I. (9)	—	3 2	0 11	0 2	72	lb.	Tr. euphorbiæ	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
80	lb.	Tr. apocyni	—	2 10	0 10	0 2	54	lb.	Tr. ferri acetatis	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
46	lb.	Tr. arnicæ florum	5 9	1 8	0 6	0 1	21	lb.	Tr. ferri perchloridi	2 9	0 11	0 4	0 1
72	lb.	Tr. arnicæ radices	9 0	2 7	0 9	0 2	51	lb.	Tr. ferri pomati	—	1 10	0 6	0 1
78	lb.	Tr. asafetidæ	—	2 9	0 9	0 2	84	lb.	Tr. gallæ	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
276	lb.	Tr. aurantii	—	9 10	2 10	0 5	57	lb.	Tr. gelsemii P.I. (9)	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
282	lb.	Tr. aurantii dulcis	—	9 6	2 5	0 4	44	lb.	Tr. gentianæ co.	5 6	1 7	0 6	0 1
75	lb.	Tr. baptisæ	—	—	0 9	0 2	7	oz.	Tr. gossypii	—	—	1 1	0 2
66	lb.	Tr. belladonnæ P.I. (9)	—	2 4	0 8	0 2	7	oz.	Tr. grindeliæ	—	—	1 1	0 2
78	lb.	Tr. benzoini comp.	9 0	2 8	0 9	0 2	90	lb.	Tr. guaiaci	—	3 3	0 11	0 2
78	lb.	Tr. benzoini simp.	—	1 7	0 8	0 2	87	lb.	Tr. guaiaci ammoniata	—	3 2	0 10	0 2
98	lb.	Tr. berberidis	—	3 2	0 11	0 2	12	oz.	Tr. guaranæ	—	—	1 9	0 3
75	lb.	Tr. boldo	—	2 9	0 9	0 2	50	lb.	Tr. hamamelidis	—	1 9	0 7	0 1
68	lb.	Tr. bryoniæ	—	2 5	0 8	0 2	99	lb.	Tr. hellebori nigri	—	3 7	1 0	0 2
69	lb.	Tr. buchu	—	2 6	0 9	0 2	15	oz.	Tr. hibisci	—	—	2 3	0 4
96	lb.	Tr. calendulæ	—	3 4	0 11	0 2	108	lb.	Tr. hydrastis	—	4 0	1 1	0 2
60	lb.	Tr. calumbæ	—	2 2	0 7	0 1	69	lb.	Tr. hyoscyami P.I. (9)	—	2 5	0 8	0 2
48	lb.	Tr. camphotæ co. P.I. (9)	—	1 6	0 5	0 1	9	oz.	Tr. ignatiæ amaræ P.I. (9)	—	—	1 4	0 3
32	oz.	Tr. cannabis ind. D.D.	—	—	4 8	0 8	200	lb.	Tr. iodi ætherea	—	7 0	1 10	0 4
84	lb.	Tr. cantharidini S.I. (5)	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	36	lb.	Tr. ipecacuanhæ	—	1 4	0 4½	—
92	lb.	Tr. canthar. B.P. '98 S.I. (6)	—	3 3	0 11	0 2	8	oz.	Tr. ipecacuanhæ et opii D.D.	—	—	1 2	0 2
102	lb.	Tr. cantharidis acet. S.I. (6)	—	3 7	1 0	0 2	25	oz.	Tr. iridis	—	—	3 8	0 7
54	lb.	Tr. capsici	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	54	lb.	Tr. jaborandi P.I. (9)	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
96	lb.	Tr. capsici fortior B.P.C.	—	3 4	1 0	0 2	78	lb.	Tr. jalapæ	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
80	lb.	Tr. cardamomi	—	2 10	0 9	0 2	78	lb.	Tr. jalapæ co.	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
102	lb.	Tr. cardamomi arom.	—	3 8	1 0	0 2	72	lb.	Tr. kino	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
50	lb.	Tr. cardamomi co.	—	1 10	0 7	0 1	66	lb.	Tr. kolæ	—	2 4	0 8	0 2
108	lb.	Tr. carminativa	—	4 0	1 1	0 2	60	lb.	Tr. krameriæ	—	2 2	0 8	0 2
86	lb.	Tr. cascaræ	—	3 0	0 11	0 2	10	oz.	Tr. laricis	—	—	1 6	0 3
90	lb.	Tr. cascarillæ	—	3 2	0 11	0 2	87	lb.	Tr. lavandulæ co.	—	3 2	0 11	0 2
16	oz.	Tr. castorei	—	—	2 4	0 4	204	lb.	Tr. limonis	—	7 2	2 2	0 4
42	lb.	Tr. catechu	—	1 6	0 6	0 1	60	lb.	Tr. lobeliæ	—	2 2	0 7	0 1
102	lb.	Tr. caulophylli	—	3 8	1 0	0 2	84	lb.	Tr. lobeliæ ætherea	—	3 0	0 10	0 2
11	oz.	Tr. cerei B.P.C.	—	—	1 8	0 3	66	lb.	Tr. lupuli	—	2 4	0 9	0 2
60	lb.	Tr. chiratæ	—	2 2	0 7	0 1	14	oz.	Tr. lycopodii	—	—	2 0	0 4
69	lb.	Tr. chloroformi comp. P.I. (9)	—	2 6	0 9	0 2	7	oz.	Tr. maticæ	—	—	1 1	0 2
38	lb.	Tr. chlor. et morph. B.P.C. P.I. (9)	—	1 6	0 6	0 1	96	lb.	Tr. myrrhæ	—	3 5	1 0	0 2
156	lb.	Tr. chlorof. et morph. co. D.D.	—	—	1 9	0 3	81	lb.	Tr. myrrhæ co. B.P.C.	10 0	2 10	0 10	—
57	lb.	Tr. cimicifugæ	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	104	lb.	Tr. myrrhæ et boracis B.P.C.	—	3 9	1 0	0 2
66	lb.	Tr. cinchonæ	—	2 4	0 8	0 2	262	lb.	Tr. myrrhæ et boracis c. eau de Cologne P.L.F.	—	8 6	2 3	—
69	lb.	Tr. cinchonæ co.	—	2 5	0 8	0 2	46	lb.	Tr. nuc. vomicæ P.I. (9)	—	1 8	0 6	0 1
23	oz.	Tr. cinnamomi	—	—	3 5	0 6	72	lb.	Tr. opii D.D.	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
69	lb.	Tr. cinnamomi co.	—	2 5	0 9	0 2	69	lb.	Tr. opii B.P. '98 D.D.	—	2 6	0 9	0 2
84	lb.	Tr. cocæ D.D.	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	69	lb.	Tr. opii ammoniata P.I. (9)	—	2 6	0 9	0 2
15	oz.	Tr. cocci	—	—	2 3	0 4	54	lb.	Tr. opii aq. (1% morph.) D.D.	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
60	lb.	Tr. colchici P.I. (9)	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	102	lb.	Tr. opii deod. D.D.	—	3 9	1 0	0 2
68	lb.	Tr. colch. sem. B.P. '98 P.I. (10)	—	2 2	0 7	0 1	36	lb.	Tr. persionis B.P.C.	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
84	lb.	Tr. colchici cormi P.I. (10)	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	13	oz.	Tr. phosphori co. P.I. (9)	—	—	2 0	0 4
84	lb.	Tr. collinsoniæ canad.	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	108	lb.	Tr. podophylli	—	3 11	1 1	0 2
10	oz.	Tr. colocynthidis	—	—	1 6	0 3	93	lb.	Tr. podophylli ammoniata	—	3 0	0 10	0 2

Cost		Ti—Un Tinctura—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Un Unguenta—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
60	lb.	Tr. pruni serotinae	—	2 2	0 7	0 1	48	lb.	Ung. bismuthi oleat. B.P.C. ..	6 0	1 9	0 6	0 1
72	lb.	Tr. pulsatilla	—	2 7	0 9	0 2	28	lb.	Ung. boracis	3 6	1 0	0 4	—
84	lb.	Tr. pyrethri	—	2 10	0 11	0 2	51	lb.	Ung. cadini B.P.C.	—	2 0	0 7	—
86	lb.	Tr. pyrethri florum	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	11	oz.	Ung. cadmii iodidi	—	—	1 8	0 3
45	lb.	Tr. quassia	—	1 8	0 6	0 1	18	lb.	Ung. calamin. N.H.I.	2 3	0 8	0 3	—
45	lb.	Tr. quillaia	—	1 8	0 6	0 1	18	lb.	Ung. calaminae	2 3	0 8	0 3	0 1
250	lb.	Tr. quina	—	9 0	2 8	0 5	33	lb.	Ung. camphoræ B.P.C.	4 2	1 3	0 5	—
54	lb.	Tr. quinae ammoniata	6 9	2 0	0 7	0 1	63	lb.	Ung. cantharidini ..S.I.(5)	—	2 4	0 8	—
78	lb.	Tr. quin. ammon. c. cinnam. ..	—	2 9	0 10	0 2	57	lb.	Ung. cantharidis ..S.I.(6)	—	2 1	0 7	0 1
54	lb.	Tr. rhei co.	6 9	2 0	0 7	0 1	21	lb.	Ung. capsici	2 9	0 10	0 4	0 1
48	lb.	Tr. rhei '14	6 0	1 9	0 6	0 1	7	oz.	Ung. capsici Co.	—	—	1 2	0 2
7	oz.	Tr. rhus toxicod.	—	—	1 1	0 2	66	lb.	Ung. capsici fort	—	2 5	0 8	—
52	lb.	Tr. scilla	—	1 11	0 7	0 1	30	lb.	Ung. cetacei	3 9	1 1	0 4	—
72	lb.	Tr. senega	—	2 7	0 9	0 2	38	lb.	Ung. chaulmoogra	—	1 5	0 6	—
54	lb.	Tr. senna co. Alex.	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	20	lb.	Ung. chrom. (factory)	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
48	lb.	Tr. senna co. Tinnev.	—	1 9	0 6	0 1	28	lb.	Ung. chrysarobini	3 6	1 0	0 4	0 1
84	lb.	Tr. serpentaria	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	48	oz.	Ung. cocainæ D.D.	—	—	7 0	1 1
45	lb.	Tr. stramonii P.I.(9)	—	1 7	0 6	0 1	54	lb.	Ung. creosoti	—	2 0	0 7	—
64	lb.	Tr. stramonii sem. ..P.I.(9)	—	2 3	0 8	0 2	42	lb.	Ung. cupri oleatis	5 3	1 6	0 6	—
10	oz.	Tr. strophanthi S.I.(5)	—	—	1 6	0 3	72	lb.	Ung. elemi	—	2 7	0 9	0 2
7	oz.	Tr. sumbul	—	—	1 1	0 2	22	lb.	Ung. eucalypti	2 9	0 10	0 3	—
90	lb.	Tr. tolutana	—	3 2	0 11	0 2	16	lb.	Ung. flav. dil. 1-4	—	0 7	0 2	—
63	lb.	Tr. valeriana	—	2 4	0 8	0 2	26	lb.	Ung. gallæ	—	1 0	0 4	—
92	lb.	Tr. valeriana ætherea	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	54	lb.	Ung. gallæ c. opio ..S.I.(5)	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
54	lb.	Tr. valeriana ammoniata ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	48	lb.	Ung. glycer. et ichthamol "jelly"	6 0	1 9	0 6	—
87	lb.	Tr. veratri P.I.(9)	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	41	lb.	Ung. glycer. et zinc. "jelly"	5 2	1 6	0 5	—
7	oz.	Tr. viburni prunifol.	—	—	1 1	0 2	28	lb.	Ung. glyc. plumb. subac. P.I.(9)	—	1 0	0 4	—
84	lb.	Tr. zingiberis	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	69	lb.	Ung. hæmamol (D.F.)	—	2 2	0 7	0 1
90	lb.	Tr. zingiberis fort.	—	3 2	0 11	0 2	24	lb.	Ung. hamamelidis	3 0	0 11	0 4	—
72	lb.	Tonca fabæ Para frosted	—	2 7	0 9	0 2	28	Tu ^b e	Ung. histamine	3 6	per	tube	—
198	lb.	Tonca fabæ Angostura	—	7 0	2 1	0 4	54	lb.	Ung. hydrargyri.	6 9	2 0	0 7	—
36	oz.	Totaquina	—	—	5 3	0 9	24	lb.	Ung. hyd. ammoniati ..P.I.(9)	3 0	0 11	0 4	—
270	lb.	Tragacantha	—	9 8	2 10	—	22	lb.	Ung. hyd. ammoniati dil. P.I.(9)	2 9	0 10	0 3	—
288	lb.	Tragacanthæ pulv. opt.	—	10 3	3 0	0 5	48	lb.	Ung. hyd. co.	6 0	1 9	0 6	—
276	lb.	Tragacanthæ pulv. sec.	—	7 0	2 1	0 4	54	lb.	Ung. hyd. iodidi rubri ..S.I.(5)	6 9	2 0	0 7	—
42	oz.	Triferin	—	—	—	1 0	42	lb.	Ung. hyd. nitratis ..S.I.(5)	—	1 7	0 5	—
24	30	Triferin tablets gr. 5	doz.	1 3	—	—	24	lb.	Ung. hyd. nitratis dil.	3 0	0 11	0 3	—
8	oz.	Trinitrophenol P.I.(8)	—	—	1 2	0 2	38	lb.	Ung. hyd. oleatis ..S.I.(5)	4 9	1 5	0 5	—
10	lb.	Trinitrophenol 1% sol.	1 3	0 5	0 2	—	16	lb.	Ung. hyd. oxidi flavi ..P.I.(9)	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
21	lb.	Trinitrophenol alc. sol. P.I.(8)	2 6	0 10	0 3	—	36	lb.	Ung. hyd. oxidi rubri ..P.I.(9)	4 6	1 4	0 5	—
21	lb.	Tripoli photographic	2 8	0 9	0 3	—	48	lb.	Ung. hyd. subchloridi	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
10	lb.	Tripoli polishing	1 3	0 5	0 2	—	20	lb.	Ung. ichthamol	—	0 9	0 3	—
18	dr.	Trypsin	—	—	—	2 8	42	lb.	Ung. ichthamol. co. B.P.C. ..	—	1 6	0 6	0 1
34	oz.	Tumenol ammon.	—	—	—	0 8	33	lb.	Ung. iodi	—	1 3	0 5	0 1
		U					22	lb.	Ung. iodi denigrescens	—	0 10	0 3	—
39	lb.	Ulmī fulvæ cortex	—	1 5	0 5	—	24	lb.	Ung. iodi denigresc. N.H.I. ..	—	1 0	0 4	—
20	lb.	Ulmī fulvæ corticis pulv. ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	51	lb.	Ung. iodoformi	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
30	lb.	Ultramarine	3 9	1 2	0 4	—	30	lb.	Ung. lanæ co.	3 9	1 1	0 4	0 1
25	15	Unden pellets (100 units) ..	—	3 0	tube	—	48	lb.	Ung. menthol 5%	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
		Unguenta					39	lb.	Ung. mercuriale ("Trooper")	5 0	1 5	0 5	—
36	lb.	Unguentum acidi benzoici co. ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	24	lb.	Ung. metallorum B.P.C. ..	3 0	0 11	0 4	—
16	lb.	Ung. acidi borici	2 0	0 7	0 3	—	34	lb.	Ung. methyl salicyl.	—	1 3	0 5	0 1
14	lb.	Ung. acidi borici flavum	1 9	0 7	0 2	—	20	lb.	Ung. methyl salicyl. dil. ..	—	0 9	0 3	—
21	lb.	Ung. acidi salicylici	2 8	0 10	0 3	—	63	lb.	Ung. methyl salicyl. co. ..	—	2 4	0 8	0 2
48	lb.	Ung. ac. tannic	—	1 9	0 6	—	30	lb.	Ung. methyl salicyl. co. dil. ..	—	1 2	0 4	0 1
78	oz.	Ung. aconitinæ S.I.(9)	—	—	—	1 9	51	lb.	Ung. olei cadic	—	1 10	0 6	—
27	lb.	Ung. adipis lanæ co.	—	1 0	0 4	—	8	oz.	Ung. oleoresinæ capsici ..	—	—	1 2	0 2
22	lb.	Ung. adipis lanæ hydros. ..	2 9	0 10	0 3	—	9	oz.	Ung. oleoresinæ capsici co. ..	—	—	1 4	0 3
15	oz.	Ung. adrenalinī P.I.(9)	—	—	2 3	0 4	15	oz.	Ung. opii D.D.	—	—	2 3	0 4
30	lb.	Ung. althææ	3 9	1 2	0 4	—	16	lb.	Ung. paraf. alb.	2 0	0 7	0 2	—
33	lb.	Ung. anilin. vir. (1 : 1,000) ..	—	1 3	0 5	—	14	lb.	Ung. paraf. flav.	1 9	0 7	0 3	—
42	lb.	Ung. anilin. coccin. 5%	—	1 6	0 5	0 1	19	lb.	Ung. phenol. P.II.(9)	—	0 9	0 3	—
84	lb.	Ung. anilin. coccin. 8%	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	54	lb.	Ung. phenolis co.	—	2 1	0 7	—
63	lb.	Ung. antim. tart. ..S.I.(6)	7 10	2 3	0 8	—	21	lb.	Ung. picis carb.	2 8	0 10	0 3	—
84	lb.	Ung. aquæ rosæ	—	3 0	0 10	—	24	lb.	Ung. picis carb. co.	3 0	0 11	0 4	—
42	lb.	Ung. aquos	5 3	1 6	0 6	—	20	lb.	Ung. picis liq.	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
18	oz.	Ung. atropinæ S.I.(5)	—	—	2 8	0 5	42	lb.	Ung. pini sedat. (D.F.) ..	—	1 6	0 5	0 1
7	oz.	Ung. belladonnæ ..S.I.(5)	—	—	1 1	0 2	26	lb.	Ung. plumbi acetatis ..P.I.(9)	3 3	0 11	0 4	—

Cost		Un—Vi Unguenta—(cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Vi—Zi Vina—(cont.)	Selling Price			
d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.	d.	per		16 oz. s. d.	4 oz. s. d.	1 oz. s. d.	1 dr. s. d.
38	lb.	Ung. plumbi carb. ..	—	1 6	0 5	—	24	lb.	Vin. antimoniale ..P.I.(9)	—	0 11	0 4	—
78	lb.	Ung. plumbi iodidi ..	—	3 0	0 10	0 2	126	gal.	Vin. aurantii ..	pint	2 0	—	—
54	lb.	Ung. plumbi oleatis ..S.I.(5)	6 0	1 9	0 6	0 1	198	gal.	Vin. aurantii detan. ..	pint	3 3	0 4	—
24	lb.	Ung. plumbi subacetatis P.I.(9)	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	54	lb.	Vin. cinchonæ ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1
42	lb.	Ung. potass. polysulph. ..	—	1 6	0 6	—	66	lb.	Vin. cocæ ..	—	2 5	0 9	0 2
36	lb.	Ung. potassæ sulphuratæ ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	27	lb.	Vin. colchici ..	—	1 0	0 4	0 1
66	lb.	Ung. potassii iodidi ..	—	2 5	0 9	0 2	36	lb.	Vin. colchici sem. ..P.I.(9)	—	1 4	0 5	0 1
22	lb.	Ung. resinæ ..	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	30	lb.	Vin. ferri ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	—
33	lb.	Ung. resinæ co. B.P.C. ..	—	1 3	0 4	—	24	lb.	Vin. ferri citratis ..	3 0	1 0	0 4	—
38	lb.	Ung. resorcini B.P.C. ..	—	1 5	0 5	0 1	42	lb.	Vin. ipecacuanhæ '14 ..	—	1 6	0 5	—
30	lb.	Ung. resorcini co. B.P.C. ..	—	1 1	0 4	0 1	87	lb.	Vin. opii ..	—	3 2	0 11	0 2
63	lb.	Ung. resorcini et bismuthi co. B.P.C. ..	—	2 4	0 8	0 2	42	lb.	Vin. pepsini ..	6 4	1 10	0 7	—
72	lb.	Ung. rosæ album B.P.C. ..	—	2 7	0 9	—	20	lb.	Vin. quiniæ ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—
24	lb.	Ung. rusci co. ..	—	0 11	0 4	—	66	lb.	Vin. rhei ..	—	2 4	0 8	—
60	lb.	Ung. sabinæ ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	24	oz.	Viola Crystallina ..	—	—	—	0 6
42	lb.	Ung. sambuci flor. ..	5 3	1 6	0 5	0 1	30	oz.	Virid Nitens ..	per	gr.	0 2	0 9
30	lb.	Ung. sambuci viride ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	0 1			W				
18	lb.	Ung. simplex alb. ..	2 3	0 8	0 3	—	4.5	lb.	Waterglass, pkd. ..	2 lb.	0 10	4 lb.	1 4
16	lb.	Ung. simpl. flav. ..	—	0 7	0 2	—	8	lb.	Water softener P.L.F. ..	1 4	—	—	—
54	lb.	Ung. staphisagriæ ..	—	2 0	0 7	0 1	31	lb.	White oils P.L.F. ..	4 0	1 1	0 4	—
15	lb.	Ung. sulphuris ..	1 10	0 7	0 2	—			X				
21	lb.	Ung. sulphuris co. ..	2 9	0 10	0 3	—	57	oz.	Xeroform ..	—	—	—	1 5
28	lb.	Ung. sulphuris et resorcini ..	—	1 2	0 4	—	24	lb.	Xylol rectific. ..	—	1 0	0 4	—
10	oz.	Ung. sulphuris hypochloritis ..	—	—	1 6	0 3			Y				
60	lb.	Ung. sulphuris iodidi ..	—	2 2	0 8	0 2	4	oz.	Yeast (dried) ..	—	—	0 7	0 1
36	lb.	Ung. terebinthinæ ..	4 6	1 4	0 5	—	1	gr.	Yohimbine hydrochlor. S.I.(4)	per	gr.	0 4	—
90	lb.	Ung. thymol 5% ..	—	3 3	0 11	0 2	11	10	Yohimbine tablets ..S.I.(4)	per	tube	1 6	—
93	lb.	Ung. thymol co. B.P.C. ..	—	3 4	1 0	—			Z				
51	lb.	Ung. thymol comp. dilut. B.P.C. ..	—	2 9	0 7	—	33	lb.	Zinci acetat ..	—	1 3	0 5	0 1
10	oz.	Ung. veratrinæ ..S.I.(5)	—	—	1 6	0 3	15	oz.	Zinci benzoas ver. ..	—	—	2 3	0 4
16	lb.	Ung. zinci oxid. ..	2 0	0 7	0 2	—	11	oz.	Zinci bromidum ..	—	—	1 8	0 3
24	lb.	Ung. zinci c. ol. ricini ..	3 0	0 11	0 3	—	26	lb.	Zinci carbonas ..	—	1 0	0 4	0 1
20	lb.	Ung. zinci c. ac. borici ..	2 6	0 9	0 3	—	32	lb.	Zinci chloridum (fused) ..	4 0	1 2	0 4	0 1
45	lb.	Ung. zinci oleatis ..	5 9	1 8	0 6	0 1	13	oz.	Zinci chloridum (sticks) ..	—	—	1 11	0 4
45	lb.	Ung. zinci stearat. B.P.C. ..	—	1 9	0 6	—	14	lb.	Zinci chloridum coml. ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
102	oz.	Uradal B.P.C. ..	—	—	14 10	2 2	33	oz.	Zinci et hydrarg. cyan. S.I.(4)	—	—	4 10	0 9
26	oz.	Uranii acetat ..	—	—	3 9	0 7	24	oz.	Zinci iodidum ..	—	—	3 6	0 6
24	oz.	Uranii nitrates ..	—	—	3 6	0 6	12	oz.	Zinci lactas ..	—	—	1 9	0 3
24	lb.	Urea ..	—	0 11	0 4	0 1	48	lb.	Zinci oleas præcip. ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
24	oz.	Ureæ hydrochlor. ..	—	—	3 6	0 6	51	lb.	Zinci oleostearas ..	—	1 10	0 7	0 1
18	oz.	Urethanum ..R only	—	—	2 8	0 5	14	lb.	Zinci oxidum ..	1 9	0 7	0 2	—
36	oz.	Urotropin ..	—	—	5 3	0 11	66	lb.	Zinci oxidum (Howards) ..	—	2 5	0 9	—
18	lb.	Uvæ ursi folia ..	—	0 8	0 3	—	19	lb.	Zinci oxidum (Hubbuck) ..	2 5	0 9	0 3	—
		V					12	lb.	Zinci oxid. c. amylo ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
87	lb.	Valerianæ rhizoma Ang. ..	—	3 2	0 10	0 2	12	lb.	Zinci oxid. c. amylo et ac. bor. ..	1 6	0 6	0 2	—
13	lb.	Valerianæ rhizoma Belg. ..	—	0 6	0 2	—	14	oz.	Zinci permanganas ..	—	—	2 3	0 4
103	oz.	Validol ..	—	—	—	3 6	15	oz.	Zinci peroxidum 20% ..	—	—	2 3	0 5
43	100	Validol perles ..	doz.	0 9	—	—	42	lb.	Zinci phosphas ..	—	1 6	0 5	0 1
43	25	Valyl perles gr. 2 ..	doz.	2 9	—	—	15	oz.	Zinci phosphidum ..	—	—	2 3	0 4
45	oz.	Vanillæ fabæ ..	—	—	6 4	0 11	48	lb.	Zinci stearas ..	—	1 9	0 6	0 1
26	oz.	Vanillinum ..	—	—	3 9	0 7	12	oz.	Zinci sulphanilas ..	—	—	1 9	0 3
189	12 v.	Ventriculin ..	12	vials	21 0	—	10	lb.	Zinci sulphas ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
122	100 gr	Ventriculin with iron ..	100	grs.	13 6	—	7	lb.	Zinci sulphas coml. ..	0 10	0 4	0 1½	—
67.5	50	Ventron. caps ..	8 0	for	50	—	8	oz.	Zinci sulphidum pur. ..	—	—	1 1	0 2
98	oz.	Veramon ..R only	—	—	—	2 3	39	lb.	Zinci sulphocarb. pulv. ..	—	1 5	0 5	0 1
126	100	Veramon tablets gr. 6 ..R only	doz.	2 0	—	—	16	oz.	Zinci tannas ..	—	—	2 4	0 4
19	lb.	Veratri alb. rhiz. pulv. ..S.I.(4)	—	0 9	0 3	—	20	oz.	Zinci valerianas pulv. ..	—	—	3 0	0 6
60	lb.	Veratri virid. rhiz. pulv. S.I.(4)	—	2 3	0 8	0 2	38	lb.	Zincum granulatatum pur. ..	—	1 4	0 5	—
24	dr.	Veratrina ..S.I.(4)	—	—	—	3 6	13	lb.	Zincum granulatatum coml. ..	1 7	0 7	0 2	—
36	oz.	Veronal ..R only	—	—	—	0 9	10	lb.	Zingiberis rhizoma Afric. ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
22	25	Veronal tablets, gr. 5 ..R only	doz.	1 6	—	—	11	lb.	Zingib. rhiz. Afric. pulv. ..	1 5	0 5	0 2	—
36	oz.	Veronal, sodium ..R only	—	—	—	0 9	10	lb.	Zingib. rhiz. Afric. pulv. crs. ..	1 3	0 5	0 2	—
18	10	Veronal sodium tabs. ..R only	doz.	2 0	—	—	36	lb.	Zingib. rhiz. Jam. opt. ..	4 6	1 4	0 6	—
		Vina					30	lb.	Zingib. rhiz. Jam. pulv. opt. ..	3 9	1 1	0 4	0 1
39	lb.	Vinum aloes ..	—	1 5	0 5	—	32	oz.	Zircon nit. ..	—	—	4 8	0 8

AMPOULES	Cost per doz. d.	Sell per doz. s. d.	Cost per doz. d.	Sell per doz. s. d.	Cost d.	per	CAPSULES	Selling Price			
								s.	d.	s.	d.
Acetyl choline 0.05	40	5 0	—	—	270	1,000	Caps. apiol. M3	36	2 0	24	1 4
Acetyl choline 0.1	48	6 0	—	—	381	1,000	Caps. apiol. M5	36	2 6	24	1 9
Adrenalin P.I. (8)	18	2 3	34	4 3	468	1,000	Caps. apiol et ext. erg. .S.I. (6)	36	3 0	24	2 0
Apomorphinæ hydroch. gr. $\frac{1}{20}$.. S.I. (6)	18	2 3	34	4 3	326	1,000	Caps. apiol, steel et pulegii M5	36	2 1	24	1 6
Atropinæ sulph. gr. $\frac{1}{100}$.. P.I. (13)	18	2 3	34	4 3	180	1,000	Caps. benzyl benz. M3 ..	36	1 6	24	1 1
Benzamin. hyd. gr. $\frac{1}{6}$, adrenalin. gr. $\frac{1}{1000}$ P.I. (13)	18	2 3	34	4 3	141	1,000	Caps. Blaudii gr. 10	36	1 3	24	1 0
Bismuth. 0.2 gm.	30	3 9	52	6 6	174	1,000	Caps. Blaudii gr. 15	36	1 5	24	1 1
Bismuth. salicyl. 1.2 c.c.	26	3 3	46	5 9	129	1,000	Caps. Blaudii pil. gr. 5 ..	36	1 1	24	0 11
Caffein. sod.-sal. gr. 3	18	2 3	34	4 3	153	1,000	Caps. Blaudii pil. (5) et hæmo- glob. (3)	36	1 3	24	1 0
Caffein. sodii benz. 3.75	18	2 3	34	4 3	153	1,000	Caps. Blaudii pil. (5) et ac. arsenios ($\frac{1}{50}$) S.I. (6)	36	1 3	24	1 0
Camph. in ol. olivæ gr. $\frac{1}{2}$, gr. 3 ..	18	2 3	34	4 3	153	1,000	Caps. Blaudii pil. (5) et ac. arsenios, et strych. .. S.I. (6)	36	1 3	24	1 0
Camphor, æther, ol. oliv.	26	3 3	48	6 0	186	1,000	Caps. Blaudii pil. (10) et ext. casc. sag. (1)	36	1 6	24	1 1
Choline hyd. 0.1 c.c.	46	5 9	—	—	186	1,000	Caps. carbon tetrachlor. 1 c.c. ..	36	2 0	24	1 6
Cocain. hydroch. gr. $\frac{1}{4}$, gr. $\frac{1}{8}$, gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.. D.D.	18	2 3	34	4 3	276	1,000	Caps. carbon tetrachlor. 2 c.c. ..	36	2 9	24	1 11
Cocain. hydroch. gr. $\frac{1}{4}$	18	2 3	34	4 3	402	1,000	Caps. casc. sag. ext. liq. M20 ..	36	1 6	24	1 1
adrenalin. gr. $\frac{1}{1000}$ D.D.	18	2 3	34	4 3	192	1,000	Caps. casc. sag. ext. liq. M30 ..	36	1 8	24	1 2
Cocain. hydroch. gr. $\frac{1}{8}$	18	2 3	34	4 3	222	1,000	Caps. casc. sag. ext. liq. M60 ..	36	2 5	24	1 8
adrenalin. gr. $\frac{1}{600}$ D.D.	18	2 3	34	4 3	357	1,000	Caps. cinnam. et quin.	36	1 10	24	1 3
Digitalin. gr. $\frac{1}{10}$ S.I. (6)	22	2 9	30	5 0	252	1,000	Caps. colch. sal. gr. $\frac{1}{250}$ S.I. (6)	36	2 1	24	1 6
Emetinæ hydroch. gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ S.I. (6)	30	3 9	52	6 6	252	1,000	Caps. colch. sal. gr. $\frac{1}{50}$ S.I. (6)	36	3 0	24	2 0
Emetin. hydroch. gr. 1 S.I. (6)	42	5 3	78	9 6	390	1,000	Caps. copaibæ (Maran.) M5 ..	36	1 7	24	1 1
Ephedrine sulph. gr. $\frac{3}{4}$ P.I. (13)	22	2 9	40	5 0	210	1,000	Caps. copaibæ (Maran.) M10 ..	36	1 10	24	1 3
Ergometrine S.I. (6)	32	4 0	64	8 0	246	1,000	Caps. copaibæ (Maran.) M15 ..	36	2 2	24	1 7
Ergotoxin. ethanesulph. 0.5 mg. .. S.I. (6)	30	3 9	52	6 6	333	1,000	Caps. cop., cub. et buch. M10	36	2 6	24	1 9
Ergotoxin. phosphate 0.5 mg. .. S.I. (6)	30	3 9	52	6 6	372	1,000	Caps. cop., cub. et ol. santali M10	36	2 8	24	1 9
Ethyl chaulmoogratiss 2 c.c.	27	3 9	56	7 0	396	1,000	Caps. creos. in oleo M1 P.I.	36	1 2	24	0 11
Ethyl morrhuate	24	3 0	23	5 8	129	1,000	(10 or 13)	36	1 3	24	0 11
Ethyl hydnocarpate with creosote, camph., olive oil E.C.C.O.	22	2 9	40	5 0	141	1,000	Caps. creos. in oleo M2 P.I.	36	1 3	24	0 11
Extract. ergotæ gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ S.I. (6)	18	2 3	34	4 3	174	1,000	(10 or 13)	36	1 6	24	1 1
Extract. ergotæ gr. $\frac{3}{2}$ S.I. (6)	26	3 3	48	6 0	384	1,000	Caps. ergotæ ext. gr. 3 S.I. (6)	36	2 6	24	1 9
Extract. ergotæ gr. 7 S.I. (6)	40	5 3	78	9 6	207	1,000	Caps. filicis maris M5	36	1 8	24	1 2
Ext. pituitary liq. 0.5 P.I. (13)	30	3 9	56	7 0	306	1,000	Caps. filicis maris M10 ..	36	2 3	24	1 6
Ext. pituitary liq. 1.0 P.I. (13)	48	6 0	88	11 0	414	1,000	Caps. filicis maris M15 ..	36	3 2	24	1 9
Ferri et ammon. cit. vir. gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	18	2 3	34	4 3	483	1,000	Caps. filicis maris M20 ..	36	3 1	24	2 3
Glucosi 2 fl. oz. for 1 pt.	16	2 0	—	—	666	1,000	Caps. filicis maris M30 ..	36	4 1	24	2 10
Gum saline conc. 50 c.c.	20	2 6	each	—	156	1,000	Caps. guaicol. in oleo M1 ..	36	1 3	24	1 0
Hyoscin. hydrobr. gr. $\frac{1}{100}$ P.I. (13)	18	2 0	34	4 3	204	1,000	Caps. guaicol. in oleo M2 ..	36	1 8	24	1 2
Indigo carmine 0.4 per cent.	32	4 0	60	7 6	309	1,000	Caps. guaicol. in oleo M5 ..	36	2 1	24	1 6
Iodi, boxes of 6	10	1 6	—	—	168	1,000	Caps. hæmoglobin. gr. 3 ..	36	1 4	24	1 0
Manganese butyrate 1.5 c.c.	32	4 0	60	7 6	192	1,000	Caps. hæmoglobin. gr. 5 ..	36	1 7	24	1 2
Mercurial cream M10	20	2 6	36	4 6	38	100	Caps. halibut oil M3	—	—	25	1 9
Morph. hydroch. gr. $\frac{1}{8}$, gr. $\frac{1}{4}$, gr. $\frac{1}{2}$, gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ D.D.	20	2 6	38	4 9	336	1,000	Caps. lecithin. gr. 2½	36	2 4	24	1 7
Morph. hydroch. gr. $\frac{1}{4}$	20	2 6	38	4 9	450	1,000	Caps. lecithin. (1½)etparaf.liq.(30)	36	2 11	24	2 0
atropin. sulph. gr. $\frac{1}{200}$ D.D.	20	2 6	38	4 9	486	500	Caps. menthol valer. M5 ..	36	5 7	24	3 8
Ol. cinerei (grey oil) $\frac{1}{2}$ c.c.	18	2 3	34	4 3	132	1,000	Caps. ol. cajuputi M1	36	1 2	24	0 11
Peptoni 7½% 1.5 c.c.	30	3 9	56	7 0	162	1,000	Caps. ol. caryophylli M2 ..	36	1 4	24	1 1
Pilocarpin. nit. gr. $\frac{1}{4}$ S.I. (6)	22	2 9	40	5 0	174	1,000	Caps. ol. chaulmoogræ M5 ..	36	1 6	24	1 1
Pituitrin $\frac{1}{2}$ c.c. P.I. (13)	—	4 6	—	8 0	246	1,000	Caps. ol. chaulmoogræ M10 ..	36	1 6	24	1 1
Pituitrin 1 c.c. P.I. (13)	—	7 6	—	14 0	540	1,000	Caps. ol. chenopodii M5 ..	36	3 4	24	2 4
Quinine urethane 2 c.c.	22	2 9	40	5 0	228	1,000	Caps. ol. cinnamomi M1 ..	36	1 8	24	1 3
Scopolamin. hydrobr. gr. $\frac{1}{100}$	18	2 3	34	4 3	348	1,000	Caps. ol. cinnamomi M2 ..	36	2 4	24	1 8
morph. acet. gr. $\frac{1}{4}$ D.D.	18	2 3	34	4 3	270	1,000	Caps. ol. methylene Blue gr. 2	36	2 0	24	1 6
Sodii cacodyl. gr. $\frac{1}{2}$, gr. $\frac{5}{8}$ S.I. (6)	18	2 3	34	4 3	162	1,000	Caps. ol. morrhua M10	36	1 4	24	1 1
Sodii cacodyl. gr. $\frac{1}{8}$, ferri cac. gr. $\frac{1}{8}$.. S.I. (6)	22	2 9	40	5 0	258	1,000	Caps. ol. morrhua M15 ..	36	2 0	24	1 5
Strophanthin. gr. $\frac{1}{500}$ S.I. (6)	18	2 3	34	4 3	274	1,000	Caps. ol. morrhua M20 ..	36	2 4	24	1 8
Strychnin. sulph. gr. $\frac{1}{60}$, gr. $\frac{1}{30}$.. S.I. (6)	18	2 3	34	4 3	321	1,000	Caps. ol. morrhua M30 ..	36	2 4	24	1 8
Symmetrical ureas S.U.M. 36 (0.01 gm.) ..	30	4 6	64	8 0	276	1,000	Caps. ol. morrhua (20)et creosot.(1)	36	2 0	24	1 4
Symmetrical ureas S.U.P. 36 (0.01 gm.) ..	30	4 6	64	8 0	360	1,000	Caps. ol. morrh. (30)et creosot.(2)	36	2 4	24	1 8
Symmetrical ureas S.U.P. 468 (0.01 gm.) ..	60	7 6	—	—	246	1,000	Caps. ol. olivæ M15	36	1 9	24	1 3
Tetraiodophthalein T.I.P. 3.5 gm. 28 c.c. ..	22	2 9	each	—	348	1,000	Caps. ol. olivæ M30	36	2 4	24	1 8
Thiosinamin.-sod. sal. 2.3 c.c.	42	5 3	76	9 6	222	1,000	Caps. ol. ricini M15	36	1 7	24	1 2
					300	1,000	Caps. ol. ricini M30	36	1 10	24	1 5

Cost		Capsules (cont.)	Selling Price				Cost		Tablets (cont.)	Selling Price (in containers)		
d.	per		s.	d.	s.	d.	d.	per		100 s. d.	50 s. d.	25 s. d.
396	1,000	Caps. ol. ricini $\mathbb{M}$ 60	36	2 8	24	1 10						
264	500	Caps. ol. santali $\mathbb{M}$ 5	36	3 3	24	2 3	51	1,000	Blaud pil. (5) et ac. arsen. ($\frac{1}{100}$) S.I. (6)	1 6	1 1	0 9
345	500	Caps. ol. santali $\mathbb{M}$ $\frac{7}{2}$	36	4 1	24	2 10	63	1,000	Blaud pil. (5) ac. arsenios. ($\frac{1}{100}$) strychninæ ($\frac{1}{100}$) S.I. (6)	1 6	1 1	0 9
492	500	Caps. ol. santali $\mathbb{M}$ 10	36	5 9	24	3 9	51	1,000	Blaud pil. (5) aloin. ($\frac{1}{20}$)	1 6	1 1	0 9
456	1,000	Caps. ol. santali (5) c. copaiba (5)	36	2 11	24	2 0	54	1,000	Blaud pil. (5) et casc. sag. ($\frac{1}{2}$)	1 4	0 11	0 8
129	1,000	Caps. ol. terebinthinæ rect. $\mathbb{M}$ 5	36	1 2	24	0 11	84	1,000	Blaud pil. mang. diox. (1) ac. arsen. ($\frac{1}{64}$) S.I. (6)	1 7	1 1	0 9
168	1,000	Caps. ol. terebinthinæ rect. $\mathbb{M}$ 10	36	1 5	24	1 1	99	1,000	Caffeinæ citratis gr. 2	2 0	1 3	0 11
150	1,000	Caps. perichthol. $\mathbb{M}$ 3	36	1 3	24	1 0	102	500	Calcii acetylsalicylatis	3 6	2 0	1 2
180	1,000	Caps. perichthol. $\mathbb{M}$ 5	36	1 6	24	1 1	45	1,000	Calcii lactatis gr. 5	1 2	0 10	0 7
143	1,000	Caps. picis $\mathbb{M}$ 5	36	1 6	24	0 11	51	1,000	Calcii sulphid. ad gr. 1	1 3	0 11	0 7
228	1,000	Caps. syr. East. $\mathbb{M}$ 30 .. S.I. (6)	36	1 9	24	1 2	38	1,000	Carbonis lig. (salicis) gr. 5	1 2	0 10	0 7
321	1,000	Caps. syr. East. $\mathbb{Z}$ j. .. S.I. (6)	36	2 3	24	1 6	39	1,000	Cascaræ sag. ext. gr. 2	1 2	0 9	0 6
228	1,000	Caps. syr. glycerophosph. co. $\mathbb{M}$ 30 P.I. (10 or 13)	36	1 9	24	1 2	75	1,000	Cascaræ sag. ext. gr. 3	1 8	1 1	0 7
324	1,000	Caps. syr. glycerophosph. co. $\mathbb{Z}$ j. P.I. (10 or 13)	36	2 3	24	1 7	111	1,000	Cascaræ sag. ext. gr. 5	2 3	1 4	0 11
228	1,000	Caps. syr. hypo. co. $\mathbb{M}$ 30 P.I. (13)	36	1 9	24	1 2	39	1,000	Cerevisiæ ferm. gr. 2	1 0	0 10	0 6
324	1,000	Caps. syr. hypo. co. $\mathbb{Z}$ j. P.I. (13)	36	2 3	24	1 7	51	1,000	Cerevisiæ ferm. gr. 5	1 2	0 11	0 7
147	1,000	Caps. terebeni	36	1 6	24	1 4	273	1,000	Cinchophenum gr. 5 R only	4 5	2 4	1 4
222	1,000	Caps. tinct. quininæ am. $\mathbb{M}$ 30	36	1 9	24	1 2	120	1,000	Cinnam. et quin.	2 3	1 8	1 1
321	1,000	Caps. tinct. quininæ am. $\mathbb{Z}$ j. ..	36	2 3	24	1 8	309	1,000	Codeinæ gr. $\frac{1}{4}$ D.D.	—	2 6	1 6
Cost		TABLETS	Selling Price (in containers)				Cost		Tablets (cont.)	Selling Price (in containers)		
d.	per		100 s. d.	50 s. d.	25 s. d.		d.	per		100 s. d.	50 s. d.	25 s. d.
51	1,000	Acetanilidi gr. 3 .. P.I. (13)	1 3	0 10	0 7	297	500	Codeinæ gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ D.D.	—	3 10	2 2	
63	1,000	Acetanilidi gr. 5 .. P.I. (13)	1 5	1 1	0 9	276	250	Codeinæ gr. 1 D.D.	—	6 6	3 6	
63	1,000	Acetanilidi co. .. P.I. (13)	1 5	0 11	0 7	246	1,000	Codeinæ phosphatis gr. $\frac{1}{4}$.. D.D.	—	2 1	1 3	
72	1,000	Acetanilidi (3) caffein. ($\frac{1}{2}$) ammon. carb. (1) .. P.I. (13)	1 6	1 1	0 9	228	500	Codeinæ phosphatis gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.. D.D.	—	3 2	1 10	
72	1,000	Acetanilidi (3) caffein. ($\frac{1}{2}$) sod. bic. (1) P.I. (13)	1 6	1 1	0 9	216	250	Codeinæ phosphatis gr. 1 .. D.D.	—	5 2	2 9	
63	1,000	Acidi arseniosi gr. $\frac{1}{100}$.. S.I. (6)	1 6	1 1	0 9	225	500	Cotamin. hydrochl. gr. $\frac{3}{4}$.. S.I. (6)	—	4 0	2 6	
63	1,000	Acidi arseniosi gr. $\frac{1}{50}$.. S.I. (6)	1 6	1 1	0 9	225	500	Cotamin. phthal. gr. $\frac{3}{4}$.. S.I. (6)	—	4 0	2 6	
75	1,000	Aloes et ferri gr. 4	1 9	1 1	0 9	69	1,000	Cretæ arom. pulv. gr. 5	1 8	1 1	0 9	
87	1,000	Aloes et myrrhæ	1 11	1 2	0 9	75	1,000	Cretæ arom. c. op. gr. 5	1 9	1 1	0 9	
75	1,000	Aloini gr. $\frac{1}{4}$	1 9	1 1	0 9	216	1,000	Diamorph. hyd. gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.. D.D.	3 8	2 0	1 2	
75	1,000	Aloini gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	1 9	1 1	0 9	162	1,000	Diamorph. hyd. gr. $\frac{1}{4}$.. D.D.	2 11	1 9	1 1	
63	1,000	Aloini co.	1 4	1 0	0 7	180	1,000	Digitalin. amorph. $\frac{1}{100}$.. S.I. (6)	3 3	2 0	1 2	
246	1,000	Amidopyrinæ gr. 5 .. R only	4 1	2 3	1 3	126	1,000	Digitalis fol. gr. 1 .. S.I. (6)	2 8	—	—	
63	1,000	Ammonii bromidi gr. 5	1 5	1 0	0 7	96	1,000	Doveri pulv. gr. 5 .. S.I. (6)	2 0	1 2	0 10	
63	1,000	Antacid (Roberts)	1 6	1 1	0 9	60	25	Emetin. bism. iod. gr. 1 .. S.I. (6)	—	—	6 9	
38	1,000	Aspirin gr. 5	1 2	0 9	0 6	87	1,000	Ephedrinæ hydrochloridi gr. $\frac{1}{4}$ P.I. (13)	2 0	—	0 10	
105	1,000	Aspirin gr. 10	2 0	1 4	0 11	150	1,000	Ephedrinæ hydrochloridi gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ P.I. (13)	3 0	—	1 0	
108	1,000	Aspirin (4) et caffein. (1)	2 0	1 3	0 10	312	1,000	Ergotæ ext. gr. 2	4 8	2 8	1 6	
75	1,000	Aspirin (2 $\frac{1}{2}$) et phenac. (2 $\frac{1}{2}$)	1 7	1 0	0 8	432	1,000	Ergotæ ext. gr. 3 .. S.I. (6)	6 2	3 4	1 10	
120	1,000	Aspirin (2 $\frac{1}{2}$) et phenac. (2 $\frac{1}{2}$) et caffein. (1)	2 4	1 6	0 11	270	1,000	Ferri alginatis gr. 5	3 6	1 11	1 2	
111	1,000	Aspirin compound N.I.F. P.I. (13)	2 3	1 4	0 10	69	1,000	Ferri redact. gr. 3	1 9	1 1	0 9	
93	1,000	Aspirin (3) et pulv. ipec. co. (2) P.I. (13)	2 0	1 3	0 9	72	1,000	Ferri carb. sacch. gr. 5	1 6	1 0	0 9	
171	1,000	Aspirin (4) et quininæ sulphatis (1)	3 0	1 9	1 1	57	1,000	Formaldehy. B.P.C. gr. 15	—	1 1	—	
246	1,000	Barbitoni gr. 5 R only	4 1	2 4	1 4	57	1,000	Formaldehy. et cinnam. gr. 12	—	1 1	—	
273	1,000	Barbitoni solubile gr. 5 .. R only	4 5	2 6	1 6	96	1,000	Fuci ext. gr. 4	2 0	1 2	0 10	
186	1,000	Benzonaphthol gr. 5	3 3	1 10	1 2	108	1,000	Fuci ext. gr. 5	2 0	1 3	0 10	
87	1,000	Beta-naphthol gr. 3	1 11	1 2	0 9	126	1,000	Galbani pil. co. gr. 4	2 8	1 9	1 1	
111	1,000	Beta-naphthol gr. 5	2 3	1 4	0 11	75	1,000	Glycyrrh. pulv. co. gr. 30	—	(40) 10	—	
87	1,000	Beta-naphthol co.	1 11	1 2	0 9	96	1,000	Guaiaeci resinæ gr. 5	1 11	1 2	0 10	
69	1,000	Bismuthated magnesia	—	1 1	—	75	1,000	Guaiaeci resinæ (3) sulph. (3)	1 8	1 1	0 10	
162	1,000	Bismuthi carbonatis gr. 5	2 10	1 8	1 1	194	1,000	Guaiaecol. carbonatis gr. 5	3 1	1 9	1 1	
99	1,000	Bismuthi carb. (2 $\frac{1}{2}$) et sod. bic. (2 $\frac{1}{2}$)	2 0	1 2	0 9	90	1,000	Hæmoglobin. co.	1 11	1 2	0 10	
99	1,000	Bism. carb. (2) sod. bic. (2) p. zingib. (1)	2 0	1 2	0 9	57	1,000	Hexaminæ gr. 5	1 4	0 11	0 8	
99	1,000	Bismuthi carb. (2) sod. bic. (1 $\frac{1}{2}$) p. zingib. ($\frac{1}{2}$) p. rhei (1)	2 0	1 2	0 9	33	1,000	Hydrargyri c. creta gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	1 0	0 9	0 7	
111	1,000	Bismuthi carb. (2) pepsin. (1) carb. lig. (2)	2 3	1 4	0 10	33	1,000	Hydrargyri c. creta gr. 1	1 0	0 9	0 7	
150	1,000	Bismuthi salicylatis gr. 5	2 10	1 7	1 0	48	1,000	Hydrargyri c. creta gr. 2	1 2	0 10	0 8	
35	1,000	Bismuthi subnitratris gr. 5	2 6	1 6	0 11	126	1,000	Hyd. c. cret. (1) et p. ipec. co. (1)	2 0	1 2	0 11	
51	1,000	Blaud pil. gr. 5	1 4	0 11	0 8	36	1,000	Hydrargyri c. creta ($\frac{1}{2}$) sod. bic. ($\frac{1}{2}$)	1 1	0 9	0 7	
Cost		Selling Price (in containers)					Cost		Selling Price (in containers)			
d.	per	100 s. d.	50 s. d.	25 s. d.		138	1,000	Hydrargyri subchloridi gr. 5	2 6	1 6	1 0	

Cost		Tablets (cont.)	Selling Price (in containers)			Cost		HYPODERMIC TABLETS (Tubes of ten tablets)	Sell	
d.	per		100 s. d.	50 s. d.	25 s. d.	d.	per		per	s. d.
180	1,000	Hyoscine hydrobr. gr. $\frac{1}{100}$.. S.I. (6)	3 3	1 9	1 1	63	doz.	Adrenalin gr. $\frac{1}{200}$.. P.I. (13)	tube	0 10
144	1,000	Hyoscine hydrobr. gr. $\frac{1}{200}$.. S.I. (6)	2 8	1 7	0 11	99	doz.	Apomorphine hydrochloride gr. $\frac{1}{10}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	1 6
57	1,000	Iodised throat	—	1 1	—	54	doz.	Atropine sulphate gr. $\frac{1}{100}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	0 9
300	1,000	Lactic. bacilli	4 10	2 10	1 8	75	doz.	Caffeine sodio-salic. gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	tube	1 0
147	1,000	Lithii carbonatis gr. 5	2 10	1 8	1 1	111	doz.	Cocaine hydrochloride gr. $\frac{1}{4}$.. D.D.	tube	1 8
147	1,000	Lithii citratis gr. 5	2 10	1 8	1 1	150	doz.	Cocaine hydrochloride gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.. D.D.	tube	2 3
252	1,000	Lithii citratis eff. gr. 5 in gr. 15 ..	4 1	2 10	1 4	63	doz.	Diamorphine hydrochloride gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.. D.D.	tube	1 0
173	500	Methylsulphonat. gr. 5 .. R only	5 7	3 1	1 9	69	doz.	Diamorphine hydrochloride gr. $\frac{1}{8}$.. D.D.	tube	1 1
63	1,000	Nitroglyc. gr. $\frac{1}{100}$, $\frac{1}{300}$, $\frac{1}{200}$ P.I. (13)	1 6	1 1	0 9	57	doz.	Digitalin gr. $\frac{1}{100}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	1 0
240	1,000	Ox bile (purif.) gr. 5	4 1	2 3	1 3	63	doz.	Hyoscine hydrobromide gr. $\frac{1}{200}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	1 0
132	1,000	Pepsini gr. 2½ (coated)	2 6	1 6	0 11	75	doz.	Morphine sulphate gr. $\frac{1}{8}$.. D.D.	tube	1 2
81	1,000	Phenacetin gr. 5	1 8	1 0	0 9	75	doz.	Morphine sulphate gr. $\frac{1}{4}$.. D.D.	tube	1 2
159	1,000	Phenacetin, quin., caffeine.	2 10	1 8	1 1	75	doz.	Morphine sulphate gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.. D.D.	tube	1 2
87	1,000	Phenacetin (4) et caff. cit. (1) ..	1 8	1 2	0 9	105	doz.	Morphine sulphate gr. $\frac{1}{2}$.. D.D.	tube	1 7
180	1,000	Phenazoni gr. 5	3 1	1 9	1 1	75	doz.	Morph. sulph. (½) et atrop. sulph. ($\frac{1}{200}$) D.D.	tube	1 2
156	1,000	Phenazoni (4) et caff. cit. (1) ..	2 9	1 7	1 0	75	doz.	Morph. sulph. (½) et atrop. sulph. ($\frac{1}{200}$) D.D.	tube	1 2
54	1,000	Phenolphthaleini gr. 1	1 4	0 11	0 7	75	doz.	Morph. sulph. (½) et atrop. sulph. ($\frac{1}{200}$) D.D.	tube	1 2
60	1,000	Phenolphthaleini gr. 2	1 4	1 0	0 8	75	doz.	Morph. sulph. (½) et atrop. sulph. ($\frac{1}{200}$) D.D.	tube	1 2
87	1,000	Phenolphthaleini gr. 5	1 6	1 2	0 9	87	doz.	Morph. su. ph. (½) et atrop. sulph. ($\frac{1}{200}$) D.D.	tube	1 4
51	1,000	Potassii bicarbonatis gr. 5	1 3	1 0	0 7	81	doz.	Morphine tartrate gr. $\frac{1}{8}$.. D.D.	tube	1 2
57	1,000	Potassii bromidi gr. 5	1 3	1 0	0 8	93	doz.	Morphine tartrate gr. $\frac{1}{4}$.. D.D.	tube	1 4
16	1,000	Potassii chloratis gr. 5	0 9	0 7	0 6	57	doz.	Physostigmine salicylate gr. $\frac{1}{100}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	0 11
22	1,000	Potassii chloratis et boracis gr. 5 ..	0 11	0 8	0 6	75	doz.	Pilocarpine nitrate gr. $\frac{1}{10}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	1 2
105	1,000	Potassii chlor. et bor. et cocain. (gr. $\frac{1}{250}$) D.D.	2 0	1 3	0 10	81	doz.	Pilocarpine nitrate gr. $\frac{1}{4}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	1 2
87	1,000	Quinine ammon. M30	1 10	1 1	0 9	81	doz.	Pilocarpine nitrate gr. $\frac{1}{8}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	1 2
136	1,000	Quinine ammon. 3j.	2 6	1 6	1 0	75	doz.	Quinine hydrobrom. gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	tube	1 1
168	1,000	Quinine ammon. et cinnam. 3j. ..	2 11	1 8	1 1	57	doz.	Strophanthin $\frac{1}{100}$ - $\frac{1}{500}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	0 11
102	1,000	Quinine bisul. gr. 1	2 3	1 4	0 11	57	doz.	Strychnine hydrochloride gr. $\frac{1}{50}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	0 11
210	1,000	Quinine bisul. gr. 2	3 8	2 1	1 3	57	doz.	Strychnine hydrochloride gr. $\frac{1}{30}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	0 11
147	500	Quinine bisul. gr. 3	5 0	2 9	1 7	57	doz.	Strychnine sulphate gr. $\frac{1}{100}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	0 11
231	500	Quinine bisul. gr. 5	7 4	4 0	2 3	57	doz.	Strychnine sulphate gr. $\frac{1}{30}$.. S.I. (6)	tube	0 11
300	500	Quinine ethyl carb. gr. 5	9 6	5 3	2 10					
120	1,000	Quinine hydrobrom. gr. 1	2 6	1 6	1 0					
246	1,000	Quinine hydrobrom. gr. 2	4 3	2 4	1 5					
246	1,000	Quinine hydroch. gr. 2	4 3	2 4	1 5					
174	500	Quinine hydroch. gr. 3	5 9	3 1	1 9					
278	500	Quinine hydroch. gr. 5	8 9	4 7	2 6					
264	1,000	Quinine salicyl. gr. 2	4 7	2 6	1 6					
293	500	Quinine salicyl. gr. 5	8 2	4 3	2 6					
87	1,000	Rhei (3) et sod. bic. (2)	1 11	1 2	0 9	168	1,000	Cerebrin (1-7) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	2 10	1 8
75	1,000	Rhei (3) zingib. (½) sod. bic. (1½) ..	1 8	1 1	0 9	240	1,000	Corpus luteum (1-5) gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	4 0	2 3
84	1,000	Rhei pil. co. gr. 4	1 9	1 1	0 9	480	1,000	Corpus luteum (1-5) gr. 1	7 5	4 0
57	1,000	Rhei pulv. co. gr. 5	1 6	0 11	0 7	168	1,000	Didymin (1-7) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	2 10	1 8
48	1,000	Saccharini 550 gr. 0.3 (500-200-100) ..	3 3	1 7	1 0	270	1,000	Duodenin (1-7) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	4 5	2 5
270	1,000	Salicin gr. 5	4 5	2 6	1 5	210	1,000	Lymphatic (1-7) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	3 6	2 0
87	1,000	Salol gr. 5	1 9	1 2	0 9	168	1,000	Mammary (1-8) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	2 10	1 9
46.6	100	Santonini gr. 1	—	—	2 0	228	1,000	Ovarian (1-6) gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	3 9	2 0
46.6	100	Santonini co. B.P.C.	—	—	2 0	392	1,000	Parathyroid (1-10) gr. $\frac{1}{20}$	5 10	3 2
60	250	Santonini (½) et hyd. subchl. (½) ..	—	—	1 2	555	1,000	Parathyroid (1-10) gr. $\frac{1}{10}$	8 9	4 7
13	1,000	Soda-mint gr. 5	0 9	0 7	0 5	246	1,000	Parathyroid gr. $\frac{1}{30}$, calc. lact. gr. 5 ..	4 1	2 3
24	1,000	Sodii bicarbonatis gr. 5	0 9	0 7	0 6	444	1,000	Pituitary (whole) (1-5) gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ P.I. (13)	7 0	3 8
32	1,000	Sodii citratis gr. 2	1 1	0 9	0 7	840	1,000	Pituitary (whole) (1-5) gr. 1 P.I. (13)	12 6	6 9
63	1,000	Sodii citratis gr. 5	1 6	1 1	0 9	690	1,000	Pituitary ant. (1-5) gr. 1 P.I. (13)	10 6	5 5
108	1,000	Sodii phosph. ac. (5) hexamin. (5) ..	2 0	1 3	0 10	600	1,000	Pituitary post. (1-6) gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ P.I. (13)	9 3	4 10
159	500	Sulphonat. gr. 5 R only	5 0	2 8	1 6	240	1,000	Placenta (1-6) gr. 1	4 0	2 3
51	1,000	Sulph. præcip. (5) et pot. bitart. (1) ..	1 5	1 0	0 8	228	1,000	Prostate (1-6) gr. 1	3 9	2 0
84	1,000	Syr. Eastoni M30 S.I. (6)	1 9	1 1	0 9	240	1,000	Spleen (1-5) gr. 1	4 0	2 3
132	1,000	Syr. Eastoni 3j. S.I. (6)	2 5	1 5	0 11	270	1,000	Suprarenal (1-5) gr. 1	4 7	2 6
162	1,000	Syr. glyceroph. co. M30 P.I. (13)	2 11	1 9	1 1	261	1,000	Thymus (1-6) gr. 1	4 3	2 4
180	1,000	Syr. hypoph. co. 3j. .. P.I. (13)	2 3	1 4	0 10	39	1,000	Thyroid gr. $\frac{1}{10}$ P.I. (13)	1 1	0 9
192	1,000	Theobrom. et sod. sal. gr. 5	3 5	1 11	1 2	39	1,000	Thyroid gr. $\frac{1}{4}$ P.I. (13)	1 1	0 9
108	100	Theophyllin-sod. acet. gr. 4	—	8 4	4 3	48	1,000	Thyroid gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ P.I. (13)	1 4	0 11
111	500	"Three bromides"	2 3	1 4	0 10	63	1,000	Thyroid gr. 1 P.I. (13)	1 6	1 0
143	1,000	"Three syrups" P.I. (13)	2 8	1 7	1 0	105	1,000	Thyroid gr. 2 P.I. (13)	2 0	1 3
309	1,000	"Three valerianates"	5 0	2 8	1 6	141	1,000	Thyroid gr. 3 P.I. (13)	2 8	1 7
73	100	Trypsogen	per	doz.	1 4	216	1,000	Thyroid gr. 5 P.I. (13)	3 8	2 0

Cost		ORGANOTHERAPEUTIC TABLETS	Selling Price (in containers)		
d.	per		100 s. d.	50 s. d.	25 s. d.
The figures in brackets indicate the approximate equivalence of desiccated and fresh material.					
8	1,000	Cerebrinin (1-7) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	2 10	1 8	1 1
40	1,000	Corpus luteum (1-5) gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	4 0	2 3	1 3
0	1,000	Corpus luteum (1-5) gr. 1	7 5	4 0	2 2
8	1,000	Didymin (1-7) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	2 10	1 8	1 1
0	1,000	Duodenin (1-7) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	4 5	2 5	1 4
0	1,000	Lymphatic (1-7) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	3 6	2 0	1 1
8	1,000	Mammary (1-8) gr. $\frac{3}{4}$	2 10	1 9	1 1
8	1,000	Ovarian (1-6) gr. $\frac{1}{2}$	3 9	2 0	1 2
2	1,000	Parathyroid (1-10) gr. $\frac{1}{20}$	5 10	3 2	1 9
5	1,000	Parathyroid (1-10) gr. $\frac{1}{10}$	8 9	4 7	2 5
6	1,000	Parathyroid gr. $\frac{1}{30}$, calc. lact. gr. 5 ..	4 1	2 3	1 4
4	1,000	Pituitary (whole) (1-5) gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ P.I. (13)	7 0	3 8	2 0
4	1,000	Pituitary (whole) (1-5) gr. 1 P.I. (13)	12 6	6 9	3 5
0	1,000	Pituitary ant. (1-5) gr. 1 P.I. (13)	10 6	5 5	2 10
0	1,000	Pituitary post. (1-6) gr. $\frac{1}{12}$ P.I. (13)	9 3	4 10	2 6
0	1,000	Placenta (1-6) gr. 1	4 0	2 3	1 2
8	1,000	Prostate (1-6) gr. 1	3 9	2 0	1 2
0	1,000	Spleen (1-5) gr. 1	4 0	2 3	1 2
0	1,000	Suprarenal (1-5) gr. 1	4 7	2 6	1 4
1	1,000	Thymus (1-6) gr. 1	4 3	2 4	1 4
9	1,000	Thyroid gr. $\frac{1}{10}$ P.I. (13)	1 1	0 9	0 6
9	1,000	Thyroid gr. $\frac{1}{4}$ P.I. (13)	1 1	0 9	0 6
8	1,000	Thyroid gr. $\frac{1}{2}$ P.I. (13)	1 4	0 11	0 7
3	1,000	Thyroid gr. 1 P.I. (13)	1 6	1 0	0 7
5	1,000	Thyroid gr. 2 P.I. (13)	2 0	1 3	0 11
1	1,000	Thyroid gr. 3 P.I. (13)	2 8	1 7	1 0
6	1,000	Thyroid gr. 5 P.I. (13)	3 8	2 0	1 2

Cost		Solution Tablets	Selling Price (in containers)			Abridged List	Selling Price						
d.	per		100 s. d.	50 s. d.	25 s. d.		A.&H. s. d.	B.D.H. s. d.	B.W. s. d.	Evans s. d.	Lilly s. d.	Mul- ford s. d.	P.D. s. d.
50	1,000	Alum. et zinci sulph. aa. gr. 15 ..	3 2	1 9	1 1	Hemoplastin, oral .. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	9 6
180	1,000	Alum. et zinci sulphocarb. aa. gr. 30 ..	3 3	1 11	1 2	Immune globulin (human) 2 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	10 3	—
96	1,000	Boracic co. B.P.C. ..	2 0	1 3	0 10	10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	41 2	—
174	1,000	Hyd. perchlor. gr. 8.75 ..	3 3	1 11	1 2	Immunogens, various. . 10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	12 6
309	1,000	Hyd. et pot. iod. gr. 8.75 ..	5 3	2 10	1 8	Kahn standard antigen 10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	22 6
108	1,000	"Mouth-wash, eff." ..	2 0	1 3	0 10	Mening. ant. 10,000 u. 30 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	30 0
57	1,000	Nasal., alk. N.H.I. ..	1 6	1 1	0 9	Mening. multiv.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
66	1,000	Nasal., alk. co. gr. 10 ..	1 8	1 1	0 9	3 c.c. conc. = 10 c.c.	3 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
99	1,000	Nasal., eucal. co. gr. 18 ..	2 0	1 3	0 10	Meningococcus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
111	1,000	Nasal., phenol. co. gr. 15 ..	2 3	1 4	0 11	5 c.c. conc. = 15 c.c.	5 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
160	1,000	Nasal-pharyng. co. N.I.F. ..	3 0	1 9	1 1	Meningococcus .. 10 c.c.	—	3 6	3 6	—	—	—	—
87	1,000	Sodii chloridi gr. 60 ..	1 10	1 2	0 10	Meningococcus .. 20 c.c.	—	7 0	—	—	—	—	—
						Meningococcus .. 25 c.c.	—	—	8 6	—	—	—	—
						Meningococcus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						10 c.c. conc. = 30 c.c.	10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Meningococcus poly. . 30 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	25 6	—
						Meningococcus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						group 1. 10 c.c. = 30	10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Meningococcus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						group 2. 10 c.c. = 30	10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Meningococcus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						20 c.c. conc. = 60 c.c.	—	—	—	—	25 0	—	—
						Mening. diagnost .. 5 c.c.	3 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Moloney test .. 1 c.c.	2 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Normal (horse) .. 10 c.c.	1 6	1 6	1 6	1 6	1 8	1 6	1 8
						Normal (horse) .. 20 c.c.	—	—	—	—	3 3	3 0	—
						Normal (horse) .. 25 c.c.	3 0	3 6	3 0	3 0	—	—	—
						Phylacogens .. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	11 8
						Pneumococ. conc. Type 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						4,000 u.	4 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
						10,000 u.	15 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
						20,000 u.	—	—	30 0	—	—	—	—
						Pneumococ. conc. Type 2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						20,000 u.	—	—	30 0	—	—	—	—
						Pneumococ. Type 1 high	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						potency (unconc.) 25,000 u.	—	—	20 0	—	—	—	—
						Pneumococ. Type 2 high	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						potency (unconc.) 25,000 u.	—	—	20 0	—	—	—	—
						Pneumococ. anti (Felton)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Types 1 and 2 10,000 u.	—	—	30 0	—	—	33 9	33 9
						Pneumococ. anti (Felton)	—	—	—	—	—	65 0	65 0
						Types 1 and 2 20,000 u.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Pneumococ. anti (Felton)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Types 1 & 2 a.a. 10,000 u.,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						50,000 heterophile u. and	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						10,000 neutralising u. .	—	—	—	—	45 0	—	—
						Poliomyelitis serum, anti 5 c.c.	7 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
						20 c.c.	—	—	—	—	45 0	44 0	—
						Puerp. strept. ant. conc. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	15 0	—	—	20 0
						Puerp. strept. ant. conc. 20 c.c.	—	—	—	—	45 0	—	—
						Scarlet fev. strept. ant. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	12 6	—	12 6	12 6
						Scarlet fev. strept. ant. 30 c.c.	—	—	—	32 0	—	32 0	32 0
						2,000 10 c.c. U.S.A. u.	—	5 6	—	—	—	—	—
						4,000 20 c.c. U.S.A. u.	—	10 6	—	—	—	—	—
						4,000 10 c.c. U.S.A. u.	—	12 6	—	—	—	—	—
						8,000 20 c.c. U.S.A. u.	—	24 0	—	—	—	—	—
						Schick test products	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						1 c.c. per set	2 6	—	2 6	2 6	2 8	2 6	—
						5 c.c. per set	8 6	—	8 6	8 6	—	—	—
						10 c.c. per set	—	—	12 6	12 6	—	—	18 0
						Staph. ant. conc. 2,000 u.	10 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
						Staphylococ. conc. .. 10 c.c.	—	—	10 6	—	—	—	—
						Streptococ. erysipelas. 10 c.c.	—	—	3 6	—	—	—	—
						Strept. erysip. serum .. 25 c.c.	—	—	8 6	—	—	—	—
						Strept. erysip. conc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
						1 therap. dose	—	—	—	—	45 0	—	—
						Strept. erysip. ant. .. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	15 0	—	—	—

SEROLOGICAL PRODUCTS

Abridged List	Selling Price						
	A.&H. s. d.	B.D.H. s. d.	B.W. s. d.	Evans s. d.	Lilly s. d.	Mul- ford s. d.	P.D. s. d.
Bacillus coli .. 10 c.c.	—	—	3 6	—	—	—	—
Dick test, diluted toxin and control .. 1 c.c.	—	—	1 6	1 6	—	—	—
Diphtheria ant. conc. .. 500 u.	1 6	—	1 6	—	1 4	1 3	—
Diphtheria ant. conc. 1,000 u.	2 0	—	2 0	2 0	2 2	2 0	2 0
Diphtheria ant. conc. 1,500 u.	—	2 6	—	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria ant. conc. 2,000 u.	3 3	—	3 3	3 3	—	3 6	3 6
Diphtheria ant. conc. 3,000 u.	—	—	—	—	—	5 0	5 0
Diphtheria ant. conc. 4,000 u.	6 0	—	6 0	6 0	6 6	6 0	6 0
Diphtheria ant. conc. 5,000 u.	—	7 6	7 6	7 6	—	—	—
Diphtheria ant. conc. 6,000 u.	8 9	—	8 9	8 9	—	8 9	8 9
Diphtheria ant. conc. 8,000 u.	9 6	9 6	9 6	9 6	10 0	9 6	9 6
Diphtheria ant. conc. 10,000 u.	12 6	11 6	11 6	11 6	11 6	12 0	11 6
Diphtheria ant. conc. 20,000 u.	20 0	—	21 6	21 6	21 6	23 6	21 6
Diphtheria ant. conc. 40,000 u.	—	—	40 0	40 0	—	44 0	—
Diph. proph. A.P.T. 0.5 c.c.	—	—	1 6	2 6	3 0	3 6	3 0
Diph. proph. A.P.T. .. 1 c.c.	3 6	—	2 6	—	—	—	—
Diph. proph. A.P.T. .. 5 c.c.	13 0	—	10 6	16 0	—	20 0	12 6
Diph. proph. A.P.T. (10 immunisations) .. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	12 6	—	—
Diph. proph. A.P.T. .. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	30 0	—	—	—
Diph. proph. F.T. .. 1 c.c.	2 6	—	2 6	2 6	—	—	—
Diph. proph. F.T. 2 × 1 c.c.	—	—	—	—	4 6	—	—
Diph. proph. F.T. .. 30 c.c.	—	—	—	—	21 6	—	—
Diph. toxoid anti (goat) 3 × 1 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	5 0	—
30 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	20 0	—
Diph. proph. T.A.F. .. 1 c.c.	3 0	—	3 0	3 0	—	—	—
Diph. proph. T.A.M. .. 1 c.c.	2 6	—	2 6	2 6	—	—	—
Dysentery .. 20 or 25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	8 6	—
Dysentery .. 4,000 u.	—	3 6	—	—	—	—	—
Dysentery .. 10,000 u.	8 6	8 6	8 6	—	—	—	—
Erysipelas strept. ant. . 10 c.c.	—	—	—	15 0	—	25 0	25 0
Erysipelas strept. ant. 1 therap. dose	—	—	—	—	45 0	—	—
Gas gangrene (perfring.) 4,000 u.	6 6	6 6	6 6	—	—	—	6 6
10,000 u.	15 0	15 0	15 0	—	—	15 0	15 0
Gas gangrene (perfring.) and v. septique .. a.a. 10,000 u.	—	—	—	—	32 0	—	15 0
Gas gangrene (polyvalent) 20 c.c.	—	9 0	—	—	—	—	—
Gonococcus ant. .. 30 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	30 0
Hæmostatic .. 2 c.c.	—	—	—	5 0	—	—	—
Hæmostatic .. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	9 6	12 9	—	—
Hemoplastin .. 2 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	6 0	—

Serological Products—cont.

Abridged List	Selling Price						
	A.&H. s. d.	B.D.H. s. d.	B. W. s. d.	Evans s. d.	Lilly s. d.	Mul- ford s. d.	P.D. s. d.
Strept. polyval. .. 10 c.c.	—	3 6	3 6	3 6	—	—	—
Strept. polyval. .. 20 c.c.	—	—	—	6 6	9 0	8 6	—
Strept. polyval. .. 25 c.c.	—	8 6	8 6	—	—	—	—
Strept. polyval. conc. (3 c.c. = 10 ord.) .. 10 c.c.	3 6	—	—	—	4 10	4 7	4 7
(10 c.c. = 30 ord.) .. 10 c.c.	10 6	—	—	—	—	20 0	20 0
Strept. polyval conc .. 20 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Strept. polyval .. 8 c.c. conc. = 25 c.c.	8 6	—	—	—	—	—	8 6
Strept. polyval. conc. (4 to 5 times as potent) 10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	21 6	—	—
Strept. puerp. serum 3 c.c. = 10 c.c.	3 6	—	3 6	—	—	—	—
8 c.c. 25 c.c.	8 6	—	8 6	—	—	—	—
Strept. puerp. ant. .. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	15 0	—	—	—
Tetanus 1,000 international units ..	1 6	1 9	1 9	1 9	2 2	2 0	2 0
3,000 international units ..	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 10	4 7	4 7
10,000 international units ..	12 0	10 0	—	12 0	12 10	12 0	—
16,000 international units ..	17 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
20,000 units ..	20 0	19 0	20 0	20 0	—	20 0	20 0
30,000 units ..	—	28 6	—	—	—	—	—
40,000 units ..	—	—	—	—	40 0	—	—
Tetanus-Gas-gangrene ant. conc. 1 prophyl. dose ..	—	—	—	—	20 0	18 6	18 6
Thromboplastin .. 20 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	5 3	5 3
Typhoid conc. .. 13 c.c.	10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Typhoid .. 33 c.c.	21 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ulcerat. colit. antistrept. serum .. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	35 0	35 0

Vaccines

	Selling Price						
	A.&H. s. d.	B.D.H. s. d.	B. W. s. d.	Evans s. d.	G.L. diss'd s. d.	Lilly s. d.	Mul- ford s. d.
Acne, mixed (10 mill. acne, 250 mill. staphyl.) 1 c.c.	2 6	—	2 6	3 0	2 6	—	—
Acne, mixed (500 mill. each, acne, etc.) 1 c.c.	2 6	—	2 6	—	2 6	—	—
Acne, mixed (20 mill. acne, 1,000 mill. staphyl.) 1 c.c.	—	—	—	2 6	—	—	3 0
Acne mixed (750 mill. acne, 1,000 mill. staph.) 5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	7 6	—	—
10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	10 9	—	—
25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	17 6	—	—
Acne, mixed (50 mill. acne, 1,000 mill. staphyl., 200 mill. streptoc.) 1 c.c.	—	2 0	—	—	—	—	—
3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—
Acne, mixed (250 mill. acne, 2,000 mill. staphyl., 400 mill. streptoc.) 1 c.c.	—	2 0	—	—	—	—	—
3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—
Acne, mixed (No. 2, 500 mill. acne, 1,000 mill. staphyl., 200 mill. streptoc.) 1 c.c.	—	2 0	—	—	—	—	—
3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—
Catarrh, mixed .. 1 c.c.	2 6	2 0	—	3 0	2 6	—	3 0
3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—
Cholera (various) 2x 1 c.c.	—	3 9	—	—	—	—	—
Cholera (various) .. 1 c.c.	2 6	—	2 6	2 6	2 6	—	3 0
Cold (proph. & treatment) 3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—
5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	7 6	—	—
10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	10 9	—	—
25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	17 6	—	—
Coley's fluid .. 2 c.c.	7 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colon bac, (various) 1 c.c.	—	—	2 6	2 6	2 6	—	3 0
Coryza, mixed (various) ..	—	—	2 6	—	—	—	—
Entoral (oral cold) caps 20	—	—	—	—	—	10 0	—
Entoral (oral cold) caps 60	2 6	2 0	2 6	3 0	2 6	—	3 0
Gonococcus (various) 1 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—
3 c.c.	—	—	—	—	8 6	7 6	—
Gonococcus .. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	15 0	10 9	—
Gonococcus .. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	25 0	17 6	—
Gonococcus .. 25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gonococcus (intra-dermal) 3 c.c.	—	—	—	—	6 8	—	—
Hay fever reaction outfit ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	6 0

Vaccines—(cont.)

Vaccines—(cont.)		A & H	BDH	B.W.	D.F.	Evans	G.L. diss'd	Lilly	Mul- ford	P.D.
		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Influenza (various)	1 c.c.	2 6	2 0	—	3 0	2 6	—	—	—	3 0
Influenza (various)	3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Influenza (mixed)	5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	7 6	—	—	—
Influenza (mixed)	10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	10 9	—	—	—
Influenza (mixed)	25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	17 6	—	—	—
Influenza-pneumonia	..	—	2 6	3 0	—	—	—	—	—	3 0
Meningococcus	.. 1 c.c.	—	—	3 6	2 6	—	—	—	—	3 0
Pertussis (Sauer)	.. 8 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 6	—	—
	24 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	21 0	—	—
Pneumobacillus (Friedlander)	.. 1 c.c.	—	—	—	—	2 6	—	—	—	—
Pneumococcus (various)	..	2 6	—	2 6	3 0	2 6	—	—	—	3 0
Pneumococ. antigen	5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 6	—	—
Pollaccine	.. 1 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3 0
Pollaccine	10 c.c. from 100 to 5,000 u.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16 8
Pollen toxin diagnostic	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 0
P.S.I. (Wynn's Formula)	..	—	—	—	—	2 6	—	—	—	—
Rheumatic	..	—	—	2 6	2 6	2 6	—	—	—	3 0
Sepsis, mixed	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3 0
Serobactins, various	5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	14 6	—	—
Staphyl. (various)	.. 1 c.c.	2 6	—	2 6	2 6	2 6	—	—	—	3 0
Staphyl. (various)	.. 3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Staphylococcus	.. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	7 6	—	—	—
Staphylococcus	.. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	10 9	—	—	—
Staphylococcus	.. 25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	17 6	—	—	—
Staphyl. and strept.	5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	7 6	—	—	—
Staphyl. and strept.	10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	10 9	—	—	—
Staphyl. and strept.	25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	17 6	—	—	—
Streptococcus	.. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	7 6	—	—	—
Streptococcus	.. 10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	10 9	—	—	—
Streptococcus	.. 25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	17 6	—	—	—
Staphyl. vaccoid set of 8 graduated doses	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22 6
10 c.c. strong	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25 0
10 c.c. weak	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16 8
Staphyl. toxoid	.. 5 c.c.	10 0	—	—	—	—	—	6 6	—	—
Strept. polyval.	.. 1 c.c.	2 6	2 0	2 6	2 6	2 6	—	—	—	3 0
Strept. polyval.	.. 3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Strept. rheum.	.. 1 c.c.	2 6	—	—	—	2 6	—	—	—	—
Topagene whooping-cough antigen	.. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 6	—	—
Typhoid & paratyph.	2x 1 c.c.	—	3 9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Typhoid & paratyph.	5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	7 6	—	—	—
Typhoid & paratyph.	10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	10 9	—	—	—
Typhoid & paratyph.	25 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	17 6	—	—	—
Typhoid (various)	..	—	—	2 6	2 6	2 6	—	—	—	3 0
Typhoid & paratyph.	..	2 6	—	2 6	2 6	2 6	—	—	—	3 0
Typhoid & paratyph. oral caps 3	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	5 0	—	—
Typhoid, paratyph. and cholera	..	2 6	—	2 6	—	—	—	—	—	3 0
Undenatured bacterial antigens	.. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 6	—	—
	20 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	—	30 0	—	—
Vacagen (oral cold)	20s	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 6	—
Whooping cough (pertussis)	1 c.c.	—	2 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3 c.c.	—	4 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10 c.c.	—	13 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	25 c.c.	—	21 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Whooping cough, prophyl. and treatment)	.. 5 c.c.	—	—	—	3 0	2 6	—	—	—	3 0
	10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	10 9	—	—	—
	15 c.c.	—	—	12 6	—	—	15 6	—	—	—
	10 c.c.	—	—	—	—	—	25 0	—	—	—
Whooping cough, treatment	..	—	—	—	2 6	2 6	—	—	—	3 0

Tuberculins

	Selling Price			
	B. W. s. d.	D. F. s. d.	Evans s. d.	P. D. s. d.
Undiluted Tuberculins Exotoxic				
Old tuberculin, human (T), 1 c.c. ..	1 6	2 3	1 6	—
Old tuberculin, human (T), 5 c.c. ..	6 0	7 6	6 0	—
Old tuberculin, bovine (P.T.) 1 c.c. ..	1 6	2 3	1 6	—
Old tuberculin, bovine (P.T.), 5 c.c. ..	6 6	7 6	6 0	—
Tuberculin bouillon filtrate human (T.O.A.) .. 1 c.c.	1 6	—	—	—
(T.O.A.) .. 5 c.c.	6 0	—	—	—
(P.T.O.) .. 1 c.c.	1 6	—	—	—
(P.T.O.) .. 5 c.c.	6 6	—	—	—
Tuberculin Dilutions				
Old tuberculin (T. or P.T.) and tuberculin bouillon filtrate (T.O.A. or P.T.O.) dilution up to 0.4 c.c. in 1 c.c. ..	—	1 3	1 0	—
dilution 0.5 c.c.-0.7 c.c. in 1 c.c. ..	—	1 3	1 3	—
dilution 0.8 c.c. & 0.9 c.c. in 1 c.c. ..	—	1 3	1 6	—
Old tuberculin (T) dilutions up to and including 0.1 in 1 c.c. ..	2 0	—	—	—

Tuberculins—cont.				Selling Price				SURGICAL DRESSINGS, etc.		Selling Price	
				B. W.	D. F.	Evans	P. D.	Cost			
				s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	d.	per	per	s. d.
Diagnostic											
Tuberculin (Mantoux tests) 100				—	—	7 6	—				
Tuberculin (Mantoux tests) 10				—	—	1 9	—				
Tuberculin (Mantoux tests) .. 10 c.c.				—	—	—	7 6	19	doz.		
Tuber. von Pirquet (T. P. T., and control), per set				—	1 6	1 9	—	20	doz.		
Tuberculin von Pirquet, 25% sol.				—	1 6	1 3	—	24	doz.		
Tuber. human (von Pirquet reaction) carton				4 0	—	—	4 0				
Tuberculin (vet. diagnosis) 4 c.c.				1 0	—	1 0	—	15	doz.		
Tuberculin (vet. diagnosis) 5 c.c.				—	1 6	—	—	18	doz.		
Tuberculin (vet. diagnosis) 25 c.c.				—	—	4 0	—	21	doz.		
Tuberculin (vet. diagnosis) 30 c.c.				5 0	—	—	—				
Tuberculin (vet. ophthalmic and intradermic reactions) 1 c.c.				1 6	—	1 6	—	68	doz.		
5 c.c.				6 6	—	5 0	—	72	doz.		
Tuberculin P.P.D. tablets								85	doz.		
10 tests, 1st strength				—	—	—	4 3	120	doz.		
10 tests, 2nd strength				—	—	—	4 3	138	doz.		
20 tests each, 1st and 2nd strength				—	—	—	12 6				
Veterinary Serums and Vaccines											
				Selling Price							
				B. D. H.	B. W.	Evans	P. D.				
				s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.				
Serums :											
Anti-leptospira (canine) .. 10 c.c.				—	3 6	—	—	87	doz.		
Lamb dysentery .. 100 c.c.				—	18 0	18 0	—	150	doz.		
Streptococcus (equine) .. 30 c.c.				—	—	—	8 0				
Swine erysipelas .. 10 c.c.				—	1 0	1 0	—	225	doz.		
Swine erysipelas .. 50 c.c.				3 6	—	—	—	277	doz.		
Swine erysipelas .. 100 c.c.				—	6 0	6 0	—	277	doz.		
Swine erysipelas .. 250 c.c.				15 0	—	—	—	328	doz.		
Swine fever .. 50 c.c.				5 6	—	—	—	300	doz.		
Swine fever .. 250 c.c.				25 0	—	—	—	336	doz.		
Tetanus .. 1,000 units				—	—	1 6	—	336	doz.		
Tetanus .. 2,000 units				2 6	2 6	—	—	432	doz.		
Tetanus .. 3,000 units				—	—	3 3	—	432	doz.		
Tetanus .. 6,000 units				—	5 0	5 0	—	480	doz.		
Tetanus .. 10,000 units				9 6	—	8 0	—	540	doz.		
Tetanus .. 20,000 units				16 0	—	15 0	—	636	doz.		
Tetanus (vet.) American .. 3,000 units				—	5 0	—	6 0	21	doz.		
Tetanus (vet.) .. 5,000 units				—	—	—	9 6	23	doz.		
Tetanus (vet.) .. 10,000 units				—	—	—	16 0	27	doz.		
Tetanus Prophylactic .. 10 c.c.				—	2 6	—	—				
100 c.c.				—	20 0	—	—	49	gross		
White scour (bovine) .. 10 c.c.				—	—	4 6	4 0	81	gross		
Vaccines :								104	gross		
Bacillus abortus (killed), 15 c.c.				—	—	4 6	—	126	gross		
Bacillus abortus (killed), 30 c.c.				—	7 6	7 6	—	150	gross		
Bacillus abortus (living), 25 c.c.				—	7 6	—	—	276	gross		
Bacillus abortus (living), 20 c.c.				—	—	3 6	—	408	gross		
Blackleg pilules or cords single, 10 doses				—	—	6 0	—				
Blackleg, whole culture 25 c.c.				—	—	3 9	—	105	doz.		
Blackleg, whole culture 50 c.c.				—	—	7 0	—	128	doz.		
Braxy prophylactic 50 c.c.				7 0	7 3	7 0	—	54	doz.		
Braxy prophylactic 250 c.c.				21 0	22 8	21 0	—	69	doz.		
Leptospiro (canine) 1 c.c.				—	2 6	—	—	84	doz.		
Leptospiro (canine) 10 c.c.				—	15 0	—	—				
Lamb dysentery prophylactic 50 c.c.				7 6	7 3	7 0	—	138	gross		
Lamb dysentery prophylactic 250 c.c.				22 6	22 8	20 0	—	177	gross		
Mastitis 10 c.c.				—	—	5 0	—	210	gross		
Mastitis 25 c.c.				—	—	8 6	—				
Roup 10 c.c.				—	—	2 6	—	36	each		
Roup 25 c.c.				—	—	4 6	—	40	each		
Swine erysipelas (living) 5 c.c.				1 0	0 10	1 0	—	8	each		
Swine erysipelas (living) 25 c.c.				3 6	3 4	3 6	—	36	doz.		
Bandages (completely wrapped) :											
Calico, bleached : M.O.H.											
2 in. × 4 yd.											
each											
2½ in. × 4 yd.											
each											
3 in. × 4 yd.											
each											
Calico, unbleached : M.O.H.											
2 in. × 4 yd.											
each											
2½ in. × 4 yd.											
each											
3 in. × 4 yd.											
each											
Crepe, cream or flesh : M.O.H.											
2 in.											
each											
2½ in.											
each											
3 in.											
each											
3½ in.											
each											
4 in.											
each											
Domette : M.O.H.											
2 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
2½ in. × 6 yd.											
each											
3 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
Elastic web : M.O.H.											
2 in.											
yd.											
2½ in.											
yd.											
3 in.											
yd.											
Flannel (wool) : M.O.H.											
2½ in. × 4 yd.											
each											
3 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
Indiarubber : M.O.H.											
3 ft. × 2½ in., plain											
each											
3 ft. × 2½ in., perforated											
each											
3 ft. × 3 in., plain											
each											
3 ft. × 3 in., perforated											
each											
5 ft. × 2½ in., plain											
each											
5 ft. × 2½ in., perforated											
each											
5 ft. × 3 in., plain											
each											
5 ft. × 3 in., perforated											
each											
7½ ft. × 2½ in., plain											
each											
7½ ft. × 2½ in., perforated											
each											
7½ ft. × 3 in., plain											
each											
7½ ft. × 3 in., perforated											
each											
Muslin, bleached : M.O.H.											
2½ in. × 6 yd.											
each											
3 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
4 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
Open weave, white (water dressing) : M.O.H.											
1 in. × 3 yd.											
each											
1½ in. × 4 yd.											
each											
2 in. × 4 yd.											
each											
2½ in. × 4 yd.											
each											
3 in. × 4 yd.											
each											
4 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
6 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
Plaster of Paris : M.O.H.											
3 in. × 4 yd.											
each											
4 in. × 4 yd.											
each											
Ambulance, fast edge :											
2 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
2½ in. × 6 yd.											
each											
3 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
Ambulance, loose edge :											
2 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
2½ in. × 6 yd.											
each											
3 in. × 6 yd.											
each											
Binders, twill :											
12 in. × 54 in.											
each											
18 in. × 54 in.											
each											
Suspensory, cotton, best											
each											
Triangular, plain											
each											

Surgical Dressings, etc.—cont.					Cost		Selling Price		Selling Price	
Cost							d.	per	per	s. d.
d.	per				per	s. d.				
Cotton Wools :										
15	doz.	Medium (M.O.H.), 1 oz.	pkt.	0 3	80	doz.	Iodoform, 3 yd.	each	0 11	
25	doz.	Medium (M.O.H.), 2 oz.	pkt.	0 4	18	doz.	Picric, ½ yd.	each	0 3	
44	doz.	Medium (M.O.H.), 4 oz.	pkt.	0 6	32	doz.	Picric, 1 yd.	each	0 5	
74	doz.	Medium (M.O.H.), 8 oz.	pkt.	0 10	86	doz.	Picric, 3 yd.	each	1 0	
133	doz.	Medium (M.O.H.), 16 oz.	pkt.	1 6	12	doz.	Salalembroth, ½ yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 2	
23	doz.	Superfine, cartons, 1 oz.	pkt.	0 3	21	doz.	Salalembroth, 1 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 3	
66	doz.	Superfine, cartons, 4 oz.	pkt.	0 9	50	doz.	Salalembroth, 3 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 8	
117	doz.	Superfine, cartons, 8 oz.	pkt.	1 3	12	doz.	Sublimate, ½ yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 2	
216	doz.	Superfine, cartons, 16 oz.	pkt.	2 3	21	doz.	Sublimate, 1 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 3	
21	doz.	Boric, 1 oz.	pkt.	0 3	48	doz.	Sublimate, 3 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 7	
72	doz.	Boric, 4 oz.	pkt.	0 9	66	doz.	Gauze tissue, M.O.H.			
252	doz.	Boric, 16 oz.	pkt.	2 8	192	doz.	4 oz.	pkt.	0 10	
							16 oz.	pkt.	2 3	
Dressings :										
7	lb.	Tow	per lb.	1 2						
9	lb.	Tow, carbolised	per lb.	1 4						
First-Aid Cases (refills) :										
6	doz.	Finger dressings	doz.	0 10	20	doz.	Plain, 1 oz.	each	0 3	
9	doz.	Hand dressings	doz.	1 4	34	doz.	Plain, 2 oz.	each	0 5	
14	doz.	Body dressings	doz.	2 0	64	doz.	Plain, 4 oz.	each	0 9	
8	doz.	Burn dressings, finger	doz.	1 2	120	doz.	Plain, 8 oz.	each	1 6	
10	doz.	Burn dressings, medium	doz.	1 6	228	doz.	Plain, 16 oz.	each	2 5	
14	doz.	Burn dressings, large	doz.	1 10	15	doz.	Boric, 1 oz.	each	0 3	
10	doz.	Cotton wool (¼ oz.)	doz.	1 6	26	doz.	Boric, 2 oz.	each	0 4	
13	doz.	Cotton wool (½ oz.)	doz.	1 8	48	doz.	Boric, 4 oz.	each	0 7	
15	doz.	Eye pad	doz.	3 6	90	doz.	Boric, 8 oz.	each	1 0	
8	lb.	Cellulose wadding	lb.	1 0	167	doz.	Boric, 16 oz.	each	1 9	
11	lb.	Cellulose tissue	lb.	1 7						
24	each	Elastic adhesive bandage 2½ in.	each	2 10	42	doz.	Gutta percha, 12 × 12 in.	each	0 6	
30	each	Elastic adhesive bandage 3 in.	each	3 6	252	doz.	Gutta percha, 36 × 36 in.	each	3 0	
22	each	Elastic adhesive bandage N.H.I. 2½ in.	each	2 6	36	doz.	Jaconet, 12 × 12 in.	each	0 6	
26	each	Elastic adhesive bandage N.H.I. 3 in.	each	3 0	192	doz.	Jaconet, 36 × 36 in.	each	3 6	
14	each	Zinc Paste bandage, 3½ in. × 6 yds.	each	1 9	70	doz.	Oiled silk, 12 × 18 in.	each	1 6	
					360	doz.	Oiled silk, 36 × 36 in.	each	5 6	
					39	doz.	Oiled cambric, 12 × 12 in.	each	0 6	
					288	doz.	Oiled cambric, 36 × 36 in.	each	3 6	
Emp. adhesiv., spools :										
16	doz.	½ in. × 1 yd.	each	0 3						
72	doz.	½ in. × 5 yd.	each	0 10						
114	doz.	½ in. × 10 yd.	each	1 6	7	each	Catheters, gum-elastic	each	1 0	
24	doz.	1 in. × 1 yd.	each	0 4	7	each	Catheters, soft rubber (Jaques) up to size 12	each	1 0	
102	doz.	1 in. × 5 yd.	each	1 4	9	each	Catheters, soft rubber (Jaques) over size 12	each	1 3	
180	doz.	1 in. × 10 yd.	each	2 3	264	doz.	Ice bags, check, circular, 9 in.	each	2 9	
162	doz.	2 in. × 5 yd.	each	2 4	278	doz.	Ice bags, black rubber 9 in.	each	3 0	
Gauzes :										
(M.O.H., sealed packets)										
12	doz.	Absorbent, sterilised, ½ yd.	each	0 2						
18	doz.	Absorbent, sterilised, 1 yd.	each	0 3						
41	doz.	Absorbent, sterilised, 3 yd.	each	0 6						
9	doz.	Absorbent plain, ½ yd.	each	0 2						
17	doz.	Absorbent, plain, 1 yd.	each	0 3						
40	doz.	Absorbent, plain, 3 yd.	each	0 5						
12	doz.	Boric, ½ yd.	each	0 2						
18	doz.	Boric, 1 yd.	each	0 3						
48	doz.	Boric, 3 yd.	each	0 8						
14	doz.	Carbolic, ½ yd.	each	0 2						
23	doz.	Carbolic, 1 yd.	each	0 4						
54	doz.	Carbolic, 3 yd.	each	0 8						
12	doz.	Double cyanide, ½ yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 2						
21	doz.	Double cyanide, 1 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 3						
50	doz.	Double cyanide, 3 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 7						
20	doz.	Iodoform, ½ yd.	each	0 3						
32	doz.	Iodoform, 1 yd.	each	0 5						

Cost		Selling Price		Selling Price	
d.	per	per	s. d.	per	s. d.
Gauzes—cont.					
(M.O.H., sealed packets)—cont.					
80	doz.	Iodoform, 3 yd.	each	0 11	
18	doz.	Picric, ½ yd.	each	0 3	
32	doz.	Picric, 1 yd.	each	0 5	
86	doz.	Picric, 3 yd.	each	1 0	
0 10	doz.	Salalembroth, ½ yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 2	
21	doz.	Salalembroth, 1 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 3	
50	doz.	Salalembroth, 3 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 8	
12	doz.	Sublimate, ½ yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 2	
21	doz.	Sublimate, 1 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 3	
48	doz.	Sublimate, 3 yd. P.I. (9)	each	0 7	
66	doz.	Gauze tissue, M.O.H.			
192	doz.	4 oz.	pkt.	0 10	
		16 oz.	pkt.	2 3	
Lints :					
(M.O.H., sealed packets)					
20	doz.	Plain, 1 oz.	each	0 3	
34	doz.	Plain, 2 oz.	each	0 5	
64	doz.	Plain, 4 oz.	each	0 9	
120	doz.	Plain, 8 oz.	each	1 6	
228	doz.	Plain, 16 oz.	each	2 5	
15	doz.	Boric, 1 oz.	each	0 3	
26	doz.	Boric, 2 oz.	each	0 4	
48	doz.	Boric, 4 oz.	each	0 7	
90	doz.	Boric, 8 oz.	each	1 0	
167	doz.	Boric, 16 oz.	each	1 9	
Protectives (M.O.H.) :					
42	doz.	Gutta percha, 12 × 12 in.	each	0 6	
252	doz.	Gutta percha, 36 × 36 in.	each	3 0	
36	doz.	Jaconet, 12 × 12 in.	each	0 6	
192	doz.	Jaconet, 36 × 36 in.	each	3 6	
70	doz.	Oiled silk, 12 × 18 in.	each	1 6	
360	doz.	Oiled silk, 36 × 36 in.	each	5 6	
39	doz.	Oiled cambric, 12 × 12 in.	each	0 6	
288	doz.	Oiled cambric, 36 × 36 in.	each	3 6	
Sundries :					
	each	Catheters, gum-elastic	each	1 0	
	each	Catheters, soft rubber (Jaques) up to size 12	each	1 0	
	each	Catheters, soft rubber (Jaques) over size 12	each	1 3	
264	doz.	Ice bags, check, circular, 9 in.	each	2 9	
278	doz.	Ice bags, black rubber 9 in.	each	3 0	

Cost		Selling Price		Selling Price	
d.	per	per	s. d.	per	s. d.
CONTENTS					
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS - - - - - 3					
AMPOULES - - - - - 26					
CAPSULES - - - - - 26					
TABLETS - - - - - 27					
HYPODERMIC TABLETS - - - - - 28					
ORGANOTHERAPEUTIC TABLETS - - - - - 28					
SOLUTION TABLETS - - - - - 29					
SEROLOGICAL PRODUCTS - - - - - 29					
VACCINES AND TUBERCULINS - - - - - 30					
VETERINARY SERUMS AND VACCINES - - - - - 31					
SURGICAL DRESSINGS AND APPLIANCES - - - - - 31					

